IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

THE

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"

IS

THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER

IN ASIA.

THE Bombay Gazette

No. 56,056.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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THE OFFICES OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" are now situate IN HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.

Where all communications must be Addressed.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA

Date of Sailing 8-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913				
13th Sept.	INDIA	8000	MACEDONIA...	10500
20th "	ARCADIA ...	7000	......	...
27th "	SALSETTE ...	6000	MALWA	11000
4th Oct.	EGYPT ..	8000	....	...
11th "	SALSETTE ..	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
18th "	PERSIA	8000	......	..
25th "	SALSETTE...	6000	MOREA.........	11000

All the above Steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p.m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1914.

21st Feb.	CALEDONIA ..	8000	......	...
28th "	MALOJA	12500	...	...
7th Mar	PERSIA ...	8000	......	...
14th "	SALSETTE ...	6000	MARMORA	10500
21st "	MACEDONIA	10500	...	...
28th "	SALSETTE....	6000	MOLDAVIA ...	10000
*1st Apl.	HIMALAYA...	7000	......	...
4th "	ARABIA	8000	... ..	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
18th "	MANTUA	11000	....	...
25th "	SALSETTE ...	6000	MONGOLIA.....	10000
2nd May	CALEDONIA...	8000	......	...
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
16th "	PERSIA	8000	......	...

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "HIMALAYA," 7,000 tons will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1914, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE.		RETURN.	
	"A" rate.	"B" rate.	"A" rate.	"B" rate.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
To MARSEILLES.	591 or	495	891 or	742-8
" LONDON	627 or	528	940-8 or	792

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Bombay. Superintendent.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES

(JOINT SERVICE.)

SPRING SAILINGS, 1914.

TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay about	Leave Karachi about
City of Poona A & C	7467	21st Jan.	...
City of Benares A & C......	6973*	12th Feb	10th Feb
City of Marseilles A & C....	8800*	23rd Feb.	21st Feb
City of Birmingham A&C.	7475*	12th Mar	10th Mar
Trafford Hall A	5321	21st Mar.	...
City of Paris A & C.........	9200*	13th April	11th Apr
New Twin Screw Steamer A & C	9000	.....	22nd Apr
City of Lahore A & C ..	6875	.....	29th Apr
City of Marseilles A & C ..	8800*	27th May	25th May

* Calling at Bombay for passengers only

Excepting the Trafford Hall all other steamers carry 1st and 2nd Class Passengers.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles ..	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles..	653	1,091	439	809
Liverpool ..	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool..	..	999	..	737

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A and C Class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A and C Class steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The fares advertised include Free passage by the B I Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice versa.

Through booking in connection with Norddeutsche Lloyd and Cunard Line.

Most of the above steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

For passages and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay:—Messrs. Edward Bates & Sons Agency.

KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,

Karachi Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FROM NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
TURNER MORRISON & CO.,
Agents

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing Date	Time	Route via.
Linga	2,185	Friday 12th Sept.	‡ 6 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa	2,184	Mon. 15th Sept.	11 a.m.	* P.D.&C.M.
Dwarka	1,695	Thurs. 18th Sept.	9 a.m.	† C.M.

‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

* Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

† Cutch Mandvi.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S.S. "Dwarka," 1,695 tons, on Thursday 18th September, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Weekly).

S.S. "Baroda," 3,172 tons, on Thursday the 18th September, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.		Sailing on
†Purnea	3306	Thursday	18th Sept.
*Pentakota	3418	"	2nd Oct.
†Pundua	3305	"	16th Oct.
*Palamcotta	3413	"	30th "

†Calls at Lamoo, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, Bombay.
11th September, 1913.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ....Rs	1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP .... "	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND .... "	5,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP	£400,000
RESERVE	£50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS RD., LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Muree, and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.

ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.

INSURANCE of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly-Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

SHIPPING.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD S. N. CO.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on 1913.
Gablonz......	8000..	G. Gilhuber	1st Oct.
Habsburg....	3979..	E. Seberich	16th Oct.
Marienbad..	8000..	B. Bednarz	1st Nov.
Cleopatra ...	4039	.. ..	16th Nov.
Gablonz.. .	8000..	G. Gilhuber	1st Dec.
Habsburg ...	3979..	E. Seberich	16th Dec.
Marienbad	8000..	B. Bednarz	1st Jan. '14.
Cleopatra ...	4039..	....	16th Jan "
Semiramis ..	3999..	P. Pavissich	1st Feb. "

Homeward Passenger Season 1914.

(ACCELERATED SERVICE.)

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Gablonz........	8000	G. Gilhuber ...	10th Feb.
*Habsburg ...	3979	E. Seberich ...	16th Feb.
Cleopatra	4039	......	1st Mar.
Marienbad ...	8000	B. Bednarz ..	10th Mar.
*Semiramis ...	3999	P. Pavissich ...	16th Mar.
Gablonz	8000	G. Gilhuber ...	1st April.
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich ...	10th April
*Cleopatra ...	4039	...	16th April
Marienbad......	8000	B. Bednarz ...	1st May.
Semiramis	3999	P. Pavissich...	10th May.
*Gablonz	8000	G. Gilhuber...	16th May.
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich...	1st June.

* Call at Karachi on the 18th and leave on the 20th.

ORDINARY SERVICE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about 1913.
Nippon	6350	M. Franovich	28th Dec.
			1914.
Fr. Ferdinand	6016	A. Leva	...28th Jan.
China	6017	E. Tarabochia	26th Feb.
Vorwaerts	5990	S. Cliunak	...28th Mar.
Austria	7588	D. Cosulich	... 1st May.
Nippon	6350	N. Giurovich	30th May.
Persia	5845	G. Bartole	...30th June.
Fr. Ferdinand.	6016	A. Leva	... 1st Aug.

All the above steamers are fitted with

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

SPECIALLY REDUCED FARES ACCELERATED LINE.

SALOON CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice	Rs.	500
" Trieste or Venice and back ..		750
" London via Trieste ..	Rs.	579 to 644*
" London via Trieste and back	"	908 to.. 1038*

INTERMEDIATE CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice ..	Rs.	350
" Trieste or Venice and back	"	525
" London via Trieste ..	"	429 to 449†
" London via Trieste and back	"	682 to 722†

*Fares according to class of Railway.

†Fares according to route on Railways.

ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS.

To Trieste or Venice ..	Rs.	450
" Trieste or Venice and back	"	675
" London via Trieste ..	"	529 to 594†
To London via Trieste and back		833 to 963†

† Fares according to Route and Class on Railways.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS.

ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and return tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gothards, Tauren, and other routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Marittima Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by Austrian Lloyd from Trieste to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Tons	Captain.	To sail about
Nippon....	6350	M. Franovich	7th Oct. 1913

For further particulars regarding passages apply to—

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S.N. Co.
52, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	"	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS........	"	18,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antang-Hsien	Fangtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Pekin
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Lioyaang	Tilling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria)

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of EXCHANGE and BANKING business transacted.

S. UJIYE,
Sub-Manager
Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:

4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.

BRANCHES AT

Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..........	£1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 400,000
RESERVE FUND...............	£ 15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)

EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).

JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown, Shipley & Co.)

J. C. GEORGE BOUILLAT, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)

J. S. HASKELL, Esq. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)

G. BROMLEY-MARTIN, Esq. (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

BOMBAY COMMITTEE:

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart.

E. J. MOSES, Esq.

SORABJI COWASJI PETIT, Esq.

MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Churchgate Street and Hornby Road.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 4½ per cent. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS at 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES AND SALES of British and Foreign securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Acting Manager.

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK.

Capital authorised	Rbls	55,000,000
Do. subscribed	"	45,000,000
		=say £4,745,000
" subscribed by the Imperial Chinese Govt. Kouping Taels		3,500,000
		=say £ 455,000
Reserve Funds	Rbls.	23,300,000
		=say £2,455,000
		7,655,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ST. PETERSBURG.

LONDON OFFICE:—64, Old Broad Street, London, E. C.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Askabad	Hankow	Paris
Bakou	Harbin	Peking
Batoum	Hongkong	Samarkand
Bokara	Karachi	Shanghai
Bombay	London	Tientsin
Calcutta	Moscow	Vladivostock
Chefoo	Newchang	Yokohama
Colombo	Odessa	

And numerous other branches throughout Russia and Siberia

Current Accounts and interest allowed thereon at 2½ per cent. per annum on balances up to 1 lac; above that by special arrangement. Fixed deposits received on terms to be ascertained on application. Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans granted on approved security, and all descriptions of Banking business transacted.

G. E. ADAMSON,
Manager

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL......	Rs.	50,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs.	10,00,000
RESERVE FUND	"	32,500

HEAD OFFICE.

7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES and AGENCIES:—London, Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhavnagar, Bussorah, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Hyderabad, (Sind) Junagadh, Karachi, Kalbadevi, Lucknow, Mandvi(Bombay), Navsari, Rajkot, Sukkur, Surat, and Wadhwan Camp.

CURRENT and DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2 per cent per annum, and on sum over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangements. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rate for fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent. and for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon, it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government papers and all descriptions of stock at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

Drafts issued on London and all Branches Foreign Bills and Bills on every part of India accepted for collection.

The Bank issues Letters of Credit on all the important Cities of India.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$17,450,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

Advisory Committee in London.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Johore
Bangkok	Johora	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
		" Hongkew.
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hankow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,700,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:

38, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hongkong	New York
Bangkok	Iloilo	Penang
Batavia	Ipoh	Puket
Bombay	Karachi	Rangoon
Calcutta	Klang	Saigon
Canton	Kobe	Seremban
Cebu	Kuala	Shanghai
Colombo	Lumpur	Singapore
Delhi	Madras	Sourabaya
Foochow	Malacca	Taiping, (F.M.S.)
Hamburg	Manila	
Hankow	Medan	Tientsin
		Yokohama

Correspondents in all the principal cities of the world.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS RECEIVED on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

Office Hours, 10.30 a.m. to 4 p.m.

SATURDAY, 10.30 a.m. to 2 p.m.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.......	£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£1,000,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,040,000

HEAD OFFICE:—

26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombassa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Amritsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs 5 half-yearly

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 141. RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

BRASSO

The Finest Polish

FOR

all metal works is

BRASSO

Stocked in all Bazars.

WATCHES OF QUALITY.

Our Popular Watch.
Nickel Rs. 15, Silver Open Face Rs. 25, Htg. Rs. 28, Half Htg. Rs. 30.

Waltham American Lever Watch.
Nickel Crystal Face Rs. 22-8, as used by Railway Companies.

Our Original Campaign Watch.
Nickel Crystal Face Rs 25, Silver Crystal Face Rs. 40.
Silver Hunting Rs. 45, Silver Half Hunting Rs. 45.
Gold Crystal face Rs. 200, Htg. Rs. 235, Half Htg. Rs 240.

Our Square Watch.—For pocket or table use.
Sterling Silver Rs. 70. 18 Carat Gold Rs. 375.

Our "Extra Flat" Dress Watch.
Silver Crystal face Rs. 55, Htg. Rs. 55, Half Htg. Rs.60.
Gold Crystal face Rs. 200, Htg. Rs. 235, Half Htg. Rs. 245.

Our "Portfolio" Watches.
Cases in Lizzard, Crushed Morocco, Crocodile and long grain, with 30 hours or Eight-day movements from Rs. 22-8 to Rs. 48.

Our "Lentille" Pocket Watch.
Silver Case Rs. 40, Gun Metal Rs. 32.

Our "Military" Pocket Watch.
Silver Crystal face Rs. 45, Hunting case Rs. 50, Half Htg. Rs. 50.

Our "Standard" Gold Watch No. 2.
Gold 18ct. Crystal face Rs. 200, Hunting case Rs. 240, Half Htg. Rs. 240.

Our "Standard" Gold Watch No. 1.
18ct. Gold Crystal face Rs. 300, Htg Rs. 320, Half Htg. Rs. 325.

Our "Coventry" Watch English-made.
Silver Crystal face Rs. 70, Hunting Rs. 75, Half Htg. Rs. 80.
18ct. Gold Crystal face Rs. 275, Hunting or Half Hunting Rs. 300.

The "Kew" English Watch, made on the model lines of the English Watch by the same manufacturer which secured highest result at the Royal Observatory Kew.
Silver Crystal face Rs. 95, Hunting or Half Hunting Rs. 105.
18ct. Gold Crystal face Rs. 350, Hunting or Half Hunting Rs. 375.

The Super-Excellent English Watch.
The acme of horological perfection.
B Quality, small size, Silver Crystal face Rs. 110, Hunting or Half Htg. Rs. 115.
18ct. Gold Crystal face Rs. 450, Hunting or Half Htg. Rs. 500.
A Quality, Silver Crystal face Rs. 175, Hunting or Half Hunting Rs. 200.
18ct. Gold Crystal face Rs. 550, Hunting or Half Htg. Rs. 600.

Wrist Watch.
The "Military Model." Leather enclosed model which in wear discloses dial only of watch.
Nickel Rs. 32, Silver Rs. 37-8, Gold from Rs. 110.
The "Ideal" with light leather wristlet attached, disclosing in wear, entire watch.
Nickel Rs. 32, Silver Rs. 37-8, Gold from Rs. 130.
The "Marque." The movement of this wrist watch screws into the case and being dust and air-proof obviates the risk of dust or perspiration affecting the movement.
Nickel Rs. 32, Silver Rs. 40, 18 Carat Gold Rs. 160.

Wrist watches in a variety of gold and jewelled models with fine leather straps, silk fastenings, gold milanese web bracelets, &c., from Rs. 90.

A GUARANTEE GIVEN WITH EVERY WATCH WE SELL.

DISCOUNT, 10 per cent. on above prices for cash.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

WATCHMAKERS, JEWELLERS, ETC, BOMBAY AND POONA.

PARSI NEW YEAR.

ORDERS FOR

CAKES ETC.,

NOW REGISTERED

AT

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

OLIVE OIL.

What we offer is the pure, genuine and unadulterated produce of the Olives and it is unquestionably the best for the Table and the Kitchen.

	Rs.	As.
OLIVE OIL, the best produce of Lucca (bottled in Bombay) per bottle..	1	4
Do. in original tins of 10 Kilos .. .. .. per tin..	19	0
Do. do. 5 " .. .. .. " ..	9	8
Do. do. 2 " .. .. .. " ..	4	0
Do. do. 1 " .. .. .. " ..	2	0
SUBLIME OLIVE OIL. This is guaranteed to be the best and the most refined Olive Oil obtainable and it can also be taken as a medicine with the best of results; bottled in Italy by Messrs. P. SASSO & FIGLI in litre bottles, Rs. 3 per bottle. In half-litre bottles.. ..	1	12
SUPERFINE LUCCA OIL bottled in Italy, in litre bottle, per bottle	2	12
In half litre bottle, per bottle	1	8

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes:—

9½ inch by 4½ inch...Re. 1 per hundred

9½ inch by 4½ inch...As. 14 per "

*If printed on flap there will be an additional charge Rs. 3 per 1,000.

6 13-16 inch by 3½ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand*

*If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 17th instant, that day being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act 1881.

R. AITKEN,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 10th Sept., 1913.

NOTICE.

THE MYSORE FOREST DEPARTMENT

ABOUT 2,200 TONS of SANDALWOOD the property of the Mysore Government, will be put up to AUCTION in lots of 5 tons, more or less, at the sandal Kotles of Tirthahalli, Sagar, Shimoga, Tarikere, Chikmagalur, Hassan, Bangalore, Seringapatam and Hunsur between the 17th November, 1913 and 15th December, 1913.

2. For particulars of lots and kinds apply to the Undersigned, about the beginning of November, 1913.

M. MUTHANNAH, B. B.,
Conservator of Forests in Mysore.
Bangalore, 25th August, 1913.

JOST'S FANS SUPPLY & ENGINEERING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that at the SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company, held on Tuesday, the 9th September, 1913, a DIVIDEND at the rate of 10 per cent. per annun on the paid up amount of the Shares was declared for the year ended 31st May, 1913. This will be paid at the Registered Offices of the Company in the Morarbhai Buildings, Apollo Street, Fort, on and after the 26th September, 1913, to the shareholders whose names appear on the Company's Register on 25th September, 1913, on production of their Share Certificates.

By Order of the Board,
G. M. WISE,
Manager & Secretary.
Bombay, 10th Sept., 1913.

THE GOLD MOHUR MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE Directors have declared an ADINTERIM DIVIDEND of Rs. 25 per share at the rate of 10 % per annum, free of income-tax, for the Half year ended 30th June 1913, and will be paid at the Registered Office of the Company No. 49-51, Apollo Street, Fort, on and after 29th September, 1913, to those Share-holders, whose names stand on the Register on 20th September, 1913, on production of share-certificates.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TULLOCKCHUND AND SHAPOORJEE,
Agents.

Bombay, 10th September 1913.

N. B.—The Transfer Books of the Company will be CLOSED from 20th to 28th September, 1913, both days inclusive.

NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY.

SCRAP IRON.

OFFERS are invited for the PURCHASE of 5,000 Tons of SCRAP WROUGHT IRON and CAST STEEL SCRAP. Of the 5,000 tons, 3,000 tons will be first class scrap and 2,000 tons second class scrap, including cast steel. The first class scrap consists of boiler sheets, tender tank plates, pieces of flat, round and angle iron, Locomotive fire bars, parcel plates, under-frames, &c., and second class consists of small pieces of iron and steel in ading rivets, bolts, dog spikes, buffer sockets and small cuttings, wheel centres, cast steel wheels, crossings &c., &c. The purchaser must be prepared to take delivery of the whole quantity within two months from date of acceptance of offer and pay 50 per cent. of total cost 15 days after his offer is accepted and the remainder before any delivery of any portion of the quantity mentioned can be made.

2. In the event of the purchaser desiring to export any portion of the scrap out of India the quantity to be exported will be delivered in Wagons at ships-side at Kiamari and carried at the cost of the purchaser at condemned Railway Material Rate of freight from such places as the scrap is now lying. The bulk of the scrap is at Lahore and a portion at Sukkur and Karachi If necessary, the quantity intended for export will be collected at Karachi Stores Yard, till a steamer is ready to take the scrap, but this must be done within the two months mentioned in para 1 and loading charges into wagons at Karachi Stores Yard must be paid by the purchaser at the rate of 3 annas per ton.

3. No selection whatever of the scrap offered will be allowed. The Chief Storekeeper of the Railway will determine the description of scrap that will be classed as first class and as second class, and his decision shall be final. Steel trough sleepers are not included in the lots of Scrap Iron offered for sale.

4. Intending purchasers must remit in cash or Lahore Circle Currency Notes, the sum of Rs. 5,000 to the Chief Cashier, North-Western Railway, Naolakha, Lahore, as earnest money with a covering letter stating that the amount has been remitted in connection with tender for purchase of scrap iron and his receipt attached to the Form of tender. This amount will be wholly forfeited to the Railway in the event of the purchaser failing to execute the necessary agreement within 7 days after acceptance of tenders. Offers will not be considered unless earnest money shall have been paid before the tenders are opened.

5. The rate quoted must be per ton and tenderers can quote either for first or second class scrap or for both. Form of tender showing conditions of sale etc. can be obtained from the CHIEF STOREKEEPER, North Western Railway, on payment of Rs. 2

6. Covers containing offers which should be sealed and superscribed "Tender for purchase of scrap iron" must be addressed to the Agent, North-Western Railway, Naulakha, Lahore, and must reach his office on or before 12 noon, on WEDNESDAY, September 24th, at which place, time and date they will be opened in the presence of any tenderers who wish to be present.

7. The Agent does not bind himself to accept any offer and reserves the right to reject part or whole of the offers submitted.

Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, the 20th August, 1913.

ST. JOSEPH'S CONVENT, BANDRA.

A FANCY FAIR will be held by the Daughters of the Cross from the 7th to 21st September next, and a VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT, under the patronage of HIS GRACE The ARCHBISHOP of BOMBAY, will be given by the Pupils of the Convent, on September 19th and 20th.

The proceeds of the Fair and Concert will be devoted to the Building Fund of the New School.

Tickets for the entertainment costing Rs. 3, 2 and 1 respectively, can be had at the CONVENT.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

Full programme at 6-30 P.M.

Pictures only at 8-30 P.M.

DON'T FAIL TO HEAR
THE
PANTOMIME FAVOURITE
(MISS ALICE DIGBY).

CHARMING SONGS AND DAINTY DANCES.

FULL PICTURE PROGRAMME AS USUAL.

Including the drama
LIKE A SISTER
Showing explosion of an aeroplane in mid-air.

MATINEES ON
PARSI HOLIDAYS
THURSDAY & FRIDAY at 3 P.M.
WHEN THE GREAT FILM
LES MISERABLES
complete will be shown.

ALASTOR MYSTIC.

The renowned Handreader, Clairvoyant and Astrologer has returned to Bombay for a short season only, and may be consulted daily from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. or by appointment at the TAJ MAHAL HOTEL, Bombay, Room 438.

If you are living in Bombay please do not write requesting to know the terms as this will be arranged to your satisfaction at the time of your visit. Letters of enquiry from those living at a distance will receive prompt attention. Available for "AT HOMES," GARDEN PARTIES, BAZAARS, etc.

WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

CANVAS

David Corsar & Sons

Best Flax Canvas

For full particulars apply:—

SHALABHOY TYEBJI & SONS,
BANK STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

BRASSO

Liquid Metal Polish.

The Best Polish in the Market for brass work and all kinds of Metals.

Obtainable fro a all shops.

If you have a

MOTOR CAR

keep it bright with

BRASSO

Manufactured only by

RECKITT & SONS.
HULL, ENGLAND.

MONEY MADE EASILY.

Pay Re. 1-8 only and subscribe to

INDUSTRY.

A monthly journal of Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities starting of small mechanical industries etc. Industrial queries replied free by experts.

Royal Edition Rs. 2-8; People's Edition Re. 1-8.

Benefits of free automatic life insurance. extraordinary prizes, etc.

AGENTS WANTED ON SPECIAL TERMS.

Apply for particulars and sample to the MANAGER, Industry, Shambazar Calcutta.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA CINEMA.

CHARNI ROAD. Tel. No. 1271.

TO-NIGHT!

A SUPERB CLASSICAL DRAMA.

CLIOS AND PHYLETES.

A Magnificent Itala Masterpiece, produced in the style of that world-famous film-play.

"THE FALL OF TROY."

If you have seen "THE FALL OF TROY" you can guess what this must be like. If you have not.

COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES.

SAVED BY HER LION ... ... (Exciting Forest Drama).
WATERFALLS IN FINLAND... (Coloured Views).
MYSTERIOUS BATH-TUB ... (Screaming Comic).

3 SHOWS NIGHTLY at 7, 8-30, and 10.
SATURDAY and SUNDAY—11-15 to 12-15.
PRIZE SHOWS—SATURDAY and SUNDAY—5-30 to 6-30.

MALARIA FEVER CURED.

THIS IS NO FABLE, BUT A SOLID PROVED FACT.

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR PILLS

Cure Malaria, Ague, or Influenza. The soundest remedies in India, the Land of Fevers. Re. 1 each.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

For pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Rs. 1-8 each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4 each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT

Cures ring-worms, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

OF ALL DEALERS OR OF

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA, J. P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 5.

THE

Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 64ths

FROM

1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates,

THIRD EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," OFFICE,
HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (INDIA), LIMITED.

GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
FORT,
BOMBAY.

IMPORTERS OF THE FAMOUS

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT

BEST ON EARTH BEST IN AIR

SHELL MEANS SATISFACTION

SHELL MEANS SPEED

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 2 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKOS & Co., Ltd., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

G MEHTA & CO., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdul Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Re. 1 must be paid in advance

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates Special terms for contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial" of the following size—9½ inch by 4½ inch, Rupee 1 per hundred. 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 12 per hundred (if printed on flap there will be an extra charge of Rs. 3 per thousand.) 6 ½ inch by 3½ inch Rupee 2½ per thousand, (if printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.)

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous Two volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs 10. Apply to Box No. 419, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office,

WANTED.—ROOM and BOARD, with private family, for European gentleman. Moderate terms. Apply to Box No. 950, "Bombay Gazette."

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
In a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.
Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY. BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY
in which is incorporated
NORWICH AND LONDON
ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.
HEAD OFFICE:..... NORWICH.
CHIEF OFFICE FOR
INDIA.....GRAHAM'S BLDGS
BRANCH MANAGERS.....BOMBAY
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.

Policies granted covering all accidents and numerous specified fevers and diseases 10 per cent.

Bonus after five years and many other valuable benefits.

£7 or Rs. 105 purchases a policy insuring £1,000 or Rs. 15,000 for accidental death with a weekly disablement allowance of £6 or Rs. 90.

In case of permanent disablement the policy provides a handsome Pension.

AGENTS WANTED.

CLARKES B 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

FOR SALE.

MILD STEEL TUG—One year old, English built, 54' by 12½' by 6', C. S. C. Engines, large boiler, steam winch, £2,000.

TEAK STEAM LAUNCH.—Copper fastened throughout, 38' by 8' by 5'. Perfectly new (Lloyd's tested) boiler and new C. S. C. Engines £450.

Apply Box No. 10, care of this Paper.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

FOR SALE.—An EXCELLENT PROPERTY, situated near Colaba Causeway, suitable for office as well as residential purposes. For particulars apply to Box No. 919 care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—Flats on second and third floors, in Harbour view, No. 7, Colaba Causeway. Monthly rent Rs. 70 each. Electric fittings provided. Also THIRD FLOOR of a House No. 20, Church Gate, Rent Rs. 50.

Apply,
JAFFER CASSUM MOOSA,
Estate Manager, H.H. The Agakhan,
Jail Road, Umerkhady.

TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, on Neapean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 925, care of this Paper

TO BE LET.—An EXCELLENT OFFICE, on Hornby Road, close to Victoria Terminus. Electric Lights, Fans and Lift. Apply to Box No. 923, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—TWO FLOORS of a Building, at C. P. Tank out of Fort, open on all sides. Rent moderate. Apply Box No. 942, care of this Paper.

WANTED.

WANTED.—By young Lady POST as COMPANION to European or Indian Lady. Apply Box No. 921, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED AT ONCE.—GOOD HALF TONE PROCESS and LINE BLOCK MAKER. Write giving full particulars and salary required to MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—A SMART CONTRACTOR, for the sale of Newspapers. Applicants must be prepared to deposit Rs. 100 as security on appointment or applications will not be considered. Apply with full particulars to MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO.,
DEALERS IN STATIONERY,
SURVEYING,
ENGINEERING,
AND
DRAWING
INSTRUMENTS, Etc.,
ARTISTS'
MATERIALS, Etc.,
No. 9-13 KANTA BUILDING,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

LONDON
HOTEL WINDSOR.
VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.
(*Near the Houses of Parliament.*)
FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.
CONTAINING 250 Apartments, moderate charges.
Tariff and full particulars on application to the
PROPRIETOR.
Telegraphic address "EARNESTNESS" LONDON.

CEMENT
Phaeton Brand.
Guaranteed best English quality.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6. First-class Furniture on sale or hire Inspection respectfully invited.

WINES, SPIRITS, &c.

The following popular and well-known Brands of Whiskies from Messrs. ROBERTSON SANDERSON & Co., Ltd., LEITH, can be had wholesale from

CROFT, MODY AND CO.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY, or retail from
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS,
and
Messrs. DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM St., FORT.

Liqueur Scotch Whisky (as supplied to the Savoy Hotel and Restaurant Ltd).

O.B.G. (Old Blended Glenlivet) WHISKY.

O.H.S. (Old Highland Scotch) WHISKY,

G. O. H. (Grand Old Highland) WHISKY.

SECOND TO NONE WHISKY

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY
No 8, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ENGINE AND PUMP.

Under instructions from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Co., Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at the Company's Wharf Depot, Colaba:—

One unserviceable engine and one pump.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 11th September, 1913.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000, in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS
Empress Pale
AND
Housewife's Friend
Fine Household Soaps.
Can be obtained everywhere
GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Discount Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 20
Half-yearly	„ 11
Quarterly	„ 6
Monthly	„ 2
SINGLE COPY	ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	Rs. 26 0
Half-yearly	„ 13 8
Quarterly	„ 7 0
Monthly	„ 2 8
SINGLE COPY	TWO ANNAS.

N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate, payment must always be made in advance.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette."

See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS

For Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required, Change of Residence, and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line	„ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must, in all cases, be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion	Rs. 6-0 per Inch
Second Insertion	„ 3-8 do.
Third Insertion	„ 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion	„ 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards	„ 2-0 do
Minimum charge	„ 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages, double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time, special contracts are made.

AMUSEMENT COLUMN.

For insertions in the amusement Columns, Re. 1½ per inch.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 July, 2017

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Baron Dalmeny, 2,502 tons, Captain E Gordon, sailed yesterday for Calcutta with ballast.

The B I S N Co's steamer Kasara, 504 tons, Captain H F Minnett, will sail to-day for Busreh via Karachi with a general cargo and passengers.

The B I S N Co's steamer Islanda, 3,360 tons, Captain T MacLean, will sail to-day for Karachi with the same bottom cargo.

The Japan Line steamer Jinsen Maru, Captain J C Richards, which arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Kobe reports that she saw the Japanese steamer Matsura Maru on the north reef in Paralel Island 17-1-45 degree north and 111-29-45 degree east.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Tuesday, 9th Sept. 1913, should be regarded as a full weather working day for vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

ROYAL NAVY & R. I. M. VESSELS.

H M S Philomel ..Comdr G P G Ballard . R N
H I M S Duffe in Comdr E J Headlam R I M
R I M S Hardinge...Comdr Hamilton R I M
R I M S Palinurus...Comdr W C Taylor R I M
R I M S Investigator ..Capt Hickman...R I M

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Sept. 10.

Argus.....2320 Dakers.....A Yule and Co
Baron Cawdor...2764 Caskie ...W and A G Co
Budrie .....1613 Fisher .....Arab ocrs Ld
Bleamoor... 2103 Blakey.....
Delta.....4780 martin...Shanghai...24-9...
P and O S N Co
Catharine Apear...1730 Herefest M Man : Co
Chin Suuart...2285 Anderson.....J Bisley & Co
Caspian 2317 Wright .....
Hosaineo... 9 4 Fanning .....T Morrison & Co
Islami .....1604 Hughes... T M & C o
Islanda .....Mac Lean.....M M and Co
Inverkip... ...2806 Gasson..... T and Co
Itria . ... 3419 Gulgey ..... M M and Co
J Maru.....2346 Richards ..... N Y Kaisha
Khasrou.....2410 Hannah .....Jeddah ...
T M and Co
Kola . ...570 Minnett .....M M and Co
Munin ..... 1579 Zennaro...T M and Co
Mutta... ...2935 Corey .....M M and Co
Peter Jebsen... ...352 Mayor.....A Yule & Co
Puttiala.....1927 Bamber Busreh... ...M & Co
Saaed..... 157 Bonsfield.....Port Said.....
Arab ocrs Ld
Kola.....570 minnett..... .....m m and Co

VESSELS IN DOCK. Sept. 10.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date Arrivls.
A Kirkiee.....	2275	Currie	J F and Co	
F Sangora...	3348	Scott...	Java...	10-9 .....
				M M and Co
G Kanzler.....	1865	Sebapp		11-9 ....
				A Strandes & Co
H Humayun	2154	Murdoch		T M and Co
M Konig.....	3176	Ultzan...		15-9 G S and Co
O Redbridge ...	2444	Vasseur	Genoa...	10-9
				W and A G and Co
P Cheale's	3568	Olbron...		12-9
				W and A G and Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Nurani ...2 70 Atkin...Jeddah ..T M & Co
2 Olympia ..2600 Annard ...Liverpool.....
17-9...W and A G and Co
3 Adamstorm .. Hatinbeid ...W & A G & Co
4 Scilston..... 2711 Forbes .....M M & Co
5 Montebello ...2 70 Gill Hull J F and Co
6 Colaba...3899 Robertson 20-9 M M & Co
7 Pahsour...2936 Poet . 12-9 ..T M and Co
8 Principi-di-Piemonte...404 Questino ...
Genoa...17-9 Italian N N and Co
9 Liebenfels ... 2833 Kahlenas ...Hamburg...
12-9 . W and A G Co
10 11 Trafford Hall ..3416 Main K K & Co
12 13 India ...4198 Talbot .....Aden 13-9 .
P and O Co
14 Kasara .. 5 5 Minnett .....M M and Co
15 Indo-Maru ...3972 Momeiya ... ..Kobe ...
O S Kaisha

H W P D

Bahadur i .....829 Ahmed .....Bo S N Co
Indrava i .....518 E-mail .....Bo S N Co
Satranji .....547 Hoosein .....Bo S N Co

H W V D

Linga .....957 Manley Kobi.....M M and Co

M W D D

Lawae ..1517 Coates..Jeddah ..D M Khandwa
Offside F
A field .....245) Nieman..... K N & Co

DEPARTURES.

Sept	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
10	China	Tocque.....	Shanghai
	Elan Dalmeny	Gardon ...	Calcutta
	Clindwara ...	Bo ey	C lcutta
	Strathearn ...	Sinaddin ...	Hull

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday :—

Steamer Islanda, for Karachi.
,, Kasara, Minnett for Bushreh.

DAILY EXPORTS—SEPT. 10.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Olympia s—17 bales wool, Bombay Co ; 301 bales wool, D Koondanmall ; 45 bales wool, B Hurbham ; 844 bales wool, E D Sassoon and Co ; 100 cwts niger seed, 100 cwts linseed, P Assoo ; 640 cwts linseed oil cake, New Mofussil and Co ; 41 bales wool, G Goolabchand ; 1 000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—2,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

Olympia s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Olympia s—11 bales goat skins, E N Stein.

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—1,000 cwts wheat, 990 cwts musoor, Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

India s—2 cwts ivory, R Mahomed and Co.

FOR HULL.

Montebello s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, J M Bilimoria and Co ; 7,000 cwts cottonseed, D Nanji and Co ; 4,025 cwts myraboliams, P Mathuradas and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Redbridge s—2,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Colaba s—500 tons manganeseore, S Smidt and Co ; 839 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 550 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 970 cwts bone meal, M J Joomabhoy and Co.

Adamstrum s—1,000 cwts linseed, 1,000 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros ; 7,000 cwts linseed, 1,000 cwts castorseed, K Devchand and Co.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Adamstrum s—1,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

Uhenfels s—1 bale woolen carpets, E G Enlep.

FOR HAMBURG.

Liebenfels s—1,000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 110 bales cotton, M B Kaisha ; 100 cwts nigerseed, P Assoo ; 150 cwts cashewnuts, R Jiwandas and Co ; 667 cwts groundnut oil cake, V Haridas and Co ; 4,000 cwts, mowraseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

Uhenfels s—1 bale woolen carpets, S Smidt; and Co ; 8,000 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co ; 667 cwts groundnut oil cakes, V Haridas and Co ; 220 bales cotton fly, H E Bode and Sons.

DAILY IMPORTS—SEPT. 10.

Steamer Jinsen Maru from Kobe, Agents, N Y Kaisha—10 cases medicines, 2 cases quinine, 2,250 cases cassia, 30 cases 10 baskets China root, 20 cases clocks, 192 cases refined camphor, 15 cases camphor powder, 225 cases fire crockers, 80 cases glass bangles, 12 cases glass beads, 30 cases bottles, 10 cases glass lamps, 6 cases metal lamps, 822 cases glassware, 6 cases scales, 2,828 packages copper ingots, 137 rolls mattings, 24 bundles old gunnies, 25 bundles gunny covers, 3 packages rice, 9 cases cassia oil, 6 cases paper, 486 bales straw boards 90 pags sego flower 80 cases preserves, 7 bags star amseed, 16 cases crotenseed, 6 cases toilet soap, 263 bags betelnuts,, 4 bags pepper, 320 bundles dried ginger, 10 bales cotton shirtings 16 bales 70 cases cotton yarn,. 516 cases cotton goods, 222 cases cottnn hosiery, 17 cases gassed silk yarn, 103 cases spun silk yarn, 5 cases silk goods, 473 cases tea, 2 cases cigars, 100 bundles sandalwood.

COMPANY MEETING.

JOST'S FANS SUPPLY AND ENGINEERING CO. LTD.

The seventh annual General Meeting of the above Company was held yesterday at the Company's registered offices in Apollo Street. Mr. Stanley Reed, who presided, made the following remarks:—

Gentlemen,—I wish to propose that the Report together with the balance sheet and the profit and loss account as circulated to the shareholders be adopted.

I think you will agree with me that the report is an extremely satisfactory one. The turnover is the largest in the history of the Company. The business has been well maintained and we are building up in addition to it a general and electrical business which is a source both of stability and profit to the Company. The profit for the year amounts to Rs. 32,477 which with the amount brought forward gives Rs. 34,422 for disposal. Out of this we propose to pay a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent per annum on the called up capital of the Company. If this suggestion meets with your approval the Company will have paid an average dividend since its inauguration of 10 per cent per annum. Moreover, this has been done whilst laying aside substantial sums to the reserve. We propose that out of the balance of profit a sum of Rs. 7,000 be set aside for the reserve, which is Rs. 2,000 more than in any previous year. If this is approved it will bring the reserve fund up to the total of Rs. 27,000 of which we have kept Rs. 5,000 in deposit with the National Bank of India, Ltd. As usual, a sum of Rs. 4,000 is set aside as against the cost of patent rights. This is in pursuance of the practice established on the inauguration of the Company of setting aside every year a sum which will extinguish the whole of the amount standing to the credit of the patent rights, by the time they expire. We also propose that Rs. 1,500 be set aside for bad and doubtful debts which is an ample provision. The effect of this distribution of profits will be that we shall have paid since the commencement of the Company an annual dividend of 10 per cent, placed Rs. 27,000 to the reserve, written Rs. 24,000 off the value of the patent rights and made provision, allowing for adjustments, of Rs. 4,400 for bad and doubtful debts. I hope the shareholders will agree with me that this is an eminently satisfactory result. Whilst the Directors have done what they could for the interests of the shareholders, I am certain you will agree with me that this result could not have been achieved without co-operation from every member of the staff. I greatly regret our General Manager, Mr. G. M. Wise, is not here today owing to indisposition. I should like on behalf of the Directors to say how much we owe to his most zealous and capable work. Mr. Carl Jost has from the first placed his wide experience and energy freely at the disposal of the Company. I trust the shareholders will agree to the proposal we have made that a sum of Rs. 1,500 shall be distributed as bonus to the staff. This sum is Rs. 500 more than we have allocated in previous years, but our staff is larger in consequence of the expansion of the business. I would only add that the prospects for the year on which we have entered are good, and propose that the report be adopted.

The Directors' Report was unanimously adopted and a dividend of 10 per cent. was proposed and declared.

Dr. Stanley Reed and Mr. Benjamin Hick were re-elected as Directors.

Messrs. Cornforth and Mistry were re-appointed as Auditors for the ensuing year.

The meeting then terminated with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

ARRIVALS.

PER S. S. "SALSETTE," SEPT. 12.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. "Salsette," with the outward mails of the 29th ultimo, left Aden at noon on Sunday last, and expected to arrive in Bombay to-morrow morning.

LONDON TO BOMBAY.

Wright, Miss	Dick, Mr J
Poynder, Lt L E	Dwyer, Mr P
Beauchamp, Lt H C	Ward, Mr G C
Chapman, Mrs and Miss	Davis, Mrs A P
	Bernard, Lt Col H C
Gammon, Miss M	Charles, Mr A M
Smyth, Mrs J W	DeMello, Lady A

MARSEILLIES TO BOMBAY

Bennett, Mr W H and Mrs	Macfadyen, Mr D
	Sursinhji, Prince
Cooke, Capt O C P	Rust, Mr J E
Grosvenor, Hon R L	Liddell, Capt E M
Chitham, Mr C C	Nomico, Mr O G
Rice, Mr S P	Alexander, Capt R D
Silver, Mr A H	
Tatum, Major H	Malgrue, Capt E C
Heron, Mr E F	Shah, Lt C
Galely, Mr J E	Blackburn, Mr S
Saunders, Prof L P	Hall, Capt B A M
Dewick, Mr H H	Binns, Mr G F
Moment, Mr L V	Willis, Capt E S C
Farebrother, Lt F H	Pilkington, Mr H
Bott, I M S Capt R H	Dennis, Mr J O C
	Drescher, Mr C

BRINDISI TO BOMBAY.

Cassells, Mr W S	Luck, Lt Col C A
Eismie, Lt Col A M S	Wilson, Mr G Maxwell
Robertson, Mr J	

PORT SAID TO BOMBAY.

Sheriff, Mr J	Mitha, Mr C M

LONDON TO KARACHI.

Barclay, Mr M

MARSEILLIES TO KARACHI.

Bamfield, Maj H J K	Davis, Mr J E
Brooke, Mr A W	Hawes, Maj C H

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

MATHIAS—At Jacob Circle, Bombay, on the 9th September, the wife of B. E. Mathias, Griffith's Agency, of a son. Both doing well.

DEATH.

DEMELLO—On the 10th September, at 8 p.m. Pedro Vincent De Mello, son of N. De Mello, Head Printer, *Bombay Gazette*, aged thirteen years. Funeral at 9 o'clock this morning. Friends and relatives, please accept this intimation.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Parsi New Year Eve. Bank Holiday.
Quadrangular Cricket Match,: Presidency vs. Hindus, Bombay Gymkhana Ground, 11-30.
Poona Races, Third Day, Poona.
Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.
Excelsior Cinematograph, at 6-30, 8-30 and 10 p.m.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

Maxim :—Trust not in a man who has no religion.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st September, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	13-30
Madras Mail	6-0	21-30
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-40	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	11-30	14-25
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	8-30	21-0
Guserat Mail	7-30	21-30
Third Class Kathiawar Express & Delhi Fast Passenger 1st, 2nd and 3rd ...	6-45	21-45

FORT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—Total number of patients treated during the month of August, 1913, was 1,738. Parsis 350, Hindus 237, and other castes 86. Total of eye cases 188, dental cases 97, gynaecological cases 77.

BALLAD CONCERT.—Mrs. Ben Hick has arranged a ballad concert to be given at the Y. M. C. A. on Thursday, Sept. 18. Contributors to the programme will be Miss Wilson, contralto, Mrs. Ben Hick, piano, M. Gabmidi, violin, Mr. Guibara, baretone, Mr. Johnson, tenor and a male voice chorus

STRING BAND AT THE PRINCESS MARY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut. Colonel R. C. H. Barnard, V.D., and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers will play a programme of music, under the direction of Mr. Hugh B. Mitchell, Band Master, commencing at 6-15 p. m. to-day.

THE OPIUM REVENUE.

The following is the list of Opium Revenue to date compared with the estimates for the year 1913-1914 :—

Latest Month.

Presidency.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate	Worse than Estimate
In Sept 1913	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bengal ...	1035000	1531920	499920	.....
In Sept 1913				
Bombay ...	No	Sale.	.....	.....
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....

Six Sales of Bengal Opium.

Presidency.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate	Worse than E'mate
To end of Sept 1913	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bengal .	71,55,000	10530175	33,75, 75	.....
To end of Sept 913				
Bombay..	No	Sale	.....	.....
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay City reported from 6 a.m. on the 9th Sept. to 6 a.m. on the 10th September:—

	Attacks.	Deaths
Total.....	1	0
Total mortality from all causes		79

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper and thousands (Home and abroad) buy the soap. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by chemists stores, grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-Street, London. Established over 35 years

WEATHER IN INDIA.

NO LARGE CHANGE ANTICIPATED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Sept. 10.

Except for a few scattered showers, there has been no rain outside Burma and north-east India. The disturbed conditions over the Bay have not developed. There are no signs at present of the strengthening of the monsoon. Rainfall has been fairly general in Lower Burma, Assam, and Bengal; local in Upper Burma, Bihar and Orissa, east United Provinces, the Central Provinces, the Central India east and Bombay-Deccan. A few falls also occurred in the Konkan, south Hyderabad and south-east Madras.

The chief amounts are :—Bassein and Lashio, one and a half inches ; Myitkyina and Sibsagar, one ; Dibrugarh, one and a half ; Berhampore, one ; Chaibassa, two; Purnea, one and a half ; Gorakhpur, three-quarters ; Benares, one; Saugor and Seoni, three-quarters; Pendra, Jagdalpur, and Cuddalore, one.

Forecast :—No large change.

RAINFALL STATISTICS IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.
Previously registered	78·76	75 20
Wednesday, 10th Sept.	0·00	0·08
Total.....	78·76	75·28
Rainfall up to 8 a. m.		

KEMP & CO., LD., CUMBALLA HILL.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.
September 10.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total Corpdg. to date, Total. 1911.	Corpdg. Total. 1912.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill.	0·00	63·36	47·23	48·72

BOOT FACTORY, SION.

Registered Rainfall.

24 hours ending 8 a.m. of the 9th September.	Total up-to-date
In. cts.	In. cts.
0 00	77 49

Appended is Wednesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India, based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Rushire 9th	95·3	82·0	...	0·00
Jask	90·3	80·3	...	0.00
Muskat 9th	107·3	85·1	...	0 00
Multan	97·3	73·0	...	10·28
Rawalpindi	89·9	66·6	...	22·92
Lahore	93·9	74·2	...	18·09
Sirsa ...	95·8	70·0	...	17·84
Ambala	95·5	74·3	...	28 21
Delhi	97·0	78·8	...	13·6
Agra	99·0	78·5	...	7·39
Mainpuri	97·8	?	...	10·66
Jhansi	97·6	78·0	...	8·44
Cawnpore	96·6	78·0	...	18·79
Allahabad	95·1	77·5	...	22·36
Jacobabad	101·1	77·8	...	2·81
Karachi	87·8	77·0	...	12·01
Ajmer	86·6	75·2	...	10·61
Jaipur	91·2	73·1	0·01	12·64
Kotah	92·6	77·6	...	15·09
Bhuj	88·5	72·0	...	38·37
Dwarka	86·3	77·7	...	17 25
Veraval	...	...	...	...
Rajkot	88·6	70·3	0·15	27·74
Bhavnagar Para.	89·6	74·4	...	35·81
Surat	84·9	75·6	0·06	37·12
Ahmedabad	88·1	76·2	...	35·17
Deesa	87·3	72·9	...	34·77
Neemuch	85·9	70·0	...	23·83
Indore	84·6	70·1	..	36·6
Jubbulpore	89·8	73·8	0·06	33·33
Saugor	90·3	74·6	0·64	22 76
Hoshangabad	88·1	73·4	...	36·14
Khandwa	87·2	72·6	...	38·15
Akola	88·7	71·5	...	25·81
Amraoti	88·3	72·8	...	34·32
Nagpur	91·6	72·8	...	44·95
Chanda	90·5	74·5	0·15	49·52
Raipur	87·7	74·6	0·08	34 49
BOMBAY	85·1	76·4	...	65 28
Ratnagiri	82·8	73·9	0·22	66·43
Mormugao	81·5	74·2	...	82 34
Karwar	84·2	73·0	0·02	83·08
Malegaon	88·9	67·1	0·45	13·36
Ahmednagar	88·1	62·5	...	18·34
Poona	85·5	64·8	...	22·83
Sholapur	86·8	71·6	...	11 39
Bijapur	90·2	72·2	...	8·95
Belgaum	77·3	65·0	0·12	31·62
Aurangabad	84·9	66·5	...	19·89
Nizamabad (Indur)	90·9	73·7	...	35·60
Hyderabad	88·8	73·7	...	13·6
Mangalore	84·3	72·3	...	80·73
Calicut	82·8	74·1	...	F
Cochin	84·7	74·2	...	64·75
Colombo	86·0	71·0	...	12·73
Masulipatam	94·3	77·2	...	7·79
Bellary	94·0	74·8	...	3·07
Cuddapah	94·5	75·5	...	5·42
Madras	97·0	81·0	...	5·06
Bangalore	86·3	66·8	...	9·71
Coimbatore	90·4	73·3	...	2·6
Trichinopoly	100·1	77·3	...	1·98
Negapatam	93·7	78·7	...	7·12

Bombay Local Rainfalls : J J H = 0·00 (78·78) ; G T H=0·00 (75 03) ; St G H=0·03 (76·09) ; C P=0·00 (65·23).

CASTLE-ROCK.

Temperature, Max.	Min.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours. In. Cts.	From 1st June to date In. Cts.
76	67	0 16	188 6

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 10th September, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect at Ambala and in excess at Multan. Maximum temperature is below the average in the northern districts.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is in defect in the extreme western districts. Maximum temperature is generally in excess.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are moderately clouded in lower Sind and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. The moisture in the air is equal to the average. Temperature is normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is in excess at Deesa. Maximum temperature is in defect in Cutch.

The Central Provinces.—Saugor records 0·84" and Chanda 0·15" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Konkan.—Local rain has fallen in the north Konkan; Ratnagiri has had 0·22". Cloud has increased and skies are now heavily clouded in the north Konkan and moderately clouded in the south Konkan. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Local rain has fallen in the Bombay Deccan; Malegaon has had 0·45" and Belgaum 0·12." Skies are heavily clouded in the south Bombay Deccan, moderately clouded in Hyderabad and clear elsewhere. The air is drier than usual at Hyderabad and Ahmednagar. Maximum temperature is in excess at Nizamabad ; the minimum is below the average at Ahmednagar.

General Remarks.—Local rain has fallen in the north Konkan and the Bombay Deccan. Isolated showers are reported from the Central Provinces. Cloud has increased in the north Konkan. Weather in the extreme north appears to be slightly unsettled.

Local rain is likely in the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan and the north Central Provinces. A few falls may occur in Gujarat.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F, and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a. m., (Standard Time) on the 10th September, 1913, was 30·064 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships, the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by ·013 inch for every 5 deg., according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the Aneroid, no temperature correction is needed, but for comparison at 80° F all aneroid readings should be increased by ·138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer, either mercurial or aneriod, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., (Standard Time), the ship's barometer reading should be increased by ·010 inch for every 10 feet of this height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY VOLUNTEERS.

SATISFACTORY ANNUAL REPORT.

The annual report of the 1st Batt., B. B and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifles states :—

It will be remembered that, in presenting the annual report for 1911-12, it was remarked that the past season had not been entirely satisfactory. But during the season now under review it is gratifying to report that some very satisfactory work has been carried out in spite of various difficulties, that the efficiency of the Battalion has been fully maintained, and that the number of extra-efficients has been increased considerably. The annual camp was held at Nandurbar from December, the numbers attending Camp were satisfactory, in spite of the fact that a considerable number of men from the Kotah Section were unable to attend owing to pressure of railway duties. The construction of the new Armoury at Parel is in progress and funds have been received for a new Armoury and Sergeant-Instructor's quarters at Gungapur, at which station it is hoped to commence work on a Rifle Range shortly.

The enrolled strength of the Battalion on March 31, was 593 on the active list and 74 reservists, as compared with 596 and 78 the previous year.

The Annual Camp at Nandurbar proved a great success in every way. The attendance both of officers and other ranks was good; all ranks worked hard and a lot of useful instruction was carried out. It was very gratifying to see the keenness displayed by all officers. In the heat of the day after a busy morning, or in the evening after a hard day's work, officers cheerfully turned out for sword drill, revolver practice, lectures, etc. The Non-Commissioned Officers and men also showed that they had a lot of good stuff in them as, after a good day's work, boxing, bayonet fighting, etc., went on merrily until bed time. In all sports, as well as in work, the lead given by the Permanent Staff and some old soldiers was invaluable. The most marked results as showing the benefit derived from the training in former camps were the prompt way in which orders were carried out and the improvement in dicipline, not even any minor offences having to be dealt with at orderly room.

The past year has proved a very satisfactory one in musketry. Five hundred and forty-eight men were exercised in the trained volunteers' course and 463 qualified as extra-efficient, showing an increase of 71 over last year's results. Company Officers took a great deal of intetest in the shooting and attended the Range far more frequently than in previous years. It undoubtedly encourages the men to see that officers are taking an active interest in the shooting.

During the past two years, the changs that have taken place in Railway Administration in Kathiawar have rendered the work of maintaining the efficiency of "F" Company extremely difficult. As long as the Kathiawar Railways were under one management, all went well ; but on the formation of 3 separate lines, each under its own management, it became a matter of great difficulty to get the man efficient. Further the reduction in the European and Anglo-Indian Staff reduced the numbers to such an extent that it was deemed advisable to ask for permission to disband the company and to form a new company with head-quarters at Gangapur. It was felt that an instructor would be better employed at the latter station than at Jetalsar, especially as none of the men of the Kathiawar Company belonged to the B. B. and C. I. Railway and many of them were not in railway employ at all. The disbandment has been carried out with effect from 31st March.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at Nos. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of The "Bombay Gazette," Ltd.

Introduce the simple, quick, and easy method of home baking with

"PAISLEY FLOUR"

The SURE raising powder

into your home. Cakes and scones raised with "Paisley Flour" turn out so light and well raised that they can be eaten hot and fragrant as they come from the oven.

Dr. J. De R. FRANKEL

of Royal University of Padua
(lately arrived from Europe),

HAS the honour to inform the Bombay residents that he has OPENED a SURGERY. He is specialised in Gynæcology, Skin, Specific and Secret Diseases.

He is an able Gynæcological Surgeon, and has brought the very latest remedies dictated by the most prominent professors of Europe.

CONSULTATIONS 9 A.M. to 12 A.M. and 3 P.M. to 6 P.M. each day at his address,

WATERLOO MANSIONS,
MAYO-ROAD, 2nd Floor.

He will give consultations FREE of CHARGE on SATURDAY MORNING from 8 till 9.

NEW LIFE FOR WEAK PEOPLE.

PROF. JAMES' ELECTRO-TONIC PEARLS.

POSITIVELY CURE.

All Nervous Diseases, Sleeplessness, Failing Memory, &c., and restore Brain Fag, Incapacity for Study or Business, General Debility, Premature Decay, Exhausted Vitality, the result of overwork and dissipation. They are a great

NERVE TONIC AND BLOOD BUILDER

and will bring back the pink glow of health to pale cheeks.

Constitute sustaining and life-giving elements (Lecithin, the delicate grey substance of the brain and nerve centres) of special value to Professional and Literary men Clergymen, Tutors, Students, Lawyers, Clerks, Sportsmen, Athletes, Business men, and all engaged in mental occupations.

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power with a feeling of courage, strength, and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully bowels become regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved, the step and gait again elastic and determined the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

Rs. 2-0-0 per bottle of 40 Pills,
Rs. 5-8-0 V. P. Extra. 3 bottles.

SELECTIONS FROM UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

R. J. Mewend, Traffic Overseer, Madras Harbour Trusts, writes that:—I have already tried Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls and find them very efficacious. Please send three bottles more by V. P. P.

R. J. Macvicar, Shaw, Palladam, 12-7-11, writes that:—Those pills that I got from you have done me so much good, that a friend has asked me to get him a couple of bottles. So please send me by V. P. Post 2 more Bottles of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls

THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,

No. 155, Market, Jumma Musjid, Bombay

WORLD'S CYCLE RECORD.

M. Planes on a 7 year old British-made All-Steel MRAD MODELE SUPERBE "Coventry Flyer" Rode 34,326 Miles in 365 Days (officially authenticated). Beat 60 competitors on up-to-date cycle. WARRANTED, EIGHTEEN YEARS. Dunlop Tyres, Variable-Speed Gears, etc. LATEST MODELS

£3-10 to £9.

Direct from factory. Packed Free. Carriage Paid to your port. Ten Days Free Trial. Motor Cycles and Cycle-Cars at Factory Prices. Write for Free Art Catalogue, and Marvellous Offers. Agents Wanted.

Est. 25 yrs. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY. (Dept. A. 297 LIVERPOOL.

For particulars, catalogues, &c., apply to COUTTS and Co., Shipping Agents. "Dept. A. 297." P. O. Box 249 Hornby Road, Bombay.

ECZEMA CAUSED HAIR TO COME OUT

Thick Rash with Intense Irritation. Great Pain, Itching and Burning. Sleep Almost Impossible. Cured by Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

10, Dover Mansions, Canterbury Road, Brixton, S. W., Eng.—"I derived great benefit from the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I suffered with eczema at the back of the neck and head, causing my hair to come out very much. There was a thick rash with intense irritation, both of which increased as time went on causing great pain, itching, burning and discomfort, making sleep almost impossible night or day.

"I first tried ——— lotion which, though cooling, did no real good. I then saw the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and wrote for a sample to be sent. I purchased a large tablet of Cuticura Soap and some Cuticura Ointment and used them regularly at night, bathing the affected parts with the Cuticura Soap and hot water, and then gently applying the Cuticura Ointment with the tip of the finger, and in the morning again washing with the Cuticura Soap and hot water. The attack lasted about three months and was quite cured after using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment six weeks, and my hair quite ceased to come out." (Signed) Mrs. Fanny Wooldridge, July 24, 1912.

No other emollients do so much for pimples, blackheads, red, rough and oily skins, itching, scaly scalps, dry, thin and falling hair, chapped hands and shapeless nails as do Cuticura Soap and Ointment, nor do it so economically. Although sold throughout South Africa, a liberal sample of each, with 32-p. book on the skin and hair, will be sent post-free on application to Muller, Maclean & Co., Calcutta or Bombay, or F. Newbery & Sons, 27 Charterhouse Sq., London.

"SWIZ" KILLS RATS
Prevent Plague. "SWIZ" Kills Rats
and the fleas on them. No smell from the dead rats. Not fatal to cats or dogs. Does not contain disease germs. Keeps good for years. Agents Wanted.
Tin to kill and mummify 250 rats 4s. 3d. of Chemists and Stores or post free of—
CHEMICAL PRODUC

MARKET REPORT.

REUTER'S COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, Sept. 9 BOMBAY, Sept. 10

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	73 9-16	2-16	
do. do. Rentes	90 1-4		1-2
3½ do. Sterling Loan	89 3-4	un	chgd
do. do. Gov. Securities	63 1-16	un	chgd
Bar silver in London Spot	27 9-16	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence	27 11-16	un	chgd
Bar Silver in New York	58 5-8	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris	25·24	·2	un chgd
do. do. at Berlin	20·42		1-4
do. do. New York	4·85 7-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 1-2	since	
do Short London Bills	17th April.		
3 months' sight	3 1-16		·1-16
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	4	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	4 3-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	4 7-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	2 3-8	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans	2 3-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77·9 unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 days sight (bank buying rate) 1s. 3 29 32d Unchanged.
Closing rate of silver—Quiet.
Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £ 125,000 for Egypt.

COUNCIL BILLS—EXTRA ALLOTMENTS:
Bills on Calcutta Rs. 4,90,000 at 1s. 4 1-16d.
Transfers on Calcutta ... Rs. 10,00,000 at 1s. 4 3-32d.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Firm.	Fair demand.
Futures	Barely	steady.
Manchester Business	very	restricted.
Total Sales	...	8,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	...	800
Imports	...	1,000
Mid-Americans	...	7·60+19
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	...	10·15+15

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7 14 +15	7 09 +15	7 03 +15
Dec.-Jan.	**Jan.-Feb.**	**Feb.-Mar.**
7·03 +15	7 03 +15	7·03 +14
Mar.-Apl.	**Apl.-May.**	**May-June.**
7·04 +14	7·04 +14	7·02 +15
June-July.		
7·02 +15		

New York 11 a.m., Oct. 14·28 Jan. 13·14.
New York official noon call Oct. 13·19 Jan. 13·07.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct. 13·16 Jan. 13·30.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
2 Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports	...46,000
2 „ Receipts at U. S. last year	...50,000
„ Exports to Great Britain	... .
„ Exports to Continent	... 5,000
„ Spot Closed	13·25unchgd

Futures—Month of Oct. 13 10+01
Futures—Month of Jan. 12 97+01

Advanced on commission house buying and declined on favorable weather reports.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	12 3-4+1-16
Futures month of Oct.	...12 95—·2
Futures month of Jan.	...13·08—14
Tone of Spot Cotton	...Steady.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G.	... d 5 7-16
F. G. Bengal M. G.	... d 6 9-16
Fine Bengal M. G.	... d 5 11-16
Good Bhowanagger	... d 5 15-16
F. G. Bhowanagger	... d 6 1-16
Fine Bhowanagger	... d 6 3-16
Fine M. G. Bhownagger	... d 6 3-16
Good Oomras M. G.	... d 6
F. G. Oomras M. G.	... d 6 1-8
Fine Oomras M. G.	... d 6 1-4
Good . G. Oomras	... d 6
Fine M. G. Oomras	... d 6 1-4
Good Broach	... d 6 1-4
F. G. Broach	... d 6 13 12
Fine Broach	... d 6 9 16
Good Khandeish	... d 5 7-8
F. G. Khandeish	... d 6

Liverpool, Sept. 9.

Tone Dhooties and Shirtings—Firmer
Tone Cloths Very firm and advancing
Weft American "54" ... 12 1-2
Weft Egyptian "80" ... 19
Tone—Yarn—Market .. Steady
Weft Egyptian "32" ... 12 7-8
Twist "32" W T C ... 11
Twist "32" B ... 11 1-4
Cloth Gunni's 20 36inch ... 13
Twist "36" W T C ... 11 1-4
Twist "36" B ... 11 1-2
Twist "42" ... 12 3-4
Twist American "60" ... 16 1-2
Twist Egyptian "60" ... 17 1-2
Twist Egyptian "80" ... 22
Grey shirtings 39 in. by 37 1-2
38 yds 16 by 12 8 lbs Red Heading 7 11
„ „ 44 in. by 39 yds 14 by 13 lbs ... 8 7 1-2
White Nainsooks 23 in. by 18 yds 16 by 14 to 16-15 Rangs ... 3 2
„ Mull 23 in. by 18 yds 14 by 12 Green Ends 2 4
White Shirtings 32-35 in. by 42 yds Lpmarks No. 1600 ... Not quoted
40s Banner Mill Twist ... 11 5-8
Geo Mayall's Yarn ... 11 3 4
F. G. F. Tinnevelly Liverpool .. 6 1-2
Buyers or Sellers ...Nominal
Months ... Sept.-Oct.
Water Twist American 30s. 11 1-8
„ „ „ 40s. 12 1-4
Mule „ „ 40s. 11 1-2
„ „ „ 50s. 13 3-8
„ „ „ 60s. 15 5-8
„ „ Egyptian 40s. 17
„ „ „ 50s. 17 1-2
„ „ „ 60s. 18 1-2

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...Nominal.
Wheat White Karachi ...37 1-4+1-4
Do. Months Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Hull—Done.
Wheat Red Karachi ...Nominal.
Tone—Quiet.

AUSTRALIAN WHEAT
Victorian ...Unchanged.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—
Yellow Bawapore per 416 lbs
85 p.c ex-ship. ...53 1-4 unchgd.
Do. Months ...Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs
85 p c ex-ship ...54 1-4 unchgd.
Do. Months Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore ..48 3-4 unchgd
Do Months ..Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Port.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet but steady.

LINSEED—
Bombay, per 416lbs ex-ship ...49+1-2
Do. Months— ...Sept.-Oct.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.
Tone—Firm
Linseed Calcutta ...47 3+31.
Do. Months—Sept.-Oct. London—Buyers—Firm.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata...45 1-2+3-4
Do Month — ..Sept-Oct.
Do Name of Ports—Hamburg—Value

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed Market . £7-1-6—6d. Sept.-Oct.—Hull—Sellers—Easier.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
Fair Rio Coffee ...9 1-8—1-8

RUBBER
Para Rubber ...3 7 unchgd. Sept.—Sellers. Quiet.

METALS—
Standard Copper G M B ... £73 3-8+1 1-2
Copper Brazier ... £ 89 unchgd.
Yellow Metal ...7 1-2d. unchgd.

FREIGHTS—
Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay—13s. 6d. Value.

ARRIVALS—
"Umzumbi" "Ischia."

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C&F India (Double bags) 12 6 3-4+3-4 1.
Do. Months of Shipments...Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Very quiet.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...11 8 1-4 unchgd
Months of Shipments Jan.-Mar.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 9 6—1-4d.
Months of Shipments ...Sept.—Sellers. 9 1 3-4—1-2d.—Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet. E-sier.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ...13 4 1-2 unchgd.
Months of Shipments ...Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Bombay ... 11 4 1-2 unchgd.
Month of Shipments Sept.—Value.
C and F Calcutta ...11 6 unchgd. Sept.—Value.

JAVA SUGAR.
Raw Java 16-18 C and F Calcutta—
Do. 10 10 1-2 —Sept.-Dec.—Value.
Do. 11 1 1-2—Jan.-Mar.—Value.
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi—
Do. 11—Sept.-Dec.—Value.
Do. 11 3— Jan.-Mar.—Value.
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta—
Do. 11 10 1-2—Sept.-Dec.—Value.
Do. 12 1 1-2 - Jan.-Mar.—Value.
Fine White Java C & F Bombay & Karachi—
Do. 12—Sept.-Dec.—Value.
Do 12 3—Jan.-Mar.—Value.
Tone—Quiet. Unchanged.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

WEDNESDAY EVENING. (Sept. 10th 1913.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 8th Sept. 1913.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	33	40,237
B. B. and C. I. Ry	43	51,901

FINANCIAL.

MONEY:—
Bank of Bom. rate since 23th Aug. 5 p.c.
Bank of Bom. „ „ 19th Sept. 5 „
Bank of Mad „ „ 8th July 5 „

The Bank of Bombay has to-day raised its rate of interest one per cent., and it now stands at 5 per cent.

The cash balance of the Bank of Madras is 11 lakhs down. The Bank rate is unchanged.

EXCHANGE:—
The market is firm and rates are unchanged. There has been little business doing either way.

The Banks will be closed to-morrow and on Friday, these being public holidays.

We quote:—

T. T. on London Ready	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Demand Draft Mail	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Credit 3 months sight	...1s. 4 5-16 to 11-32d
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 11-32d. Oct.
Do. do Francs Ready	171 1-2
Do. do Mail „	139 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	..146 1-2
Shanghai „	..199 1-2
Japan „	...149 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—
The market opened at 95 3-16 for Cash and the Settlement and declined early in the day to 95 1-8, but recovered at the close to the opening rate. A small business has been done.

We quote:—

Cash	... Rs.	95	3 0
Settlement	... „	95	3 0

BULLION.—
Yesterday bar silver in London was unchanged at 27 9-16 for ready and 27 11-16 for forward. New York was also unchanged at 59 5-8. The local market opened at 69 11-16 ex duty for the first settlement and closes 1-16 higher as under. A moderate business is reported.

We quote—

English Bar Gold	... Rs.	21	0	6
Australia Gold	... „	24	0	0
Sovereigns Gold	... „	15	0	0
Silver (ex duty)				
Ready	... „	69	14	0
1st Settlement	... „	69	12	0
2nd Settlement	... „	69	15	0
Silver (cum duty)				
Ready	... „	79	4	0
1st Settlement	... „	79	2	0
2nd Settlement	... „	79	5	0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT.—

The following are the latest telegrams received here:—

A STERN AND Co:—Market affected favourably by enormous short covering and by American buying orders. There is very little offering. Market strong. Latest current crop estimates fourteen million bales or under. Think well of buying July August 1914 and selling January February 1915. Risk limited and possibly 30 to 40 points profit.

SMITH CONEY:—Market looks lower temporarily.

GRUNING AND Co:—Short interest appears to be pretty well covered. Whilst holding no very decided view, the chances are in favour of a decline.

WARD AND Co:—Market opened in Liverpool very steady. Very little hedge selling. Prices advanced later on continued short covering. During the afternoon the market was irregular, prices eased on long liquidation and poor reports from New York despite continued buying by the continent. New York heavy long liquidation. Selling well absorbed. Rains in Texas, Oklahoma and Arkansas. Rain is too late to do good. South is very bullish and is holding back from hedge selling. Our travelling man wires from Ellis-court (Texas):—Crop has deteriorated very much.

HABERSHAM KING: (Through Messrs. Breul and Co):—The drought in North Western Texas and Oklahoma has been broken by general rains. Damage from shedding irreparable as rains came too late to do any good. A second growth may set in, but I have very poor hope of any practical result from it. Temperatures in the entire belt are about normal, which is favourable. Now raining west of Mississippi and indications point to rains extending into the eastern belt. Conditions are now favourable over the entire belt.

After advancing 18 to 19 points at the opening, New York closed only 1 point higher yesterday. New Orleans opened 9 to 10 up, and closed 12 down. The market is irregular and further fluctuations are probable. Locally, rates opened easier than last evenings close, and were about the same as those ruling yesterday morning. Good Broach was Rs 312. There has been little business doing in new crop during the day. Speculators seem inclined to look on, and to await further developments at home. Exporters are not buying. For ready cotton there has been a moderate enquiry and rates keep steady. Prices for contracts close irregular as under, the feeling being easier after a week Liverpool opener.

QUOTATIONS:—

OLD CROP

	Rs.	
Fine M. G. Khamgaon Akola	264	Sept
Good Sawginned Dharwar	271	do
Good M. G. Ocompta	286-7	do
Good M. G. Westerns	288-9	do
Good H. G. Westerns	288-4	do
Good M. G. Miraj	302-3	do

NEW CROP.

	Rs.	
Good M. G. Broach	309 1-2	Mar.
Fine M. G. Wardha Hinganghat	319	Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur	316-17	„
„ „ Yeotmal	313	„
„ „ Dhamangaon	310	„
„ „ Koamgaon Akola	3 4-5	„
„ „ Amraoti	304-7	„
„ „ Khandeish	288	„
F. G. „ Khandeish	275-5	„
Fine „ Bengal	270	„
F. G. Bengal	25 -6	„

LIVERPOOL OPENING.—

Opening Tone	... Easy
Estimated Sales	... 7,000
Total Imports	4,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7 00 —14	6·94 —15	6 87 —16
Dec.-Jan.	**Jan.-Feb.**	**Feb.-Mar.**
6 87 —16	6 87 —16	7 87 —16
March-April.	**April-May.**	**May-June**
6·88 —16	6·88 —16	6·88 2 16

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—
The market is steadier. We quote:—

Ready	Rs	8	1	0 B.T.
September	„	8	10	6 B.T.
May 1914	„	9	11	0 B.T.

RAPESEED:—
The market is quiet. We quote:—

Brown Delhi May	Rs.	8	8	0 R.T.
Brown Cawnpore	„	7	10	0 R.T.
Yellow Cawnpore	„	8	10	0 R.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—
Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote.—
Bold White 85p.c, Rs. 56 8 0 Dec.-Jan
Black Kutai Rs. 48 0 0 Jan.-Feb.

POPPYSEED:—
Tone—Quiet. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 11 9 0 B.T.

CASTORSEED:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 36 0 0

COTTONSEED:—
Tone—Quiet. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 25 8

GROUNDNUTS:—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—
New Crop Bold Rs. 47 8 0 Jan.-Feb

MOWRASEED—
Tone—Steady. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 8 1 0 B.T.

WHEAT:—
The market is quiet but steady. We quote.

White Pearl 85 p.c. ready	Rs.	5	0	0 R.T.
White Delhi Sept.	„	4	7	0 R.T.
White Delhi May 1914	„	5	9	6 B.T.

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	...	3,343 bales.
Wheat	...	40,645 cwts.
Linseed	...	19,706 „
Rapeseed	...	1,038 „
Gingellyseed	...	378 „
Poppyseed	...	591 „
Groundnuts	...	879 „
Castorseed	...	3,908 „
Rice	...	14,192 „
Myrabolams	...	10 „
Cottonseed	...	18,225 „
Mowraseed	...	3,305 „
Gram	...	1,447 „
Joowar	...	2,179 „
Maize	...	nil „
Barley	...	113 „

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.

Day's Receipts at U.S. Ports. 46,000 Bales.
Exports to Great Britain ... .
Exports to Continent ... 5,000 do
Spot Cotton at New York ...13·25
Future Cotton at New York Oct. ... ... 13 10+1
Future Cotton at New York Jany. ... ... 12 97+1
Spot closing tone ... ...
Futures closing tone ... Steady

General Tone Market opened:—Steady and advanced on commission house buying, later declined owing to favorable weather reports.

NEW ORLEANS, Sep. 9.

Spot Cotton at New Orleans 12 3-4
Future Cotton at New Orleans—Oct. ... ... 12·95—12
Future Cotton at New Orleans—Jany. ... ... 13 08—12
Future closing tone.— ... Quiet

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 9.

COTTON.

Cotton.—The Liverpool market opened for spot— ... Firm and closed firm
Do. closed for future ... Steady
Do. for East Indian ..... do
Total Day's sales ... 8,000 bales
Sales on spec. and export ... 800 do
Sales of Surats ... .
Total Day's Imports ... 1,000
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown ... 10—15
Good Bhowanuggur ... 5 12-16 l.
Good Bengal ... ... 5 9-16d.
F. G. Bengal ... ... 5 8-16d.
Fine Bengal ... ... 5 10-16d.
Good Madras Westerns Ldn... 5 12-16
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F. ... 61.
Geo. Mayalls Yarns ... 11 1-4
40's ule Twist (Bannermills) 11 1-8
Weft 54 American ... 12 1 8
Weft 80 Egyptian ... 18 7-8
Weft 32's ... 14 5-8
Twist 36 ... 10 7-8
Twist 42 ... 11 7-8
Twist American 60 ... 17
Twist Egyptian 60 ... 18
Twist Egyptian 80 ... 21 1-8
Tone of Fine Yarns— ... Steady
Tone of Coarse Yarns— ... do.
General Tone of Yarn Market— do.
Mid-American at Liverpool ... 7·60+29

Cotton Daily Mid Uplands Y.E.O. Liverpool.

Sept.-Oct.	...	7·14+15
Oct.-Nov.	...	7 04+15
Nov.-Dec.	...	7·03+15
Dec.-Jan.	...	7·03+15
Jan.-Feb.	...	7·03+15
Feb.-Mar.	...	7·03+14
Mar.-Apl.	...	7·04+14
Apl.-May	...	7·04+14
May-June	...	7·04+14

Manchester, Sept. 9.

Manchester Piece Goods Market — Firm, in sympathy with cotton—There is enquiry for shirting Dhooties from Calcutta.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs). Sept.Oct.—London— 47 6 Sellers
Linseed, Bombay exship (per 416 lbs) ...Sept.-Oct.—Antwerp — 48 6 „
Linseed, La Plata .. Sept.- ct. Antwerp— 45 3 „
Linseed, Tone of Market at Close—Quiet but steady
Linseed Tendency of the Market— do
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes... sept. £25-0-0
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes...Nov.-Dec. £24-0-0
Linseed Tone of Market at Close—Steady
Linseed River Plate exports... .....
Poppyseed. Canal...Sept.Oct.-Dunkirk— 65 6 Sellers
Poppyseed Tone of Market at Close... ... ... Steady
Rapeseed. Calcutta Brown Canal. Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk 48 9 „
Rapeseed. Yellow Cawnoore per 416 lbs 85 p. c. exship Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk. 53 6 „
Rapeseed. Yellow Guzerat per 416 lbs 85 p. c. exship Sept.-Oct.—Dunkirk— 54 6 „
Rapeseed. Ferozepore asual bold ... ...
Do. Jamba Red ... ...
Rapeseed. Tone of Market at Close ... ... Steady
Cotton Seed Bombay Parcels Sept.-Oct.—Hull— £ 7-2-6
Cotton Tone of Market at Close... ... ... Steady.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

WHEAT.

Wheat. Choice white Karachi Sellers. Sept-Oct —London— 37 4 1-4 „
Wheat. F. A. Q. Red Karachi (per 492) lbs.)... Sept.-Oct London— Nomi
Wheat. Club No. 2...Sept.-Oct. London— 37 4 1-2 „
Wheat. Choice white Delhi... Sept.-Oct.—London— Nomi „
Do. Tone of market at close.. Quiet.
Do. South Australian Aug-Sep No sellers
Do. Rosario Santa Fe 62 lbs .. do
Do. do Tone of Market at close ... .
Wheat Red Graded American per cental— ... 7 2 3-8
Do. Afloat to U. K. ...1900000 qrs
Do. Stock at U. S Ports ... .

LONDON, Sept. 9.

SUGAR.

German Beetroot 88 p. c. Sellers. F.O.B., Hamburg Sept. 9 6 „
German Beetroot 88 p.c.F.O.B. Hamburg .. ...Oct.-Dec. 9 1 3-4 „
German Beetroot Closing Tone of Market ... ... Quiet
German Granulated C. and F. India (double bags) .....
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags). Oct.-Dec— 12 7 1-2 „
German Closing Tone Market.. Steady
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. Calcutta...Jan.-Mar—11 8 1-4 „
Austrian Closing Tone of Market ... ... Steady.
Austrian Crystals C. I. F., Calcutta ..Sept-Oct.— 11 6 „
Do Bombay do 11 4 1-2 „
Mauritius Crystals Cal...Sept-Oct. .....
Do. do. Bom .....
Mauritius Closing Tone of Market ... .
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and E. Calcutta (double bags) Jan.-Mar.— 13 9
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and E. Calcutta (double Bags) ... ...
Do. Closing Tone of Market Steady

LONDON, Sept. 9,

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Value. C.I.F. Calcutta Sept.-Dec11 „
Java Sugar 16 18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta Jan.-March 13 „
Java Sugar 16 18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi Sept.-Dec ..11 1 1-2 „
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Jan.-March ...11 4 1-2 „
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Sept.-Dec ..12 „
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta Jan.-March ..12 3 „
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi Sept.-Dec 12 1 1-2 „
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi Jan.-March ...12 4 1-2 „
Closing Tone of Market Quiet and
Special Features unchanged

LONDON, Sept. 9.

METALS.

		£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B	...	73	7	6
Copper Best English Selected	...	78	10	0
Copper Braziers	...	88	0	0
Copper Tone of Market—	...	Quiet		
Hard Spelter	...	19	0	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	...	194	0	0
Yellow Metal	...	7	3-8	
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 G, G O B l p. c. F O B L'pool		11	0	0
Silver, Spot ...	...	27 9-16		
Silver 2 months hence ...	...	27 11-16		
Silver Tone of Market...		Quiet but steady		
Silver Special Features				

LONDON, Sept. 9.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot 27 9-16
Silver 2 months 27 11-16
„ Closing Tone of Market— Quiet but steady
„ Tendency, etc., of the Market ... ... do
Rentes 3 per cent ... ... £ 9 1 3-4
Consols 2 1-2 per cent ... £ 73 9-16
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. cent... £ 83 3-4
Sterling loan ... ... £ 8 1 3-4
Govt Securities, 3 per cent ... £ 76 1-2
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent ... £ 63 5-8
Bar Gold per oz Sh ... 77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market—Steady.
Closing Tone of Finance Market—Quiet
Bank of England Rate of Discount ... ... 4 1-2 p. c.
Exchange on India 30 Days 1 3 29-32
London at Paris Fcs ... 25·24 1-2
Berlin cheques on London Mks 20·42 1-2
Newyork (Demand Bills) Dols 4·85 7-8
Interest day to day loans ... 3-8
Interest 7 days Market loans. 2 3-4
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight 3 5-8
Discount Bank Bills 6 months Sight 4
Fine Trade Bills 3 months ... 4 3-8
Fine Trade Bills 6 months ... 4 7-8

LONDON, Sept. 9.

SHELLAC.

Shellac TN Spot dely. 100
Do. TN Sept-Oct. dely. 102
Do. TN Spot Dec. dely. 103 6
Do. Tone of closing market for TN Spot ... Quiet
Do. Tone of closing market for TN Futures Steady.
General Tone of Market— .....

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 10.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales ... 8,000
Tone of Market ... Steady.
Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

Futures.	Latest closing	To-day's opening.
Sept.-Oct....	7·14	7·12
Oct.-Nov....	7·09	7·07
Nov.-Dec....	7·02	7 01
Dec-Jan....	7 03	7 01
Jan.-Feb....	7 03	7·01
Feb.-Mar....	7·03	7·01
Mar.-Apl	7 04	7 02
April-May....	7·04	7·02
May.-June..	7·04	7·02

Nearest Prices at 11 a.m.

THE BANK RATE.

The Bank of Bombay has raised its rate for Demand Loans on the security of Government Paper to Five per centum per annum.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, September 8.

The Weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury:—

Amount Estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1913-14	...£ 21,650,000
Remitted from 1st April, 1913, to 6th Sept. 1913, by Council Bills ...	...£ 7,926,216
Balance to be remitted from 7th Sept. 1913 to 31st Mar 1914	...£ 13,723,784

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS

NAME	Amount.	Paidup.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank Ld.	100	100	18 p c	365
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld ...	100	100	14 „	283
Bank of Bombay ...	500	500	13 „	1765
Bank of India ...	100	50	6 „	67½
Bank of Bengal ...	500	500	14 „	171
Bank of Madras ...	500	500	12 „	140
Bank of Rangoon ...	100	100	7 „	100
Bank of Baroda ...	100	50	7 „	70
Credit Bank of India Ld ...	50	10	5 „	18
Punjab National Bank ...	100	100	9	175
People's Bank of India ...	100	100	10	27
Specie Bank ...	100	50	7	61½
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100		6½	14
Central Bank of India ...	50	25		30½
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Chartered Bank ...	£20	£20	15 p c	£60
Eastern Bank ...	£10	£ 4	4 „	86
Mercantile Bank(a)	25	12-10	8 „	£21½
Do. (b)	25	12-10	8 „	£21½
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	d125	d1.125	£ 4	£87½
National Bank of India ...	25	12½	12½ „	615

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced ...	500	500	25	920
Alliance ...	1000	1000	...	75
Berar Mfg ...	200	200	...	70
Bombay Cotton Mfg ...	500	500	40	237½
Bombay Dyeing and M Co ..	250	250	15	745
Bombay United ...	250	250	25	525
Century ...	100	100	3	269
Central India ...	500	500	70	2050
China ...	1000	1000	...	680
Chho Silk ...	500	500	20	425
Colaba Land and Mill ...	700	700	30	1475
Coronation Mill ...	500	500	...	400
Connaught ...	300	300	...	175
Coorla ...	1000	1000	40	700
Crescent ...	100	100	20	130
Cutrimboy ...	250	250	12½	261
Crown ...	500	500	20	800
David ...	450	250	10	577½
Emperor Edward..	500	500	10	500
Empress ...	500	500	...	145
Edward Sassoon Mill ...	200	200	6	190
Fazulbhoy ...	250	250	15	617½
Framji Petit ...	1000	1000	25	1630
Finlay Mills ...	250	250	10	333½
God Mohur ...	500	500	yr. 20	475
Hindustan ...	1000	1000	25	660
Hy o w a r d and Bullough ...	500	500	15	400
Hirabai ...	1000	1000	40	1200
Imperial Cotton ...	500	500	...	110
Indian Mfg ...	1000	1000	...	460
Indo-China Mfg ...	1000	1000	60	1000
James Greaves ...	500	500	...	200
Jamshed Mfg ...	250	250	5	135
Jivraj Baloo ...	1000	1000	...	420
Jubilee Mills ...	1000	1000	...	250
Khandesh ...	1000	600	25	350
Khatow Makonjee...	1000	1000	45	1490
Kohinoor ...	500	500	15	777½
Leopold ...	...	...	...	..
Lakshmi Cotton ...	1000	1000	yr. 100	1445
Madras United ...	1000	1000	50	2175
Madhavji Dharamsay ...	500	500	65	1350x d
Maneckji Petit ...	1000	1000	80	3070
Morarji Goculdas ...	1000	1000	60	3400
Mysore Spinning...	250	250	...	50
Mysore Spinning...	30	30	...	...
Moon ...	1000	1000	...	100
New Great Eastern ...	200	200	6	237½
New City of Bombay ...	500	500	35	1040
Phœnix ...	100	100	6	162½
Presidency ...	1000	1000	...	200
Sassoon Cotton ...	1000	1000	50	727½
Sassoon Silk ...	500	500	yr. 35	350
Sholapur ...	100	100	125	4800
S Mahratha ...	250	250	15	57½
Standard Mills ...	500	500	25	1360
Sun ...	250	250	Nil	115
Swan...	250	250	10	282½x
Swadesh ...	500	500	25	1580
Textile ...	500	500	30	1355
Vishnu Cotton ...	500	500	Nil	470
do P ...	500	500	Nil	670
Western India ...	1000	1000	225	645

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown and Co ...	100	100	6 p c.	156
All India Ut. Co. Ld ...	100	20	5 „	12½
Bamankus ...	10	10	...	4
Back Bay Bath ...	50	50	6 p. c.	28
Badham Pile ...	70	70	7 p. c.	93
Baroda Trans. Co...	100	100	4 p. c.	60
Bombay Burmah T. Corpn	125	125	15 p. c.	675
Bombay Electric S. and T. Co Ld...	£10	£10	Nil	185
Do. do P	£10	£10	6 p. c.	174
Bombay Ice Mfg ...	100	100	2 p. c.	17½
Bombay Flour Mill ...	500	500	20	930
Bombay Land and Building	500	500	5 p. c.	...
Bombay S. N. Co.O.	250	250	7-8	222½
Do. do. P.	250	250	6	275
Central I. M. Co., Ld	10	10	8½	27½
Delhi Flour	200	200	10	100
Empire of I. L. A...	500	50	30 p. c.	300
Jones Roberts and Co... ...	100	100	5 p. c.	200
Josts Fans Supply Co	100	100	10 p.c.	205 90
Kemp and Co	200	175	12½ „	175
Karachi Landing.	200	75	12	115
Marcks and Co ...	100	100	8	101
Marshall Price and Co	100	100	4 p

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

THE ST. LEGER.

OUTSIDER'S VICTORY AT 50 TO 1.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The result of the St. Leger is ;

Night Hawk	1
White Magic	2
Seremond	3

Midnight betting on Tuesday was:—

5 to 2	against	Louvois.
5 to 1	„	Aghdoe.
11 to 2	„	Bachelor's Wedding
100 to 6	„	Curragh and Arda.
20 to 1	„	Taslett.
25 to 1	„	Birlingham,
100 to 3	„	Seremond,
40 to 1	„	Jameson and Kingsborough.—Reuter.

Starting price betting was :—

50 to 1	against	Night Hawk.
33 to 1	„	White Magic.
33 to 1	„	Seremond.

Twelve ran.

The race was won by two lengths, with three lengths between second and third.

The order of finishing was Arda, Taslett, Birlingham, Roseworthy, Jameson, Curragh, Louvois, Achdoe, Bachelor's Wedding.

STARTERS.

The list of starters is as follows :—

Aghdoe	ridden by Maher.
Arda	„ Earl.
Bachelor's Wedding	„ Donoghue.
Birlingham	„ Whalley.
Curragh	„ Stern.
Jameson	„ Walter Griggs.
Louvois	„ Saxby.
Night Hawk	„ Wheatley.
Roseworthy	„ Higgs.
Seremond	„ Spear.
White Magic	„ Wootton.
Taslett	No jockey stated.

Harry of Hereford was scratched at 2-30 p. m. to-day.—Reuter.

TWO-YEAR-OLD FORM.

TETRARCH MAINTAINS HIS RECORD.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Intense interest centred in the Champagne Stakes to-day, the Tetrarch beating Stornoway in a canter by three lengths.

They are the best two-year-olds. The result maintains the Tetrarch's phenomenal form and its unbeaten record.—Reuter.

POLO AT POONA.

COMPETITION IN OPEN TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Sept. 10.

The semi-finals for the Poona Open Polo Tournament were played off on the race-course ground this afternoon, and some very fine play was witnessed. Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon and the Government House party and almost all Poona society were present and were hospitably entertained by Colonel Pike, D.S.O., and the officers of the R. A. M. S., assisted by the Band of the 105th Mahrattas. Though the first game was hotly contested, the Inniskillings proved themselves far too good for their rivals. Had the 30th Lancers been drawn against any other team, the general opinion is that they would have come off triumphant.

The teams were :—Inniskilling Dragoons, Messrs Freer-Smith, and Humpfrey, Captains Ritson, and Colmore (back).

32nd Lancers—Messrs. Jhonstone, Sherwood-Smith, Captain Fergusson-Pollock and Mr. Walker (back).

Umpires—Major Anderson and Captain Wood.

First chukker—The Lancers quickly got on the attack and scored. From the change of ends, the Dragoons equally quickly scored, after which they were more or less threatening the Lancers flags, but no further score was registered.

Score.—one goal all.

Second chukker.—In this chukker, both teams played splendidly and there was very little to choose between them. The Inniskillings got two more goals and the Lancers increased their score by one goal.

Third chukker.—In this bout, the Inniskillings had by far the best of the game, Ritson and Colmore showing up splendidly. At the close of time, the Dragoons' total score was six goals to two.

Fourth chukker.—The Inniskillings continued to control the game and confined most of the play to the Lancers' ground, and put up two more goals to their credit.

Fifth chukker.—Both teams played a very level game both in attack and defence. The score at the conclusion stood, Inniskillings nine goals to four.

Sixth chukker.—This was much of the same character as the previous chukker, both teams showing up well. The Inniskillings came off winners by eleven goals to four.

THE SECOND GAME.

The second game was between the two old rival teams, the 26th Cavalry comprising Messrs. Armstrong, Jhonson, Captain Chaytor, and Mr. Collum (backs), and the Poona Horse, comprising Captains Kayomond, Alderson, Hilderbrand, and Lucas (backs). The umpires were Major Anderson and Capt. Wood. This was an uninteresting and slow game neither of the two teams showing any of the form that Poona spectators have been accustomed to in the past when they had been engaged.

The Poona Horse had the best of the game, and finally came out winners by seven goals to nil.

CRICKET TOURNAMENT IN BOMBAY.

GREAT VICTORY BY MAHOMEDANS.

PARSIS BEATEN BY A SMALL MARGIN.

GREAT EXCITEMENT ON THE FIELD.

All praise is due to the Mahomedans for their victory by 18 runs, yesterday, over their redoubtable adversaries. The Parsis had 41 runs to make yesterday morning with 4 wickets in hand, but they fell short of the requisite number by 18. The rain that fell in the morning helped the bowlers considerably and it is chiefly due to this that the remaining wickets fell so cheaply. Not to say that the bowling was not up to the mark—in fact, it was as good if not better than that of the concluding stages of the match, the previous evening; but at the same time, the softer pitch helped the bowlers to get more work on the ball. The bowling honours of the Mahomedan side go to S. Mahomed and S. Aziz. The former is a medium left-hand bowler who can make the ball come in both ways, and, moreover, is very difficult to punish as he keeps an excellent length, and breaks from wicket to wicket. Out of 22 overs he had no less than 17 maidens with 3 wickets, costing only 11 runs. S. Aziz, a fast right-arm bowler, took 7 wickets for 58 runs and he would have had a far better analysis if he had not continued bowling towards the finish of play on Tuesday evening, when, being tired, he bowled a few loose ones which were punished.

UNBOUNDED ENTHUSIASM.

The ground was thronged with spectators and their enthusiasm was unbounded. The supporters of the Mahomedans, at the conclusion of the match, were so carried away by their feelings that they lost their dignified reserve and gave vent to shout upon shout of feverish exultation. Of course, there was an excuse for this, for after being ignored for several years by the so-called cricketing experts, the Mahomedans managed at their first attempt last year to defeat the Europeans in the Quadrangular matches and this year they have gone a step—and a big step—further by defeating the Parsis who confidently expected to repeat their almost monotonous succession of wins in Bombay.

Mention must also be made of the great attempt of Elchidana and Parakh to right matters, and there is no doubt that the Parsis can fight against odds in a most commendable manner, for the fall of 6 of their best batsmen for 27 was enough to discourage any players, and yet the fight was taken on to within 18 runs of their rivals' total. It is no use crying over spilt milk, and the match is over, but surely the inclusion of Dr. Pavri and Mulla would have altered matters considerably. As we have said before, the Doctor is simply uncanny in his methods of disposing of his opponents (in cricket of course) and a strong hitter like Mulla might easily have turned the tables yesterday morning by a few of his speedy boundary hits.

THE GAME.

The game was resumed this morning at 10 minutes to one o'clock, the fairly heavy rain of the morning causing a delay of nearly an hour. The two over-night not outs, Elchidana and Parakh, continued their innings to the attack of S Aziz from the Gymkhana and Saleh Mahomed from the other end. The batsmen started very cautiously and the first 10 runs consisted of 7 byes and three singles. Ninty went up with a snick to leg by Elchidana, followed by a cut for one by Parakh off Aziz. Saleh Mahomed then sent down a maiden, and the first ball of the next over from Aziz beat Elchidana but did not get the wicket; however, the bowler had his revenge two balls later by beating Elchidana this time with success. The batsman played right forward but was absolutely nonplussed (91-7-28). This patnership produced a stand of 64 runs and was the best of the whole match. Elavia followed and was nearly bowled in the same over. The 3rd ball of Saleh Mahomed clean beat Parakh but without hitting the sticks. The Parsis now required 29 runs to win, and Elavia rubbed off 3 of these by pulling a short one from Aziz towards the leg boundary. However, next ball from Aziz brought about Parakh's downfall. The batsman touched a fast, short, rising ball and was caught by Ali in the slips, (94-8-23). Parakh like Elchidana played a splendid innings and did his best to put his side on an equality with the Mahomedans. Canteenwalla took his place and put Aziz twice to leg for 2, bringing the score to 98,—21 short of the Mahomedans.

THE GAP REDUCED.

A snick to leg for one by Elavia off Mahomed further lessened the gap, but next ball Canteenwalla stepped straight in front of a straight one from Mahomed and was given out leg before wicket (99-9-4). Mirza, the last man, next followed and the Parsis saw defeat staring them in the face. An amusing incident now took place, a Mahomedan schoolmaster having to subdue the ardour of the juveniles in his tent by threatening them with a cane. Two more runs off Aziz were added by Mirza—one of which was due to an overthrow. The last ball of the over gave a chance by Elavia off Aziz to the wicket-keeper who dropped the ball. This mistake was remedied by the first ball of the next over of Saleh Mahomed. The ball jumped, hit Mirza on the thigh and then rolled into the wickets. (101-10-0) Elavia was undefeated with 6 to his credit. The innings closed at 1-30 p.m. and the Mahomedans thus won a most exciting match by 18 runs.

There was not much between the rivals at the finish, and both teams are to be heartily congratulated on giving Bombay one of the most thrilling exhibitions of cricket it has witnessed.

MAHOMEDANS.

1ST INNINGS.

S. U. Patel, c Driver, b Kanga	2
C. M. Ali, c Warden, b Kanga	12
M. Yusuf Beg, c Driver, b Kanga	0
S. A. Aziz, c and b Mirza	1
F. Khan, c Kapadia, b Warden	17
Nazir Hussein, c Vajifdar, b Warden	32
S. Mahamood, c Canteenwalla, b Parekh	2
Saleh Mahomed, l-b-w b Parekh	4
Abdul Aziz, b Warden	1
K. Tamboowalla, c Parekh, b Warden	0
Peer Mahomed Irfani, not out	2
Extras	2
Total	75

2ND INNINGS.

C. M. Ali, b Warden	1
K. Tamboowalla, b Kanga	4
Abdul Aziz, c Mehromji, b Warden	14
S. U. Patel, c Canteenwalla, b Mirza	16
F. Khan, b Warden	0
Yusuf Beg, c Canteenwalla, b Elavia	16
Nazir Hussein, c Mirza, b Warden	15
S. Aziz, l-b-w b Warden	16
Saleh Mahomed, c Mirza, b Kanga	20
Shaikh Mahomed, not out	18
Peer Mahomed Irfani, c Mirza, b Kanga	17
Extras	1
Total	138

PARSIS.

1ST INNINGS.

J. Elchidana, run out	0
R. P. Mehromji, c Tamboowalla, b S. Mahomed	2
H. D. Kanga, l-b-w, b S. Mahomed	33
J. S. Warden, b S. Aziz	7
D. D. Driver, c Yusuf Beg, b S. Aziz	1
D. K. Kapadia, b S. Mahomed	26
H. J. Vajifdar, c Tamboowalla, b A. Aziz	5
J. Canteenwalla, b A. Aziz	0
M D Parekh, c Tumboowalla, b S. Aziz	19
J. A. Elavia, b S. Aziz	0
B. H. Mirza, not out	0
Extras	1
Total	94

2ND INNINGS.

H. D. Kanga, b S. Mahomed	12
R. P. Mehromji, b S. Aziz	5
D. D. Driver, b S. Aziz	0
J. S. Warden, c Tamboowalla, b S. Aziz	5
D.K. Kapadia, c S. Mahomed, b S. Aziz	2
J. Elchidana, b S. Aziz	28
H. J. Vajifdar, b S. Aziz	0
M. D. Parekh, c Ali, b S. Aziz	23
J. A. Elavia, not out	6
J. Canteenwalla, l-b-w, b S. Mahomed	4
B. H. Mirza, b S Mahomed	0
Extras	16
Total	101

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

PARSIS.

1ST INNINGS.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Kanga	11	13	5	3
Mirza	11	30	6	1
Parekh	6 2	15	1	2
Warden	6	15	3	4

2ND INNINGS.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Kanga	16·3	32	7	3
Warden	27	50	12	5
Elavia	5	19	6	1
Mirza	5	26	0	1
Parekh	1	10	0	0

MAHOMEDANS.

1ST INNINGS.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
S. Mahomed	21	36	10	3
S. Aziz	14·5	24	6	4
A. Aziz	8	26	0	2
K. Tamboowalla	2	7	0	0

2ND INNINGS.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Mahomed	22·1	11	17	3
S. Aziz	22	58	5	7
Nazir Hussein	2	6	1	0
Ali	2	8	0	0
Abdul Aziz	3	2	1	0

MISCELLANEOUS MATCHES.

EUROPEANS vs. HINDUS.

The names of the Hindu players have already been given. The following will represent the Europeans to-day :—

F. L. Sprott.
C. H. Wilson.
G. S. Dobbie.
F. F. Stileman.
Capt. Haughton.
G. C. Phillips.
S. E. West (from Karachi).
C. J. Maclaren.
G. L. Colbeck.
E. E. Christie.
Sgt. Byford.

Without going into details, the team appears to be strong enough in bowling, but one cannot quite see where the runs are going to come from.

BELGAUM GYMKHANA vs. THE NORFOLK REGT.

This match was played at Belgaum on September 5th and 6th. Scores :—

BELGAUM.

1st Innings.

Mr Morse, b Eenever	1
Mr Nunes, c Johnson, b Eenever	22
Capt Cooper, c Eenever, b Johnson	49
Rev Hall, c and b Johnson	10
Col Fowler, c Capt Montgomerie, b Pearson	9
Capt Scaife, c Pearson, b Johnson	46
Mr Rich st Orton, b Lloyd	49
Mr Hiley, b Eenever	1
Capt Cumming, not out	24
Capt Peel, b Johnson	6
Mr Miller, c Orton, b Eenever	4
Extras	14
Total	232

THE NORFOLK REGT.

1st Innings.

Mr Oston, b Miller	11
Pearson, c Miller, b Col Fowler	25
Eenever, b Col Fowler	4
Mr Lloyd, c Nance, b Col Fowler	10
Sivock, l-b-w b Miller	14
Crickmore, l-b-w b Mosse	0
Mr Horner, c Col Fowler, b Mosse	2
Johnson, c Rich, b Scaife	0
Capt de Grey, b Cooper	9
Capt Montgomerie, not out	7
Siddle, b Cooper	9
Extras	11
Total	102

2nd Innings.

Capt Montgomerie, b Cooper	1
Mr Lloyd, c Mosse, b Mosse	11
Pearson, c Cooper, b Miller	4
Mr Eenever, c Cooper, b Col Fowler	0
Mr Crickmore, c Miller, b Col. Fowler	8
Mr Orton, c Mosse, b Miller	0
Mr Sivock, b Miller	1
Capt de Grey, c and b Scaife	5
Mr Horner, l-b-w b Scaife	7
Mr Siddle, c Cooper, b Mosse	0
Mr Johnson, not out	16
Extras	11
Total	64

GYMKHANA MUD SPORTS.

A SMALL MEETING.

The weekly Mud Sports were held yesterday. The ground was in good condition, but the entries were not numerous and spectators few in number, probably owing to a surfeit of watching cricket.

An excellent innovation was the announcement of winners' names by mega phone.

EVENT 1.—TILTING AT THE RING AND TENT PEGGING.—Competitors will take the ring first, then a jump, and finally a single peg.

At the first attempt Baird took the ring and nearly got his peg, and Brownrigg took the peg. Aylward went at a great pace as usual.

At the second attempt Wallace took the ring and had hard luck with the peg. Baird took both and jumped well. Brownrigg and Stranger both took the peg.

RESULT : 1, Baird and 2, Wallace.

THE LADIES' EVENT was not held as only one competitor turned out.

EVENT No. 3.—INDIVIDUAL JUMPING, HORSES AND PONIES.

There were four jumps, hurdle, wall or piano case, bar and double hurdle.

Allum rode first but his horse refused the wall twice and he had to retire.

Aylward touched the first and second but took the others well. Spence got over the first two well, touched the bar and to use a sporting term "had a walk-over at the double." F. G. Kennedy touched the bar and double. Pearson touched the first hurdle but took the other jumps excellently.

A. Kennedy touched the wall after one refusal at the bar and Morris touched the first hurdle, otherwise jumping beautifully, especially the double hurdles.

Pearson and Morris rode it off. Pearson touched the first, took one brick off the wall and did not do over well at the double. Morris also touched the first but took the others excellently.

RESULT: 1, Morris and 2, E. G. Pearson.

EVENT No. 4.—MUSICAL CHAIRS.

There were six competitors, Wallace and A. Kennedy being the last two left in Kennedy won by a quick dismount.

EVENT No. 5.—SCURRY.

A really excellent race resulted in E. G. Pearson coming in first by half a length, Landon on Kim being second.

EVENT No. 6.—RUNNING THE GAUNTLET —Ladies' Nomination. Men will ride over hurdle and ladies willthrow chalked tennis balls at them. Men must wear dark coats. The onewith least chalk marks will win.

The competitors were gradually eliminated. The ladies however rather sacrified accuracy of aim for rapidity of fire.

Wallace and Baird were the last unscathed warriors, and a tie was given at the second ride off. Hard-boiled Eggs should make this event quite exciting.

DEFEAT OF RAY AND VARDON.

DEADLY PUTTING BY AMERICANS.

If early results are any criterion Vardon and Ray, the famous English golfers, who will compete in the American Championship next month, will have their hands full, writes an American correspondent in going through the field of professional gathered at Delaware at the Shawnee Country Club's course for a seventy-two hole stroke competition.

In a four-ball match on Aug. 21 Gil Nicholls and Fred McLeod defeated the Englishmen by one up. The match attracted a "gallery" of several hundred people, including many well-known amateurs, felt who their clubs in their lockers so as to view the work of the masters. Off the tee the former champions of Great Britain were giants, Ray in particular getting away drives which for length had never been seen before at Shawnee. At the seventh hole, a matter of 530 yards, he reached the green with a drive and a cleek, while Vardon was well up with his second shot, using a wooden club.

But it takes more than long drives to win matches, and both Ray and Vardon soon found that against the deadly putting of their opponents it was impossible to make any headway. Nicholls was in fine form going out in 37 and being even fours for twelve holes.

At that stage Vardon and Ray were 3 down, and as the next two holes were halved their task seemed hopeless. Yet they managed to win the sixteenth and seventeenth, and only missed squaring accounts on the home green, where Vardon's thirty-foot try for a three rimmed the cup.

The visitors lost the match on the greens, where putt after putt just failed to go down.

As is the case with all visitors when first playing on this course, Ray and Vardon found distances deceptive. Towering mountains, one on either side of the course, are doubtless responsible for this. The green looks many yards nearer than it really is, and that probably accounts for several of the approaches which failed to get up.

Always aggressive, McDermott lost no time in informing Vardon and Ray that they could be accommodated with a fourball match at Atlantic City, provided they would agree to the winners taking 80 per cent. and the losers 20 per cent. of the purse, which should be of dollars 500 (£100). McDermott would take Gill Nicholls for partner.

As the visitors have arranged their exhibitions for a stated sum, they replied that a contest on the lines McDermott suggested was out of the question.

American golfers express themselves in optimistic terms regarding the outcome of the impending contest.

GOLF AT NASIK.

CHALLENGE SHIELD PLAY COMMENCES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, Sept. 10.

The weather conditions were again all that could be desired, as some rain fell during the night while the morning was a glorious one.

The competitions for the Challenge Shield and Captain's Cup were started simultaneously. In the former, some very close matches were seen, no less than 4 out of the 8 going to the last green.

The results were as follows.—

Cockrane v. Begbie.—The former player has not found his game yet, and Begbie playing steadily had no difficulty in defeating him, winning by 7 up and six to play.

R. Boyd walked over; Coombs scratched.

Kennedy v. Lowson.—The former lost the first 3 holes by bad putting but got a hole back at the 4th with a fine 4. However, he lost the 5th and two halves followed. Kennedy lost the short 8th in four to his oppenent's 3, but won the 9th in a steady 5. Lowson was out in 44 and was then 3 up. Coming home, Kennedy was on the green with his second at the 10th, Lowson being short, but he laid Kennedy a dead stymie with his fourth and won the hole. At the quarry Lowson put a beautiful shot on to the green, Kennedy being in the bunker to the left of the hole. He was too strong with his second, holed out with a mashie and secured a half in 3. The Pipal Tree was halved in four, and Lowson won the 13th in 4, Kennedy missing a short putt. This made Lowson dormy 5, but Kennedy got a hole back at the 14th. Port Arthur was halved in an indifferent 6. This gave Lowson the match by 4 and 3.

AN EVEN GAME.

McLeod v. Nicholson.—This was a very close game, the pair being very evenly matched. They won and lost holes alternately, and at the 9th were all square. The same sort of play continued, neither side being able to obtain much advantage. At Port Arthur, McLeod was on the green with his second, Nicholson being short, but the former took no less than four putts and Nicholson won the hole in 5. They were all square at the 16th but Nicholson lost the 17th, his ball only just clearing the cotton-field and being tucked up under the cactus hedge. This made McLeod dormy, and Nicholson putting his second into the ditch at the last hole became 2 down, his opponent holing out in 5.

England and Roberts.—Here again a close game was witnessed, and some good golf displayed. Roberts was playing very well and was 1 up going to the 7th which was halved. England won the 8th and the 9th was halved in 4, England holing a shot from the edge of the green. All square at the turn. England won the 10th in 5, Roberts being in the ditch with his second. Roberts won the 11th in 2, and the 12th was halved in 4. There was another half in 3 at the 13th but England got a hole back at the 14th, Roberts missing his drive. At Port Arthur Roberts had a chance of squaring the match, but missed a short putt. However, he won the 16th giving England a difficult stymie which he failed to negotiate. England won the 17th and thus became dormy 1 and, securing the necessary half at the last won by 1 up.

ANOTHER CLOSE MATCH.

Adair and Ogilvy.—Another very interesting match, and there was never more than 1 hole between the players. Adair started with 5 and won the hole. They halved the second in 5, but Adair lost the third. The 4th was halved in 5, but Adair regained his lead at the 5th with a 4. The sixth was halved in 5, both players missing their drives badly. Ogilvy won the 7th and 8th in 5 and 3, respectively, but Adair got a fine 4 at the 9th and they turned all square. Each was out in 44. The 10th was halved in 5, and the 11th in 3. Adair won at the Pipal Tree in 4, Ogilvy missing his tee shot and being in the rough to the left of the hole. The 13th was halved in 4, but Ogilvy squared the match again at the 14th hole, Adair being in the ditch off his drive and taking 6 to hole out. However, he obtained a good 4 at Port Arthur, his second being just up. He missed his drive at the 16th, and Ogilvy again squared the match with a good 4. Both were on the green with their tee shot at the 17th but Ogilvy was very short with his approach putt and Adair became dormy 1, with a good 2. At the 18th. Ogilvy's drive lay very close to the cactus hedge and although Adair played his second and third indifferently, he secured the hole and the match 2 up.

Inglis and Cook.—The latter found Inglis playing a very good game. He took a 6 to the 3rd hole and five to the 5th. The 7th and 8th were won by Inglis, and Cook secured a half at the 9th, Inglis being thus 4 up at the turn. The 10th was halved in 5. Inglis won the 11th in 2, putting down a fine putt. He also took the Pipal Tree in 3, becoming 6 up. The 14th was halved in 4, Inglis thus winning the match by 6 up and 5.

Monteith v. F. Boyd.—Another very close match which Boyd took to the last green before he had to acknowledge defeat.

THE CAPTAIN'S CUP.

Results of the first round so far are:—

Pipe beat Robertson, 4 and 2.
Bedwell beat Lynch Blosse, 2 and 1.
Duxbury beat Mackay, 1 up.
Curry beat Sanderson, 5 and 4.
Johnstone beat Smith, 4 and 3
Gilbert beat von Bock, 7 and 5.
Tenannt beat Denning.
Watts beat Owen, 4 and 2.
Scotson beat Greaves, 3 and 2.
Kidd beat Wurtele, 5 and 4.
Harrison beat Jude, 5 and 4.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S EULOGY OF GOLF.

An enthusiastic eulogy of golf was pronounced by the Chancellor of the Exchequer Mr. Lloyd George, in distributing the prizes of the Cricklelth golf tourney. He described golf as the greatest discovery of the age for middle-aged people engaged in sedentary pursuits like himself. It was a game for every season, and for people of every age. It was the only game in which the worse player got the best off for a good player worried over the slightest mistake, while the poor player made too many to worry about any of them.

FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

GYMKHANA BEAT THE BOMBAY ATHLETIC.

The Harwood League fixtures were resumed yesterday on the Cooperage, when the Bombay Gymkhana met the Bombay Athletic Club. The attendance was small, probably because the public need a reminder that the football season has not come to a close yet. There will be matches every week day on the Cooperage up to the end of this month, when the Harwood League comes to an end. Afterwards the new Charity Competition takes place.

The game yesterday was won comfortably by the Gymkhana by 3 goals to 1, which about represents the value of the teams, although, in fairness to the Athletic, it must be mentioned that they were one man short. It was not a great game, and it was evident that the majority of players had put in no practice for some two or three weeks. There were missed opportunities on both sides, but the Gymkhana forwards were more to blame than the Athletic.

THE GAME.

The game started fairly quietly, but it was not long before Templeton put the ball past the Gymkhana backs, who were rather far up the field. He might well have scored, but shot outside the goal. The Gymkhana pressed consistently after this, and Moir put the leather outside when fairly well placed. At the other end Templeton did likewise. Taking play into their opponents' territory, the Gymkhana opened the score. Evans took the ball down the right wing and centred, Moir getting the ball and banging it in the net from close quarters (Gymkhana 1, Athletic 0).

The Athletic did a little attacking after this, Rockley being prominent, but no score resulted, and it was not long before the Gymkhana increased their lead. The ball went along the touch-line to Evans, who put it past Templeton, and cut in towards goal, finding the net with a high shot which the goal-keeper allowed to escape through his hands (Gymkhana 2, Athletic 0).

Half-time :—

THE SECOND HALF.

Bombay Gymkhana ..... 2 goals.
Bombay Athletic..... 0.

The Gymkhana cotinued to have the better of matters on the resumption, and Moir put in a promising run, but Adams's shot was cleared. Off-side was twice given against the Gymkhana, and they were temporarily driven back, but they soon rallied, and Moir and Rollo took the play back. Moir tricked through the defence and neatly scored the third goal (Gymkhana 3, Athletic 0.)

Stung by these reverses, the Athletic put more determination into their play, but Waddams put in a good bit of defensive work when Rockley and Belton got going. The Gymkhana kept up a fairly continuous pressure, but Rockley in goal defended well. Moir shot wide, and then a remarkably easy chance fell to Adams. He got clean through, and mis-kicked. He recovered, however, and tamely kicked the ball to the goal-keeper, who cleared. Apparently the Gymkhana forward thought that the whistle had gone, for otherwise he could hardly have helped scoring.

By way of a change F. Rockley got clear away, and notched a point for the Athletic (Gymkhana 3, Athletic 1). It was quite a useful individual effort and he followed up with two shots in quick succession, which found the wrong side of the net. Adams was winded, and on resuming a chance fell to him, but he failed to turn it to account.

Result :—

Bombay Gymkhana... 3 goals.
Bombay Athletic ..... 1 goal.

The teams were :—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA (black and gold, white knickers): Heemskerk; Kilby and Simmonds; Rollo, Barrett, and Waddams; Evans, Osborne Smith, Moir, Adams and Pearson.

BOMBAY ATHLETIC (black and white)—A. Rockley; Walton and C. Templeton; Butt, Knight and Schultz; F. Rockley, Belton, H. Templeton, and Robinson.

TO-DAY'S GAME.

Y. M. C. A. vs. Hornets. Kick-off 5-30 p. m.

MILITARY GAME AT POONA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Sept. 10.

The Norfolks and the Loyal North Lancs this evening met to decide the tie which resulted at their previous meeting. On this occasion, however, the visitors did not show to advantage and especially towards the close of the game were unable to hold the Lancs' forwards in check. They began well, scoring the first goal, but shortly after Lancs were awarded a penalty and equalized. The latter continued to have the better and scored again. In the second moisty the Lancs were the aggressors throughout the greater part of the play, and added two more goals, winning by four goals to the Norfolks" one goal.'

COMEDIANS' GOLF MATCH.

By three up and one to play Mr. Harry Lauder, who claimed the golf championship of the Palladium, defeated "Little Tich," his challenger, at golf on the Mid-Surrey Links. "Little Tich," who used little clubs specially made for him, got in some remarkable shots out of the rough. It was almost a case of "lost man" when the diminutive comedian got into the long grass. When Lauder was three up with three to play the players gave selections from their repertoires. The game ended on the seventeenth green. The scores for the seventeen holes were: Lauder (out 51, home 49), 100; "Little Tich" (out 52, home 49), 101.

BANGALORE RIFLE MEETING

TIES FOR LORD PENTLAND'S PRIZES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HEBBAL CAMP, Sept. 10,

There was heavy rain last night, but at the S. I. R. A. Meeting to-day we had a bright sunshining and tricky breeze blowing throughout the day. The usual unlimited matches, and the daily sweepstakes were fired this morning at 700 and 1,000 yards.

Field practice matches, for the British and Indian Army were fired this afternoon about three miles out of Hebbal. The teams were taken down and brought back in motors and drays. These matches, although not encouraged very much in Volunteer Corps, were thoroughly appreciated by the competitos and taking the results generally they rendered a very good account of themselves, beating the Regulars fairly easily. Results:—

700 YARDS.

Cr.-Sgt. Instr. W. G. Tomlinson E. C. V. R.—35.

Sergt. H. Stafford, B. R. V.—32

Lt M. L. A. Gompertz, 108th Infy.—32.

Sergt.-Major Darby 2-M. and S. M. Ry.—32.

Vol. F. Rozario, S. I. R. V.—32.

Corpl. E. J. Webb. N. V. R —32.

There were seventeen other scores: Two twenty-fives, counting.

1,000 YARDS.

Vol. F. Rozario, S. I. R. V.—35.

Lt.-Col. W. Ward. N. V. R.—34; Sergt. A. S. Alcock, G. I. P. Ry.—34; Sgt. G. Maunder, K. G. F. V.—33; Sgt. W. Paul, K. G. F. V.—33; Lce.-Cpl. J. Niven 1 G. I. P. Ry., 33; Cr.-Sgt. W. (?), G. I. P Ry, 32; Cpl. A. E. Hutchins, 1 G. I. P. Ry., 32; Qr.-Mr.-Sgt. Soundy, B. V. R.—31; and Sgt.-Major Instr. W. Siggers, B. V. A. 30.

KOLAR GOLD FIELD STAKES.

The Field Practice match No. 33, in the Kolar Gold Field stakes, distance unknown, Rs. 140, presented by the Mining Companies, and Rs. 15 added; pairs of men —2 falling plates, 12-12-2 chatties filled with water, fired at after plates down; screen 6-10, with three figures fired at after chatties are broken.

G. I. P. Railway Vols, first.

Kolar G. F. Rifles, second; 2 Buffs-Royal Inniskillings, Tie, third.

GOVERNOR'S PRIZE.

Match No. 34.—Individual field practice, Governors's prize, distance unknown. Rs. 150 presented H. E. the Rt. Hon. John Sinclair Baron Pentland of Lyth. Governor of Madras. 7 falling plates, 12 inches by 12 inches, for each man out of sight at staring point. Competitors double about 100 yards to a point which will be indicated and from which the target will be visible. Time 50 secs from whistle sounding :—

Bangalore Rifle Vols, first.

7th Hussars and 1-Inniskillings, tie, second.

Bombay Vol. Rifles and 2-Buffs, tie, third.

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Thursday, 11th Sept. 1913.

PARSI PROBLEMS DURING THE YEAR.

THE Parsi Year which closes to-day has been marked by no striking event among the community, but there are several minor occurrences which deserve some notice as they may have considerable effect upon the community in the coming years. First there is the matter of the calendar which needs reform. There have been several spasmodic efforts in past years to set it right; but all of them have been fruitless. The late Mr. K. R. Cama, whose death four years ago was a great blow to the reform party, had dedicated enthusiastically the labours of a long lifetime almost solely to the rectification of the Parsi Calendar; but he failed in gaining very large acceptance of his scheme, though he founded a small society of followers. This society is moribund, but the last months of the closing year saw another attempt made towards the same object. But we are afraid the new effort will not meet with more success than Mr. Cama obtained, and that for very nearly the same reasons, its leaders have not much influence with the large mass of the community without whose cordial support nothing can be done. Everybody now sees that time is wrongly reckoned, but the priests have much to say before the needed change could be adopted by the whole community. This priestly class which is ultra-conservative ought to be first reformed before it can permit any such salutary changes. There was a great deal of talk and discussion in the Parsi papers and elsewhere during the year as during the past several years about reforming the priesthood, whose ignorance is a by-word among the community, but as yet there has been no definite scheme before the laity. Want of education is the main defect of the priestly body, and they have themselves come to recognise this. A properly conducted theological seminary on western lines would seem to be needed as an initial step towards the much vexed question of the reform of the Parsi priesthood; but for this large funds would be required. There are already two seminaries existing for the purpose of imparting religious knowledge. But they are both rather handicapped for want of liberal funds to carry out their object. Moreover the practising priesthood do not seek their benefit and fight rather shy of them. It would be much better if the two seminaries were to be amalgamated into one thriving and efficient body, and liberal provision made in it for properly training those sons of priests who desire to practise this at present very poorly paid and not very dignified profession.

One of these theological seminaries, is named after the first Parsi Baronet, the Sir Jamsetji Madressa and celebrated the golden jubilee of its foundation during the year. It was opened in 1863 to commemorate the signal services to his community rendered by the first Sir Jamsetji, and was financed by his family. The occasion of the celebration last March was rendered somewhat remarkable by the delivery of a learned speech on the Parsis and their religion by Mr. Claude Hill, who presided and who takes much interest in the community, inherited, as he said, from his father-in-law, the late Sir Raymond West a sincere admirer of Parsis. Mr. Hill showed his interest in the welfare of the community in another and more practical way by suggesting to educational leaders and reformers of the Parsi Association the establishment of a model public school such as exist in England. There was some few years ago very brisk talk about a separate Parsi College, and already during that discussion it was pointed out that what the Parsis needed first was a really good public school, where their sons could have an excellent training both moral and intellectual, under English headmasters of the stamp of Arnold and Thring. This scheme for a Parsi Eton, as it is already called, is under serious consideration, and we hope it may ripen soon into something tangible. The project of a Parsi College failed mainly, we should think, because it was championed by Parsi Theosophists who invoked assistance and countenance from Mrs. Besant. But the new scheme for a public school starts under no such adverse auspices. Theosophy has suffered much diminution of prestige during the year among Parsis as also among other Indian communities on account of recent judicial proceedings in Madras in which its head Mrs. Besant was implicated. A special society was established quite lately among the Parsis to combat the Buddhistic and other non-Zoroastrian elements which Parsi Theosophists are said to be introducing into Zoroastrianism, and during the year this Iranian Association continued in its monthly journal to make rigorous and slashing onslaught on theosophy as taught by its founders.

The Parsi Association founded ten years ago to promote the welfare of the community in an organised manner did important work during the year not only by maturing the educational scheme above mentioned but also in various other directions. The housing question for the solution of which it established a special Parsi Building Society is being satisfactorily threshed out, and solved, on lines which are based on charity as well as business. The latter body doubled its original capital of five lakhs during the year in order to cope with the demand for cheap sanitary dwellings for poor Parsis. This Association is at present engaged in the great and thorny task of investigating the entire Poverty Question among the community, and the special committee for this purpose has undertaken during the year a minute and somewhat complicated statistical enquiry into the economic and social condition of the people. This Poverty Investigation Committee's arduous work is being watched with great interest and also some anxiety by the leaders as so much depends on the accurate information which it hopes to gather together; but at the same time fears are freely expressed that the information may be inaccurate, imperfect, and even misleading, as people would be chary, even when they are appealed to in the name of the good of the community as a whole, to lay bare the particulars of their life for the edification of even a small and patriotic committee. The community was not probably engrossed by the present but also looked to its first though not to very considerable extent. The fund to commemorate the first advent of the Parsis into India a thousand years ago by raising a worthy memorial of the Parsi Pilgrim Fathers at Sanyan, the place of their original landing, practically closed during the year. The sum raised was a little over ten thousand rupees from which it has been decided to build a column there. But looking to the smallness of the sum, the memorial cannot prove quite imposing or worthy of the present position of the community. The result has been somewhat disappointing, and shows that the community lacks the historic sense, and is not yet ripe for such commemorations.

As regards charity in the usual channels the community has made a good show, for nearly fifteen lakhs were forthcoming from its members for hospitals, schools, and colleges, for orphanages and widows' homes, for the relief of human sufferings caused by disasters like the Palitana floods and the Balkan War, and other kindred purposes. The Masina Hospital chiefly for Parsis was provided during the year out of funds collected during several years with a building of its own into which it was removed. The larger Parsi General Hospital, which was opened last year is in full working order, but it worked throughout at a heavy loss, and though Parsi charity has flowed freely to the extent of some sixteen or seventeen lakhs, more money is required for its permanent endowment on a sound basis. Another excellent and much-needed institution was also opened during the year. The Parsi Girls' Orphanage, which Miss Petit so generously offered to establish at a cost to her of twelve lakhs became a *fait accompli*, and bids fair to prove a worthy complement, of the Boys' Orphanage which the Parsi Community owes to Miss Petit's grandparents' philanthrophy. It was a pity that the energetic Secretary of both these Orphanages, Mr. Jijibhoy P. Mistri died during the year soon after the opening of the Girls' institution, to bring which into being he had worked so hard. Indeed the year is remarkable for the deaths of a good number of very useful and gifted members of the community which has lost heavily thereby. Besides Mr. Jijibhai Mistry, the Parsis lost Dr. K. N. Sahiar, a talented medical practitioner and a good manager of several charities. Mr. Pherozs-Batlivala a poetical and musical composer of ability, Mr. Muncherji Jagose, an antiquary of some note, Mr. Shapurji S. Mistry, an able and energetic Municipal Councillor, Dastur Bomonji Jamasji Asa, a venerable high British official of former days, and several others. The year may be said to be remarkable for its heavy obituary list. As to the rest several Parsis obtained the usual Government honours and public posts, but may be distinguished from the rest inasmuch so the Oriental Translatorship was bestowed for the first time since its creation more than half a century ago on a Parsi, Mr. Sorab A. Bharucha.

CANADA AND THE TWO BIG EXHIBITIONS.

WE wonder why Mr. Burrell, in announcing Canada's decision to send an exhibit to the San Francisco Exhibition, took the trouble to refer to Britain's and Germany's refusal to do the same thing. The reasons, which have prompted them, are entirely unconnected with the considerations which influence Canada. Britain and Germany do not think it will be worth their while, Britain especially because she will have an Empire Exhibition in London during the very same year. To Canada, it is very obvious, the San Francisco Exhibition must be very important. Her geographical position makes the Panama Canal of more moment to her than to any country except the United States. She expects it to stimulate her exports considerably, and naturally she is anxious to show her wares to those to whom she looks for an increase of custom. The Panama Canal will, it is evident, obviate the necessity for a very large proportion of exported goods to be carried across the continent by rail. British Columbian goods will be able to go to the West Indies by sea all the way; Eastern Canadian produce will be transported to Australia and New Zealand in the same manner. There are other countries too, the Canadian trade with which will be influenced, but these may be specially mentioned because they are parts of the British Empire and colonies with whom special efforts have been made to promote trade. In March, 1912, a conference was held in Ottawa of representatives of the Canadian Government and delegates from the West Indies and the result was the signing, in the following month, of an agreement for mutual trade preferences and the planning of arrangements for improved steamship services and cable communication. Between Canada and Australia there has been an exchange of visits of inquiry. Commercial men from each country have made special investigations of the trade conditions of the other, and have issued valuable reports. Thus Canada's participation in the San Francisco Exhibition will be very largely with the object of expanding Imperial commerce. She intends to make a special effort to be well represented and obviously her share in the Empire Exhibition must suffer. That, under the circumstances, can hardly be avoided, but there seems no reason to believe that Canada thinks of taking no part in this important Exhibition.

KING CONSTANTINE'S FAUX PAS.

RECENT occurrences in Berlin display the value of the carefully prepared speech of which the speaker carries the manuscript in his pocket. A few of those would have obviated the amusing predicament, in which King Constantine finds himself. King Constantine as a king is young, but he is surely old enough in years that he might have avoided the trap into which the Kaiser's effusiveness has led him. It is usual when one king meets another that they say very pleasant things to each other, but they seldom forget that it is their business to be pleasant to everybody. Their Foreign Ministers as a rule do not let them. This time, however, the Kaiser has made such a fuss of Constantine, who feels somewhat of "climber" in the highest European society, that the young king has quite lost his head. In an unguarded moment he attributed the success of his troops to the adoption of Prussian military science. Now, that was a bait which the War Lord could not possibly pass. It touched his pleasantest susceptibilities. He was proud of such a verdict on the methods of his Army and in a speech in reply Constantine put his foot further in than ever. It is no wonder that the people in Paris are cross, for French re-organisation has been the making of the modern Greek Army. Up to only last year the Greek Army was largely a skeleton, a great proportion of its strength existing on paper only. But the new law which came in force on February 15, 1912, gave the Army four divisions instead of three, filled up skeleton formations, added to the number of units and set training upon a better system. All this was done under the direction of General Eydoux of the French Army, and the success of his measures has been abundantly seen in the later phases of the war. On the other hand, Germany has supplied weapons to Bulgaria and Servia, and before the war had reorganised the Army of the Turks! French people would not be as cross if the King had given the credit to the English or some other nation. But to give it to the Germans has excited their wildest passions.

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT IN THE EAST.

THE agitation, which is being made against the visit to India of Miss Maud Allan, contains a lesson even for theatre proprietors and managers in this country whose enterprise does not extend to the presentation of half-nude dancers. It is that there is a very large number of people in India, who do not appreciate any entertainment which is not in good taste, and that this class is big enough to be considered. Lately, since variety turns have become such frequent features of the entertainments at our cinematograph theatres, it has become necessary to emphasise this. It is evident that such variety artistes as come to the East must be as a rule below the first class, and the entertainments which some female artists give is as little suitable for presentation before a mixed audience as would be the appearance of a sparsely draped dancer. The performers, to whom we refer, may be more or less fully clothed, but there is an indecency of clothes, and an indecency of gesture, which is as objectionable as the indecency of lack of clothes. Let us say in fairness that the majority of these people appear to be continentals, and also that with their class we do not in the least associate Miss Allan. We recognise that there is an artistic merit in her performance, to which they can lay no claim. However, we hope that managers will not overlook this point. Their own experience of crowded houses, whenever variety entertainment of a really good class is staged, should help to make it intelligible to them.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

A BISHOP ON INDIAN EDUCATION.

The Bishop of Madras, addressing a large Hindu audience, has laid down one or two singular propositions concerning the education of Indians. I should have been glad to learn the reasons which he advanced in support of his opinion, but as they were not given in the telegraphic summary of the address published in the Bombay papers, the propositions have to be considered solely on their merits. To begin with, the educated classes in India will strongly dissent from his remark that the introduction of English education was a regrettable necessity, and from his recommendation that the medium of instruction should be, not English, but the vernacular of the people. The Bishop holds that to be obliged to learn a foreign language and to think in it is "an intolerable burden," and he is good enough to propose that the natives of India should be relieved of it. The people concerned, I am sure, will have none of his kindness, which is very much mistaken. It is impossible for the State to effect such a radical change, as is recommended, in the system of education. If the change, supposing it to be possible, were carried out, it would be one of the greatest blunders of our rulers, and would be regarded by the natives in the light of a betrayal. To say that English education was a regrettable necessity is to miss its lofty aim and purpose, and to substitute for a grand ideal the paltry motive of work-a-day utility. Saving an insignificant knot of Extremists, too patriotic to be wise or discerning, who aver that their indigenous science and literature are sufficient for the education of their countrymen, and who would boycott even the English language, with all else of a foreign origin, every Indian will maintain that Western education is an essential condition of a liberal education at the present day, and that it is impossible to impart it, save through the medium of English. Without this indispensable medium, it would lose its vital principle, its spirit and significance. I have always held that the greatest boon of the British rule in India is Western education, and as I have once observed before, it is twice blessed,—it blesseth him that gives and him that receives. English is the key to the treasures of the science and literature of the West, from which some of us have derived our purest pleasure and greatest solace. If I were asked whether I would live in captivity in the company of European masters, who have produced the world's classics, or would be free to roam the world without it, I know what my choice would be.

WESTERN EDUCATION A BLESSING.

Without English, we should be practically shut out from Western learning. Its very life would be lost in translation. The literature, in its outlandish garb, would be dull and insipid, and often meaningless. With regard to science, the difficulty of translation would increase very materially. Scientific terms will have to be coined for conveying the meaning of the technical and scientific works translated into the Indian vernaculars. And it must always be remembered that we have not one language, but a multitude of vernaculars, and the principal dialects of the various provinces will have to be virtually recast for the purpose of correct scientific expression. There are purists among us, a few stray individuals, who imagine that their vernacular is sufficient for the expression of every form of thought, and who would not admit a single English word, although it may be of very common use even among the masses, but must coin some uncouth, jaw-breaking, equivalent for it. These men would have a very hard task before them, if they were set to invent a long list of supplementary words and phrases to meet the demands of modern science and technology. But the Bishop does not evidently want us to take the trouble. He expressed his belief that the literature and poetry of India would be far better for Indians than the literature and poetry of England, and he indulged in a wholesale condemnation of the Education Department by observing that it strongly militates against true learning. Surely, the bishop does not want the East to be unchanging for ever, unprogressive, dreamy, speculative, metaphysical? The spirit of the West, with its virility, practicality, not to mention its blessedness in its highest form, is a necessity of our lives. It is the spirit that holds and rules the world. It makes for the progress, and reform and uplifting of humanity. I am afraid that in the matter of education the judgment of some persons is coloured by the excesses and aberrations of a section of the educated classes in India. But liberal education on Western lines is much too good to be denied to us on this account. As well deny education to the masses in Europe for the progress of socialism, leading, in its most odious form, to anarchism.

"LEADER OF THE OPPOSITION."

The Hon'ble Sir Richard Lamb, addressing a meeting of the Servants of India Society, rightly took exception to the Hon. Mr. G. K. Gokhale being styled by some of his countrymen as leader of the opposition in the Legislative Council. As you have well observed, the designation is not meant literally by those who employ it, but that it merely illustrates the weakness of Indians for political phrases used in respect of the Parliamentary institutions of England. We have happily no party politics in India. There is no party government, with one side in office, and another in opposition, with its accepted motto that it is the business of the opposition to oppose. It is the business of the members of the Legislative Councils in India, officials as well as popular representatives, to assist the Government, and contribute by their counsel and criticisms to the efficiency of the administration. Whatever may be the spirit still animating a few members of these Councils, the spirit and temper and good sense which distinguish the public career of Mr. Gokhale do not entitle him, in the very least, to the dubious compliment of leader of the opposition. The main principles which guide his public life are embodied in the charter of the Servants of India Society, of which he is the founder, as well as the life and soul. The Society frankly accepts the British rule as indispensable for the good of India. The reforms have established a happier understanding between the rulers and the subject, and it is evidenced in the success of the enlarged Councils to which Viceroys and Governors have warmly testified. The authorities are more ready than ever to listen to honest criticisms, recognizing the value of the opinions and sentiments expressed by representatives of the public. As was observed by Sir Richard Lamb, "it was not possible for Government to do everything, or to know everything that ought to be done. But if there arose among the people, person who devoted themselves to working for the people, then Government had a valuable means of getting to know what ought to be done, and how it could be done." These words denote the unity of aim and interests on the part of all the elements constituting the commonwealth. Here we have no conflict of parties.

GUJRATI HINDU STRI MANDAL.

The Gujrati Hindu Ladies' Association, established ten years ago, has presented to the public a very encouraging report of its progressive usefulness. It has 327 members on the register, has hired nice premises in a central locality for its meetings, has opened a library and reading room, started classes for teaching English, Sanskrit and Gujrati, and has also arranged for giving instruction in singing, as well as sewing and knitting. Moral instruction is given every Sunday to girls. One of its energetic members distinguished herself by touring through famine-stricken districts last year for the relief of distress. The Association, within the means at its disposal, is willing to respond to the call of charity. At the invitation of the Lady Secretary of the Johannesberg Women's Association, it despatched a larger collection of articles for sale at the exhibition opened there for the relief of the South African Indians. The most notable part of its annual duty is to celebrate the anniversary of the birthday of Mr. Dadabhai Navroji. A deputation of ladies belonging to the Association went, a few days ago, to his home in Versowa, and presented him with an address full of cordial greetings. Felicitations to the Grand Old Man of India by Indian women are specially graceful and appropriate, because Mr. Dadabhai commenced his public career with a programme of social reform, in which women's education occupied a prominent place.

DION

150 PILGRIMS DROWNED.

WHOLE PARTY CAUGHT BY INDIAN FLOOD.

A very tragic occurrence is reported from the Ambala District. A few days ago, a party of villagers, men, women, and children, numbering about 150, were proceeding by road to a fair. They came to a branch of the river and successfully forded it, reaching a piece of land between two branches of the river. Here they rested for a time and when they reached the bank of the second stream they found it in spate and unfordable. They hurried across the island to the ford they had recently crossed, only to find that here also was a torrent and the stream quite unfordable. They were thus surrounded, and the waters gradually rose until they covered the island and the whole party were drowned and washed away.

AHMEDABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 10.

After a very necessary and beneficial break of some days we had more or less rain on every day of last week, except Saturday. The heaviest falls were on Monday (4 ins.) and Tuesday (2 1-2 ins). We have already had more than our average annual rainfall and no more seems to be required. If the Rain god were now to call a halt and if, later on, there should be no frost, the harvest of 1913 ought to be a bumper one. As already mentioned, Saturday was a dry day which was fortunate for the cricket match between a Mahi Kantha team, brought by Mr. Quigley and an Ahmedabad one, captained by Mr. Moore. The visiting team went in first, but were only able to make 29 runs, the top scorer being H. H. the Thakor Saheb of Katosan with six to his credit. The local team replied with 170, the two highest scores being 67 by Moore, who retired and 26 by Pegg. During the afternoon Mrs. H. L. I. Sedgwick was very kindly "At Home" to all.

A MEMORIAL to the Government of Bombay is being sent in by those interested in the printing trade, directing attention to the large quantity of printing done at Yerwada jail and its prejudicial effect upon private enterprise.

THE P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. "Poona" arrived at Suez from Colombo on the afternoon of the 4th instant.

THE Bank of Bombay yesterday raised its rate of interest on demand loans on Government Paper to five per cent.

The Ceylon Department of Agriculture has just despatched to Kew a consignment of rhizomes of Hedychium Coronarium, one of the plants suitable for paper-making, to which attention has been drawn recently, and H. Flaviscens, which is more widely distributed in Ceylon, and the value of which as a source of paper has yet to be ascertained. A first consignment sent from Peradeniya some time back was received at Kew in bad condition, but the precaution was taken this time of partially sun drying the rhizomes so that they will keep well and sprout when planted at Kew. The rhizomes were also specially packed this time on shelves, separate one from another, in cases so that there will be no pressing.

GREEK KING'S FAUX PAS.

ANGER OF FRENCH PEOPLE.

RESPONSE OF GERMAN PRESS.

"GREECE AND GERMANY HAVE COMMON ENEMIES."

LONDON, Sept. 9.

A piquant situation has been caused by the speeches of the Kaiser and King Constantine yesterday. The latter visits Paris shortly, but even official circles say it is difficult to forecast what reception will be accorded him owing to the indignation in Paris. France has been proud of her officers reorganising the Greek Army and the brilliant superiority of its French weapons.

Moreover, France supported Greek claims even against Russia.

LATER.

The irritation of the French papers with King Constantine is unabated. Some demand the recall of General Eydoux and the other French military organisers in the service of Greece, whose engagement has just been extended for two years.

The papers say that King Constantine's attitude towards them is very different from his father's, while the Queen ignores everything French. They ask whether Germany will support the Greek claims to the islands held at present by Italy.

The German Press gives prominence to an extract from the Athens papers explaining that Greece and Germany have common aims and common enemies. —Reuter.

AMERICAN BANKING.

NEW BILL TO MILITATE AGAINST PANICS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.

The Banking Committee of the House of Representatives has reported on the administration's Currency Bill.

The report credits the present system with the panics of the last half-century. It says that the proposed Federal reserve banks have available at least 550 million dollars cash reserve of the liquid funds, far surpassing anything of the kind available hitherto, and comparing favourably with the resources of Government banking institutions abroad.

The Bill is also expected to lead to the extension of American banking facilities abroad.—Reuter.

ULSTER'S STRUGGLE.

APPEAL TO PRESBYTERIAN MINISTERS.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland, in a letter to the ministers, asks them to observe September 28 as a day of humiliation and prayer, in view of what he describes as the serious crisis arising from the attempt to force on an unwilling people a form of Government they dislike, and threatening the sacrifice of life, the destruction of property and unspeakable misery to thousands.—Reuter.

LANCASHIRE COTTON TRADE.

IMPORTANT DISPUTE SETTLED.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

A conference of employers and operatives, presided over by Sir Charles Macara, at Manchester, has effected a settlement of the dispute regarding bad spinning in the cotton trade which has lasted for seven months. Twenty mills have been closed.—Reuter.

BIG FIRE IN AMSTERDAM.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 10.

A fire has destroyed a warehouse on the Cuai du Commerce which was filled with tobacco, coffee and other colonial produce. The damage is estimated at a million florins.—Reuter.

THE POSTAL DISPUTE.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The London postmen have passed a resolution condemning the report of the Select Committee, and recommending an active propaganda in favour of a strike.—Reuter.

RUSSIAN FLEET TO VISIT ENGLAND.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

The Russian fleet of five battle-ships and four cruisers will arrive at Portland on Sept. 13, returning the visit of the British squadron to Russia in 1912.—Reuter.

AMERICAN TARIFF.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.

The Senate has passed the Tariff Bill by 44 votes to 37.—Reuter.

Gas is a valuable adjunct to the ventilation of your room: it also destroys the organic impurities we exhale, and it is this which gives gas its greatest hygienic advantage over any other form of lighting

MARCONI SEQUEL.

MR. GEORGE CALLED TO BOOK.

ALLEGATION AGAINST CECIL FAMILY.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Lord Salisbury, in a letter to the *Times*, with reference to correspondence which recently passed between Mr. Lloyd George and Viscount Wolmer, requests Mr. Lloyd George to give the instances he had in mind when he referred to investments by members of the Cecil family while in office.—Reuter.

AMERICAN POLITICS.

UNEXPECTED RESULT OF BY-ELECTION.

PORTLAND (MAINE), Sept. 9.

A Republican has been elected to Congress with a plurality of 553 over the Democrat, with the Progressive a poor third. Previously, President Wilson had a plurality of 1,426 over Mr. Roosevelt with the Republican third.—Reuter.

BRITISH AVIATOR'S SKILL.

MACHINE'S FOUR SOMERSAULTS AND SAFE LANDING.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

An aviator, testing an Army aeroplane at Frensham, at a height of two thousand feet, lost control of his machine, but recovered himself although, before he had done so, the machine turned four somersaults. He landed safely.—Reuter.

FINANCE COMMISSION.

FORMAL REPORT TO BE ISSUED VERY SHORTLY.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

Reuter understands that the *interim* report of the Chamberlain Commission will be issued in the next few days. The report will be purely formal and will contain no recommendations. It will consist entirely of the evidence taken in London.

It is not known whether there will be a simultaneous publication of the report in India.—Reuter.

ESCAPE OF A SCOTTISH EXPRESS.

SMASHES THROUGH OBSTRUCTION

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The Caledonian-Edinburgh express to Glasgow had a miraculous escape at Levenseat to-day. Seventeen trucks ran away from a siding, collided with a signal-box and obstructed the main line. Fortunately, the express smashed through the obstruction and kept to the rails.—Reuter.

THE DUBLIN STRIKE.

DISORGANISES CROSS-CHANNEL TRAFFIC.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

The strike in Dublin, which still continues, is upsetting the cross-Channel cargo traffic. The London and North-Western Railway's boats, unable to discharge their cargo at Dublin, have returned to Holyhead, where they are discharging. Goods are being returned to their senders by rail.—Reuter.

SAN FRANCISCO EXHIBITION

CANADA TO HAVE A BIG EXHIBIT.

OTTAWA, Sept. 9.

At the opening of the Central Canada Exhibition, Mr. Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, referred to the decisions of Britain and Germany not to take part in the San Francisco Exhibition, and stated with emphasis, in the presence of Cabinet Ministers, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and others, that the Dominion must be worthily represented there.

The completion of the Panama Canal, he said, would revolutionise Canada's commerce. Consequently, it was desirable that Canada should have the best exhibit in her history.

Mr. White, Minister of Finance, in a speech afterwards, said he would be glad to grant a reasonable appropriation to advance the Dominion's agricultural interests.—Reuter.

ANOTHER MURDER IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

A young Hindu widow named Dasai, living at Baraset, was murdered while asleep and then robbed of a considerable quantity of jewellery, on Tuesday night. There were marks of strangling on her throat and the contents of her boxes were scattered about the room when the police discovered the crime.

THE CALCUTTA TRAGEDY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

At the inquest to-day on the man Bredee who shot himself after attempting to murder Miss Rita Rae, a nurse of the Medical College Hospital, a verdict of "Suicide during temporary insanity" was returned. A letter was read which was found in Miss Rae's room addressed to her mother and dated August 21, in which she stated that she intended to leave Calcutta as Bredee had threatened to shoot her. Miss Rae, who was seriously injured, is progressing favourably.

SOVEREIGN RIGHTS.

CAN THE KING CHOOSE MINISTERS?

SIDE ISSUE ON HOME RULE DISCUSSION.

LONDON, Sept. 10.

Letters appear in the *Times*, in connection with Mr. Balfour's recent speech at Haddington, from Sir William Anson, Lord Hugh Cecil and Professor Morgan. They discuss possible constitutional difficulties in connection with the Home Rule Bill.

Sir William Anson and Lord Hugh Cecil maintain that the Sovereign has the right to reject the advice of his ministers if he can find other advisers who will bear the responsibility of such rejection.

Professor Morgan says that the Sovereign's independent decision to dissolve Parliament is equivalent to the dismissal of ministers, and that no loyal subject would contemplate without misgiving the effect on the position of the Sovereign of an election held in such circumstances.—Reuter.

CORRESPONDENCE.

MAUD ALLAN AND INDIA.

IS DANCING SACRED?

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In consequence of the attitude of a certain section of Europeans in India respecting the visit of Maud Allan —the question of the sacredness of dancing is an all important subject just now. Plato substitutes the doctrines of the three worlds by three paths leading to the same final goal. They referred alike to the human and the divine worlds; uniting them in abstract fashion; so was manifested the creative genius of Plato. He shed bright rays of light over the world, presenting the ideas of the True, the Beautiful and the Good on the same plane, shedding light on one by means of the other. He demonstrated three rays starting from the same centre, and that the same rays, when they meet one another, reconstitute this very centre; interpenetrate one another, when they express the Divine Essence.

In the Good and the Just, the soul is purified, and made ready to know the truth. This is an indespensable condition of its progress. To enlarge the idea of the Beautiful, expression must be given to the Divine light animating all forms. In following Truth the soul rigidly acquires wings—becomes illimitable and blends into the father—mother principle.

Plato showed three sacred paths which lead to perfection, just as the path of silence leads to concentration. Those who have assimilated the meanings of the lives of Hermes, Orpheus and Pythogoras, are more capable of judging the soundness of the ways laid down by the great genius Plato. Idealism is the realization of divine truths by the soul which judges of immortality by its inner faculties; faculties that all cultured and artistic people know of. Highest knowledge is the penetration of these truths, the direct vision of the spirit, inspiration—the expression of the soul's experiences, the harmonious subconscious union of the unit in the whole.

The highest morality, poetry and philosophy, is a vision of the sublime Truth. The idle is a dream, its expression is given by painting, dancing, soulpture, poetry, etc.

So Plato built up the category of the ideal, created a refuge, opened up a way of redemption to millions of souls who cannot, in this lifetime, attain to direct perfect knowledge but have aspirations for Truth. His philosophy is the stepping stone to a future joy. His idealism when grasped at, becomes the porch of the great temple where "Unveiling" takes place. This is the reason for the popularity and the wide influence of Plato's ideas. Their power lies in their mystical basis. This explains why the Academy of Athens, founded by Plato, lived for ages and resolved itself into the mighty Egyptian school at Alexandria. The fathers of the Christian Church gave homage to Plato and Saint Augustine took from him most of his Theology. Two thousand years have elapsed since the disciple of Socrates had shuffled of this mortal coil beneath the shadow of the Acropolis. The middle ages have passed over the world; but antiquity, however, was rising again from the ashes of her greatness. In Florence the Medicis wished to found an academy, and summoned a Greek savant, to organize the Platonic Academy. After so many philosophic systems and religions built upon one another, have come and gone or remained, when science has reduced matters to atoms and electrons and finds itself face to face with the inexplicable and the invisible, Plato has again returned to us to illuminate our materialistic mind. Simple and modest, though eternally youthful, he holds out to us the sacred branch of knowledge, the branch of myrtle and cypress whose perfume along with narcissus exudes a celestial perfume that holds out realms of hope and peace and joy.

This is the man—poet, orator, scientist, philosopher, mystic—whose name is immortalised, the man who has showed the world that the path of Art is a sacred path.

It was dancing that gave an impulse to painting, music, and sculpture. Some of the finest works of art, ancient and modern have been inspired by the Art, wherein the poetry of motion expresses the joy of life.

HOWARD EDIE.

The Amir is increasing the number of India's medical men in his service. Dr. Allah Jawaya, now on leave at Lahore, is taking four qualified men back with him to Kabul.

GERMAN AIRSHIP DISASTER.

LONG TRIP IN WAR CONDITIONS.

THIRTEEN LIVES LOST BY GAS ESCAPE.

LONDON, Sept. 9.

A German naval airship has been destroyed and sunk in a gale eighteen miles from Heligoland. Sixteen persons on board perished.—Reuter.

HELIGOLAND, Sept. 10.

The airship "L 1" was the latest type. It was caught in a sudden violent squall and hurled to the surface of the water, where it was pounded by the waves and sank in an hour.

Torpedo boats hurried to the spot and saved seven persons. The number of the drowned was thirteen, and included Captain Metzging, the commander of the Naval Airship Division, and Captain Hanne, commander of the airship, which was undergoing trials with a naval commission on board.—Reuter.

BERLIN, Sept. 10.

Just prior to the disaster, the Zeppelin "L 1" sent a wireless message that she would have to descend to the water, and asked for assistance.

The disaster is attributed to a loss of gas through the height at which she was travelling, and the shrinkage of the remainder owing to the cold at that height.

The largeness of the crew, also, was due to the fact that the vessel was doing a thirty hours' trip under war conditions, necessitating its keeping at a height of 1,500 feet so as not to be reached by sheils. The torpedo boats saw her throw out all her water-ballast, but the suddenness of the operation upset her equilibrium, and she would not answer to her horizontal rudders.

She shot, nose downwards, from a height of 300 feet. The cars remained above water only a few seconds, and those in the cabins had no time to escape, being dragged down like rats in a trap. Others jumped clear and swam until they were picked up.—Reuter.

STRANGE DEATH OF A SEAMAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

John Taylor, steward of the steamer "Macpherson," lying in Kiddarpore docks, was discovered unconscious in his cabin on Tuesday night. He died before medical assistance was forthcoming. A post mortem will be held

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

Prices were fully maintained in the share market, to-day and there was steady business passing with a heavy demand in Lakurkas which touched Rs 17-12. The following transactions were reported:—

Coal—shares,-Bhalgoret, Rs. 21-12; Burra Narah, Rs. 2-10; Burrakar, Rs. 15-8 and Rs. 15-12; Bokaro Ramghur, Rs 10-4; Gopalichuck, Rs. 7-4; Kuardi. Rs. 16-10; Kossoonda, Rs. 18-8 Lakurka, Rs. 17-8 and Rs. 17-12; Raneegunge, Rs. 21-4; Sendra, Rs. 14-8; and Rs 14-10; South Govindpur, Rs. 9-8 and Rs. 9-14.

Jute share— Kinnisson (ord) Rs. 175 and Rs. 176.

THE AZAMGARH TRAGEDY.

FIRST ACCUSED CONDEMNED TO DEATH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 10.

In the Azamgarh murder trial the Sessions Judge convicted Dambar and condemned him to death.

He convicted Raghu and Bakhshu and sentenced them to transportation for life.

The Sessions Judge gave Gopi and Raghunath the benefit of the doubt and acquitted them.

MADRAS DEFAMATION SUIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, Sept. 10.

In the alleged defamation matter of Mr. G. Jeremiah against the *Madras Mail*, Mr. Cox, District Magistrate, to-day said that he did not consider that the statements complained of were defamatory.

The complainant gave notice that he would move the High Court for the transfer of the matter since the magistrate had apparently made up his mind that there was no libel.

SYRIANS IN MYSORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KOTTAYAM, Sept. 10.

A meeting of Syrian Christian landholders was held when the Succession Bill, now before the Travancore Legislative Council, was discussed. It was resolved to petition the Government to modify the bill so as to maintain eight principles peculiar to Syrian customs.

It is understood that the vacancy in the Railway Board due to Mr. Wood's retirement will not be filled pending the re-organisation of the board. The Secretary of State's orders on the matter will be awaited.

Mr. H. Moreland, C. I. E., late Director of Agriculture is returning to India shortly to take up special inquiry in Indore,—it is understood, for the purpose of ascertaining and advising upon the possibilities of the agricultural development in that State.

BENGAL UNREST.

LORD CARMICHAEL'S OBSERVATIONS.

SEDITION SPREAD BROADCAST IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

Referring to the unrest in Bengal, His Excellency the Governor makes the following observations in the police Administration Report:—"Adisquieting feature of the year was the dissemination of literature inciting the murder of Europeans and the overthrow of British Government. It began with the Bengali leaflet *Mahakal* in July, 1912, which was followed in the succeeding month by the appearance of the *Jugantar's* first issue. This issue was circulated in Calcutta and in some of the districts in Eastern Bengal.

September saw the printed leaflet *Om Swadhin Bharatin* which was circulated in Calcutta, and manuscript copies of which were sent by post to students of colleges in Mymensingh, Calcutta and Rajshahi. In October, a printed copy was found posted upon the blackboard in the class-room of a Government aided school in Dacca.

In November, a second edition of *Om Bande Mataram Swadhin Bharat* appeared in Chittagong addressed to the assistant head-master of the Collegiate School. In spite of the strenuous efforts the source of the supply of these seditious pamphlets could not be ascertained.

THE CHANNEL TUNNEL.

BOMBAY GOVERNORS' VIEWS.

To the "Times'" correspondence on the subject of the Channel Tunnel two of Bombay's ex-Governors send contributions. Lord Sydenham writes:—

A Channel tunnel could not supply the means of communication which are now urgently needed, though it might "afford some improvement" to the existing conditions. The transporting power of a ferry is limited, and the practical difficulties will probably prove greater than those presented by a tunnel. It is at least doubtful if a ferry could be worked in such storms as visit the Channel and I believe that the rise and fall of tide is greater than in any case where railway ferries are successfully working.

The military objections to a tunnel are certainly losing force since they were urged more than 30 years ago, and the employment of electrical traction may help to mitigate the fears of the alarmists. The argument that a tunnel could not be defended was never capable of being maintained. The opponents were, therefore, compelled to fall back upon the assumption of special and peculiar imbecility on the part of our authorities and to deny us the exercise of the intelligence which the Swiss must be supposed to possess.

The view which General Sir L. Swaine impressed upon Count von Moltke—that Government in the interests of shareholders would put off "the destruction of the end" (of the tunnel) till too late—evidently needs qualification. The tunnel would emerge upon a steel viaduct which could be instantly destroyed, rendering it useless and the shareholders would only lose the dividends which the interruption of traffic necessitated by an Anglo-French war would in any case entail. In addition to this initial demolition, the power of flooding can be kept in reserve to give confidence to the public, and clearly, with equally shared capital, the inducement to avert irreparable damage to the tunnel would be the same on both sides of the Channel.

Meanwhile, the remarkable evidence given by the late Sir R. Giffen before Lord Lansdowne's Committee has acquired new force. The economic need of the Channel tunnel is now greater than it appeared even to an authority so wise and so far-sighted and now, as was not realized then, strategic considerations support what has become a necessary undertaking.—I am, etc.

SYDENHAM.

To which Lord Lamington replies:—

Sir,—I hope it may not be considered an impertinence on my part to challenge the arguments put forward in favour of a Channel Tunnel by so eminent an authority as Lord Sydenham. He claims as a safeguard against invasion that the tunnel would emerge on a steel viaduct which could be instantly destroyed. Such a design would depend upon where the tunnel emerged, but no doubt some such plan could be made, only I had always understood that damage done of this character could in these days be promptly repaired. As we are told that wars in the future will probably be begun without any previous warning or declaration, it would be interesting to know who and where would be the official ever watching and ready to destroy the viaduct. But the political considerations would appear to have the real importance. For instance, not long ago the public mind was agitated and alarmed because Germany accelerated her naval programme. What would be the state of nerves of this country when this additional avenue of danger was formed? Again, the existence of the tunnel would have a great bearing on our foreign policy and in the event of a reverse in war might gravely affect the terms of peace.

I am a believer in the possibility of an era of international peace, and then the frontiers that men have devised may disappear, but till that plane of harmony has been reached I have more confidence in the girdle of water that has for some centuries helped to secure this country from invasion than in any steel viaduct.

If "economic need" presses so heavily, why do not our French friends reduce their protective Customs wall and improve their northern harbours?—I am, etc.,

LAMINGTON.

Lamington, Scotland, Aug. 20.

Mr. C. E. McEwan, said to be a retired tea planter of considerable means, died suddenly at the Great Eastern Hotel, Calcutta yesterday. There were no marks of violence on his body nor was there any evidence of suicide. It is believed that the cause of death was heart disease.

The *Pioneer's* frontier correspondent states that a woollen factory will opened at Kabul last month, Mr. Maers being in charge.

A BHISTI KILLED.

CHARGE AGAINST A EURASIAN.

ALLEGED PUSH FROM A TRAIN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

A Burdwan correspondent writes: An Anglo-Indian passenger travelling with a lady in a second class carriage of the 23 up passenger train on the loop line of the East Indian Railway was arrested on Tuesday last by the Government Railway Police at Nalhati on a charge of rashly and negligently causing the death of a railway bhisti by pushing him off the foot-board of a second-class carriage at Sianthia station.

The man was arrested, but was released on bail.

POLICE OFFENCES.

LIST OF BENGAL CASES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Sept. 10.

During the last year, three police constables were convicted in Bengal of torture, two Sub-Inspectors and five constables, one head constable and three constables of bribery, and one Sub-Inspector, one head constable and 42 constables, of other offences, such as assault and wrongful confinement.

Forty civil suits were instituted against the police of which 20 were dismissed, four were decided against the officers concerned and the remainder were pending at the close of the year.

CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

Lord Sydenham has joined the London Board of the National Mutual Life Association of Australasia, Limited.

It has been decided that British infantry units, when moving in relief, will take with them their machine guns and gun equipment (which includes pack mountings), but they will hand over the mules and line gear to the relieving unit.

The Commissioner of the Orissa Division has sanctioned Rs. 84,000 as an agricultural loan to the flood-distressed people for Bhadrak sub-division. The work of distributing the amount has commenced, and the people are purchasing seedlings with it.

The Indian Council of the St. John Ambulance Association has decided that in future all Life Members of the Association in India shall pay the sum of Rs. 100 in lieu of Rs. 50, as previously paid. All future Life Members of the Association will receive a handsome certificate.

The death at Quetta is reported from abscess of the liver, of Captain W. G. K. Gough, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs. Captain Gough, who was in his 36th year, entered the army in 1897 and served in the frontier campaign of 1897 in Bajaur and Tirah and in the China expedition of 1900. He had qualified as an interpreter in French and entered the Staff College, Quetta, in February last year.

A scheme of cattle insurance has been suggested by the Agricultural Conference at Mandalay. Three important points of the project are as follows:—(1) That, in the absence of trust-worthy statistics on which to base the expectation of life among cattle in Burma, a premium rate of 5 per cent. of the insured value appears to be adequate for the covering of all insurable risks, including rinderpest in the five districts to which cattle insurance is at present confined. (2) That the formation of a central re-insurance society is essential to the successful working of any scheme of mutual cattle insurance, and that the by-laws for such a society laid before the conference are generally approved. (3) That none but members of co-operative credit societies shall be eligible to join mutual cattle insurance societies.

A Mussoorie correspondent writes:—Two lucky shikaris bagged a fine leopard round Camel's Back, though not before Master Spots had done some havoc among canine personalities in the station. The particular act which led to his undoing was the removal of a social favourite who used to adorn a verandah "in town," and who was carried off when out for a morning stroll, under the very eyes of one of his owners. The alarm was raised immediately, and the kill was tracked, while two enthusiastic sportsmen, Mr. French, of the Survey Department, and Mr. Kennedy of Cawnpore, sat over it for a matter of seven hours, their patience being rewarded by the appearance of the beast at night-fall when it fell to Mr. French's rifle.

Mr. D. M. Weigel of Ceylon is in active correspondence with the Secretary of State on the subjects of manufacturing sugar from toddy. After a close study of the possibilities of extracting sugar from toddy, he decided on the enterprise with European and Ceylonese merchants and planters, but a license was refused for long period. To prevent him making sugar, Mr. Weigel holds, is an interference with the liberty of the subject. He claims the right to manufacture all liquors from any base, subject to excise control and duties. To use toddy for spirits is, Mr. Weigel contends, a waste of raw material. The interpretation of the local authorities of the Excise ordinance, Mr. Weigel contends, is a violation of its provisions, and he intends to test the Government right to prevent the sugar industry from toddy in a court of law.

GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

REMARKABLE LETTER BY HERR BEBEL.

BERLIN, Aug. 22.

Apparently the German Government, which not so many weeks ago was warning Turkey day after day that she would not be allowed to retain Adrianople, has now completely reconciled itself to the Ottoman reoccupation of that town. The inspired Berlin correspondent of the *Frankfurter Zeitung* writes: "There are several Great Powers to whom it is in practice indifferent whether Adrianople belongs to Turkey or Bulgaria during the next few years, and who, consequently, will hear nothing of measures of compulsion. And, what is still more important, there is, to our knowledge, as things are at present, no Great Power whose interests go so far as to drive it to force the Turks by violence to evacuate Adrianople. For without violence as all the news of a political and military nature from Turkey agrees, the Turks will not be got out of Adrianople within foreseeable time. So in the end diplomacy, which has already achieved so many ingenious things during the Balkan disturbances, will probably find a formula for Turkey to retain Adrianople and Bulgaria will set her hopes in this matter on better times."

Telegrams received in Vienna contradict the statements made by the Porte to the effect that it does not contemplate crossing the Maritza, and that all the military measures are merely of a temporary and protective character. In reality the Turkish troops have reached a point nearly 100 kilometres (62 miles) beyond the Maritza, where they seized Kuchu Kavkak after a severe fight. The Mussulman population of the region joined the Turkish army and massacred the Bulgarian population. At other points the Turks are fighting the Bulgars, who are in retreat. It is declared here that if the fighting continues, war will commence automatically.

HERR BEBEL.

The last letter—and a remarkable one—which was written by Herr August Bebel, the famous German Socialist, is translated as follows:—

Sir,—In reply to your inquiry whether Barthou was right in stating in the French Chamber that Germany was increasing her military force in order to effect a stroke against France, I beg to reply that this is quite incorrect. During the discussion I could, of course, not make any communication, for in the first place I did not want to interrupt the French project, and in the second, my discretion as a member of the Reichstag did not permit of my doing it. In what I am saying to you to-day, and which is from the best-informed sources, is this: The German Emperor has seen during the Balkan war that our army has completely gone to the dogs—that is, our officers are incapable of commanding and the material is absolutely impossible. If then the French had had the wish to attack us they would probably have been successful, for we were not strong enough at the frontier, as Kiderlen-Waechter, who formerly dealt with the French harshly, had to admit. If the French had guessed that we were not strong enough they would have begun. The German Emperor saw that the French arms had a much greater importance in the Balkan war than the German ones; he also knew that the military element from Germany which helped the Turks was to blame for the misfortune of the Turks. It is, besides, an open secret that Germany was to blame for this defeat, since the most important work was in the hands of Germany, and it is very compromising for us, because the French arms helped the Bulgarians and Servians for the first time. The Emperor, being always practical, had to do some thing, and, of course, he caused the French to think that the German military preparations were being directed against them. I can assure you that the Emperor himself is glad that the Germans are left in peace, for a long time will be required before these preparations are completed. I am certain of this, and can give you my word that such is the case, as otherwise our behaviour would have been different, but it was very important for us to avoid being compromised, which would certainly have been the case if we had not made new preparations. And as has been said, Poincare is an enormous power, and his word in favour of war could be a great danger, since his energy is immeasurable. And exactly because Poincare is there Germany must not compromise herself. We have had more than enough of the Turkish defeat.

HAMBURG BANK RAID.

A bank robbery in the manner of the Wild West was perpetrated on Thursday morning at Wilhelmsburg, a suburb of Hamburg. Shortly before ten o'clock a hired motor-car drove up before the parish savings bank, and two men, alighting from it, hurried into the building by the back door, which alone was open at that hour. Three officials who were busy in the office were called upon to hold up their hands, and at the same time threatened with revolvers. One of them who was at the back of the room jumped through the window, and so escaped, while his colleagues slipped behind the safe. On peeping out from his hiding-place one of the latter received a bullet in the head which stretched him on the floor. His companion was then summoned to lead the robbers to the strong-room. He had sufficient presence of mind to hold the door politely open, with the intention of slamming it upon the thieves as soon as they had entered, and so making them prisoners. They, however, saw through this ruse, and compelled him to go in first. While they were attempting to get hold of the keys to the safe, which were in the wounded man's pocket, something happened to make them take alarm, and, grabbing the contents of the till, in which there was about £10, they made off to their car, and drove away in the direction of Hamburg. A portfolio containing £200 in notes, which was lying on the table, was lucky enough to escape their attention. One of the bandits is said to have been recognised as a young waiter, who some time ago made a small deposit at the bank, no doubt with the object of familiarising himself with the premises. A richer booty was secured by a gang of thieves who last night broke through the floor of an empty flat above the premises of the Hamburg jewellers, Knapp and Schlesinger, and carried off gold and silver wares to the value of £2,500, without leaving any traces that seem likely to lead to their detection.

PANAMA EXHIBITION.

Together with other commercial organs, the *Frankfurter Zeitung* regards

the German Government's decision not to take part in the Panama Exhibition at a great mistake. It is pointed out that the Government was mainly influenced by the attitude of the iron and steel industries. As far as German exports to the United States are concerned these industries play but a small part, and naturally have not themselves any business interest in the Exhibition. They were, therefore, not entitled to be regarded as representative of German industry. It is felt that more account ought to have been taken of the chemical, textile, leather, glass, porcelain, paper, and refining industries. These are believed to have had a strong interest in the Exhibition, and they are taken to task for not more vigorously asserting their point of view. The textile industry in particular and the tailoring trade are now being urged by the German Clothdealers' League to ignore the Government decision and to take part in the Exhibition independently, especially now that France has accepted the invitation.

"ALASTOR, MYSTIC."

"Alastor," the mystic, the wonderful wizard, who can tell his friends and patrons all about themselves, as much, even more than they know, back in Bombay at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

"One who has met him" tells the story of a visit to the singularly gifted man, as follows:—

"In a moment of idle curiosity, I went to consult Alastor, the Mystic. In the same mood I have consulted many mystics, sooth-sayers, prophets, dervishes, and others, who have dealings with unseen powers. I must confess they have always left me more sceptical of man's power of divination than when I went to see them I did not go to Alastor as a believer, and I am still not convinced that the stars or planets guide or influence the destiny of many. Alastor, however, has succeeded in mystifying me. He certainly seems to possess the power of observation developed to a marvellous degree. He is a surprising reader of character, a profound psychologist. He seems to be continually studying expressions of the men around him and collecting his data labelling them under the various categories of human character. As an observer of moods of men, he is more scientific than others who depend entirely upon the movements of the planets for their prognostications. Alastor is rational in his methods of prediction. He takes a man as he expresses himself in his walk, talk and pose, and constructs a future for him which is only the warp and woof of his character. So far Alastor was intelligible to me. But he mystified me as a reader of the past. To a certain extent his picture of the past takes its tone from the character of his subject. But how he fills up the details on the canvas is a puzzle to me. It is possible for any observant man of the world to read a man's character from his face and to reproduce his past in imagination more or less accurately. But it is beyond him to unfold what we may call the crucial events as they happened in sequence. I am still open to conviction as to the part the heavenly bodies play in moulding man's destiny, but I confess Alastor made a lasting impression on my mind as a reader of the past. This may be due to the fact that I am unable to give myself a satisfactory explanation of the phenomenon but any way, it remains a puzzle. As to Alastor's prognostications, I am naturally not in a position to say whether they truthfully show the events of coming years or not, but I am prepared to believe that they represent the mainstrings of my thoughts rendered into deeds."

GOLD AND SILVER.

The following is the statement of Imports and Exports of Gold and Silver during the official year 1913-1914:—

	Imports	Gold Exports	Net Imports
In the month of July 1913—			
Weight in ounces	230224	150196	44028
Value in rupees	12858580	9136104	3722426
To the end of the month of July 1913— Progressive—			
Weight in ounces	1524425	398131	1126304
Value in rupees	94374024	23179546	71194476
	Imports	Silver Exports	Net Imports
In the month of July 1913—			
Weight in ounces	5057758	2351789	2705989
Value in rupees	9338161	887868	8481295
To the end of the month of July 1913— Progressive—			
Weight in ounces	11931269	4331239	17609030
Value in rupees	28406973	1 559784 Total.	17847189 Net
	Imports	Exports	Imports
In the month of July 1913—			
Weight in ounces.....	.....	.....	.....
Value in rupees	21998691	1492970	7003724
To the end of the month of July 1913— Progressive—			
Weight in ounces.....	.....	.....	.....
Value in rupees	122780997	3373980	89041697

Silver received and coined in the Mints during the official year 1913-1914

Coins and Bullion Received (Assay Value in Tolas, Rupee Standard)

	Calcutta	Bombay	Total
In the month of July 1913			
Bullion received for coinage of Dollars—		2206405	2206405
Old Rupees received from Govt. Treasuries and Depts—	1829931	437503	2266431
Native State coins received for re-coinage into British Rupees—		712	712
To end of the month of July 1913	Calcutta	Bombay	Total
Bullion received for coinage of Dollars —		2565359	3565359
Old Rupees received from Govt Treasuries and Depts.—	9706302	2983057	12689339
Native State coins received for re-coinage into British Rupees—		309484	309484
Coined and Examined			
In the month of July 1913	Calcutta	Bombay	Total
British dollars (Tale)		704353	704353
Rupees *	1700012	584267	2284279
Half Rupees and small silver coins (value in rupees)	500005	412360	912365
Coined and Examined			
To end of the month of July 1913	Calcutta	Bombay	Total
British dollars (Tale)		1292164	1292164
Rupees *	9100062	835391	9935453
Half Rupees and small silver coins (value in rupees)—	1823017	1250072	3073089

* British rupees made over to Native States during the month :—

At Calcutta	... Rs.	Nil
At Bombay	... ,,	1,10,000
Total	... ,,	1,10,000

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

HINDU MERCHANTS ACQUITTED.

The eighth day's sitting of the Fourth Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court was held yesterday, Mr. Justice Davar, presiding :—

Foolchand Harnarayan and his son, Motilal Foolchand, both Marwaris, carrying on business as merchants in Bombay, who had been committed by Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, to stand their trial, on charges of using as genuine a forged document and giving false evidence in a judicial proceeding, were placed before his lordship and a common jury.

Mr. Campbell appeared for the prosecution on behalf of the complainant Bamcoover Hanmantbux, while Mr. Welinker defended the first accused and Mr. R. D. N. Wadia defended the second accused.

The facts of the case have already been reported.

When the Court sat yesterday, Mr. Welinker, on behalf of his client submitted that there was no alteration in the document in question, that there was no forgery and perjury. The pocket-book of the complainant, in which he is said to have made the entry was absolutely useless. The suit in the Small Causes Court was dismissed because no evidence was led before Mr. Kemp, Chief Judge. The suit was clearly not time-barred because it had been shown that the complainant was away during the greater part of the period in foreign countries, and that period would have been deducted in calculating limitation. The first accused was an old man over 70 years of age, and had carried on his business with honesty and integrity. The prosecution was initiated, not to vindicate justice but with the object of extorting money from the accused.

Mr. Wadia then addressed the jury on behalf of his client. He said that this was a clear case of blackmail. Forgery, he said, was considered as one of the most heinous offences in all civilised countries. There had been constant litigation between the complainant and the accused, and the prosecution themselves had not alleged that the document had been altered. If there was a mistake, it was an honest mistake which was not punishable.

In summing up the case to the jury, his lordship said that the case for the prosecution was in his opinion false and malicious. The witnesses had also spoken untruth. The complainant had sought to support his case in a petty book, which he kept irregularly.

The jury having returned a unanimous verdict of not guilty on both the charges against the two accused, his lordship agreed with the jury, and acquitted and discharged the accused.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Benjamin Samson, a Jew, aged 22, who was committed by Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalwad, on charges of murder and hurt, was then placed before his Lordship and a special jury.

The Hon. the Advocate-General with Mr. Daruwalla was for the prosecution, while Mr. Joseph Baptista defended.

Superintendent Coxen was in charge of the case.

Counsel on both the sides having addressed the jury, his Lordship reserved his summing up, and the Court rose for the day at about 7 p. m.

DISPUTE BETWEEN BANKS.

The London County and Westminster Bank Ld. preferred an appeal against the Bank of Bombay which came on for hearing before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Batchelor.

The Chief Justice:—You selected the bank as your agent. There is no reason for you now to complain of that.

Mr. Binning:—We bitterly repent that we made this selection. It was a most foolish selection.

The case is proceeding.

ASKING HIS SHARE.

The appeal preferred by Kumarshri Dalpatsinji Narsingji against Rawalshri Raisingji and the Collector of Punch Mahals came on for hearing before Mr. Justice Heaton and Mr. Justice Shah.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai appeared for the appellant, while Mr. Talyarkhan appeared for the first respondent.

The case is proceeding.

POLICE COURTS.

CAUGHT RED-HANDED.

Inspector Smith charged one Ganoo Gopal before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Third-Presidency Magistrate, with the theft of gold and silver ornaments of the value of Rs. 52, the property of one Sunder Shivdayal.

The accused pleaded guilty and admitted several previous convictions. The magistrate sentenced him to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE TRADE MARKS ACT.

Messrs. F. C. Calvert and Co., the well-known manufacturers of tooth powder, through their constituted attorney, Mr. Walter Douglas Hall, manager of Messrs. Latham Abercrombie and Co., prosecuted Mr. G. S. Mukkadam, a commission agent, having his office in Gresham Building, Hornby Road, for alleged infringement of the Trade Mark Act, by selling tooth powder bearing the counterfeited trade mark of the firm.

The accused pleaded not guilty.

The further hearing was adjourned.

THE SMALL CAUSES COURT.

ARRANGEMENT FOR WORK.

A notice has been posted on the windows of the Small Cases Court stating that the Chief Judge will sit in the old General Post Office premises from Saturday the 13th instant, at 11-30 a.m., to dispose o urgent work.

ACCIDENT AT THE NEW DOCKS.

A labourer at the new docks, named Gopal Govind (50), was engaged in removing earth when a stone came down from the top of an embankment about eight feet high and fell on his ankle which felled him down. The man was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where he was detained for treatment.

NOTES FROM THE MAIL.

SINGULAR VERDICT.

"Suicide through drunkenness" was the unusual verdict returned by a Hackney coroner's jury on William Rowe, a Homerton costermonger, who was found hanged.

DEARER MILK.

Sussex dairy farmers are recommending the Central Dairy Association, to demand higher prices for milk. This course is advocated on the ground that the farmer cannot afford to meet the increased cost of production, enhanced railway rates, and dearness of stock.

A WOMAN JUDGE.

Mlle. Ruth Sorensen, who was born in 1877 and who passed her examination as a lawyer in 1900, has been appointed to be a judge at Hammerfest, Norway. She is the first woman judge in Norway.

CRICKETER AND PARLIAMENT.

Mr. P. F. Warner, the well-known cricketer, asked if a report that he had been invited to stand for Parliament as Liberal candidate for a Lancashire constituency was true, replied : "Quite untrue, but quite willing to the Minister for Sport in any Government, Conservative, Liberal, or Labour."

"ZOO'S" RECORD CROWDS.

In spite of so many Londoners taking their holidays at the seaside in July, the Zoological Gardens have had a record number of visitors—a total of 136,542, representing £3,240. The numbr of visitors up to mail week was over 700,000, or about 60,000 more than last year.

The round million should, therefore, be easily reached for the third time in the history of the Gardens.

WOMEN MOTORISTS KILLED.

In avoiding a cow, a motor-car was overturned near Ceprano in Italy to women passengers being killed, while another was in a dying condition. A motor-car driven by Mme. Feunni, an experienced motorist, skidded at a corner and plunged over a precipice on the road from Montfezat to St. Cirgues (Ardeche). Mme. Feunni and one of her three companions were killed. The other two were seriously injured.

ESCAPE FROM FOREIGN LEGION.

Near Descartes the gendarmes have arrested a German, named Bauer, wearing the uniform of the French Foreign Legion. He states that he was sent to Algeria by the parents of a young German, named Mayer, who had enlisted in the Legion, in order to help him to desert. He had done this by changing clothes with Mayer, so that the latter could get away unchallenged. Bauer says that Mayer's father gave him £ 50 in cash and the promise of another £ 50 if he succeeded.

CRUELTY IN THE STOKEHOLD.

Three firemen in the Hamburg steamer "Washington" have been sentenced at Hambusg to one year's, six months', and three months' imprisonment respectively, for cruelly ill-treating an English fireman, named Doe, who was for twelve years in the Army in India. Doe was engaged last September, when he was in a weak condition. He could not speak German, and was so ill that the other men had to do much of his work. The prisoners struck him with a wire instrument known on board as a policeman. After he had been at sea ten hours Doe died, but whither from the ill-treatment or not it was not stated.

CITY'S LOSS BY SMALL POX.

Owing to the outbreak of smallpox at Sydney only a small contingent of the British Parliamentary party touring Australia is visiting Sidney. Many of the members, notably Mr. Will Crooks, refused vaccination in the absence of which they would have been detained indefinitely in New South Wales. The Federal Ministers are greatly perturbed by the outbreak. It is authoritatively stated that Sydney traders are losing £120,000 daily in consequence of the "scare" preventing visitors from coming from the country districts and other States. Sydney goods also are not wanted elsewhere. The Australian open golf championship, which was arranged to take place at Sydney, will now be held at Melbourne.

ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP NEW YORK'S TOWN HALL.

Four and a half sticks of dynamite, with a half-burned fuse attached, were found below a window of Mayor Gaynor's suite of rooms in the City Hall in mail week. The chief of the Bureau of Combustibles says that the amount of dynamite was sufficient to blow up the whole City Hall. All the sticks were provided with caps and fuses, and burnt matches were found near by. The Mayor, who was in his offices when the explosive was discovered, was not excited, and refused even to discuss the possibility of anybody's wishing harm to come to him. The dynamite was found in a small areaway leading to the basement on the Broadway side of the building. One theory is that the explosive had been stolen from a gunner or was taken from an excavation, and the thief, who wished to use it in safe-blowing, fearing to have the dynamite found in his possession, hid it at the first opportunity. The best detectives in the city have been assigned to the case.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

BY APPOINTMENT TO H.M. THE KING.

SCRUBB'S AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains and Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., LTD., Guildford St., LONDON, S.E.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE.
THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.
Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

DR. PROSSER JAMES,
Lecturer on Materia Medica, London Hospital.
"Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL contains the whole of the active ingredients of the remedy, and is easily digested. Hence its value, not only in Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, but in a great number of cases to which the Profession is extending its use."

DR. SAUNDERS, C.B.,
Late Deputy-Inspector-General Army Hospitals, Superintendent London Medical Mission.
"I have used Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL extensively among the sick poor of St. Giles's, and consider it a valuable remedy, especially in the Wasting Diseases of Children."

DR. HUNTER SEMPLE,
Physician to the Hospital for Diseases of the Throat and Chest, London.
"I have long been aware of the great reputation enjoyed by the LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL introduced into medical practice by Dr. DE JONGH, and have recommended it with the utmost confidence. I have no hesitation in stating my opinion, that it possesses all the qualities of a good and efficient medicine. Its taste is by no means disagreeable, and might even be called pleasant. I have found Dr. DE JONGH'S OIL very useful in cases of Chronic Cough, and especially in Laryngeal Disease complicated with Consumption."

DR. WHITMORE,
Medical Officer of Health, St. Marylebone, London.
"My own somewhat lengthened experience as a Medical Practitioner enables me with confidence to recommend Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL as being more uniform in quality, more certain in its effects, more palatable, and infinitely less likely to disagree with the stomach than the Pale Oil. If I were asked for an explanation of the marked success which for so many years has attended the administration of Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL, I should say that it is owing to its extraordinary medicinal, dietetic, and regiminal properties, and which are found to exist in no other medicine that I am acquainted with, in such uniform combination.

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with Dr. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signature WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

ENGLAND'S PREMIER TOILET CREAM.

For Sunburn, Prickly Heat, and all unnatural conditions of the skin due to hot, dry and dusty climates, use Icilma Cream—the famous English toilet preparation. Nothing else known can give the same clean cool comfort and velvety softness, *because* no other cream in the world contains the wonderful Icilma Natural Water which stimulates the skin to normal healthy action. Contains no animal fat. Untouched by hand. Cannot grow hair.

Icilma Cream

Of all good Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA CO., LTD., LONDON, ENGLAND.

THE HAIR TONIC FOR THE ORIENT

Do not use cheap and inferior Hair Oil which injure Hair and Brain.

Kaminia Oil has been for excellent make awarded a Gold Medal in the Mysore Exhibition, and Certificate of merit in the Allahabad Exhibition.

KAMINIA OIL

Nourishes the Hair,
Removes the Dandruff,
Increases the Growth,
Beautifies the skin.

It's not only a hair tonic but a skin food too. Little rubbed on the body just before the bath produces refreshing sensation and makes the skin velvity. Delicately Perfumed. The finest Hair pressing.

PER BOTTLE Re. 1, V. P. EXTRA. OF ALL CHEMISTS. Sample free on application with half anna. Postage stamps.

THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO.,
Jumma Musjid, BOMBAY, No. 2.

• The best cakes for the children are those baked at home, and the best cakes baked at home are those raised with Paisley Flour.
Children and persons of delicate digestions may safely eat Paisley Flour cakes all hot and fragrant. They are so digestible. For all home bakings use

"PAISLEY FLOUR"

The SURE raising powder

and go by the rule—well mix dry, 1 part Paisley Flour to 8 parts ordinary flour.

Every tin contains an excellent selection of recipes and the Brown & Polson book of recipes is post free from Mackenzie, Lyall & Co., Lyon's Range, Calcutta. Send for it *now*.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY
(Bombay to the Bosphorus.)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation or Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wants and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.

Apply to the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

THE TWO SERVICES.

th the entry into service during the
n of the battleship Audacious and
nd the transfer of the Lord Nelson
imemnon from the Second to the
Battle Squadron, the notable result
e achieved of "Dreadnoughtising" the
st and Second Battle Squadrons, which
l be supported by the Third Squadron
posed of the eight fine ships of the King
ward VII class, while the Fourth Squad-
will for the present consist of the
eadnought, as flagship, in association
h the two Lord Nelsons and the Russell.
e composition of the First Battle
adron will undergo a further alteration
ring the early part of next year, when the
rtet of Iron Dukes will commence to
er the fleet, displacing an equal number
he earlier Dreadnoughts, which will be
ilable to complete the Fourth Squadron
ight units. The second quarter of 1914
ll consequently find the First Fleet com-
ed of 22 Dreadnought battleships, plus
two Lord Nelsons and eight King
wards, while the affiliated Cruiser Squad-
will number four units after allowing
the reinforcement of the Mediterranean
eet by the Indomitable and Invincible.
summary we shall possess by the spring
next year 32 ships of the Dreadnought
pe, and as at that time Germany will at
st have 16 all-big-gun units at sea, the
io of strength in completed Dreadnoughts
ll be two to one in favour of Great Bri-
n. This standard will, however, be tem-
rary only, inasmuch as during the third
d fourth quarters of 1914 the advantage
accessions to the fleet will reside with
rmany.

FFUSION OF FORCE.

The concentration of the British Fleet
home waters is about to be relaxen
two directions, which will result in re-
ablishing British prestige in the
diterranean and showing the White
ign in the western part of the Atlantic.
battle-cruisers Indomitable and
vincible and the light cruisers Dublin
Chatham are about to join the flag of
Commander-in-Chief in the Mediter-
ean, the reinforcing taking place in
e for Admiral Sir A. Berkeley Milne
be accompanied to the western part
his command by four battle-cruisers,
r large armoured cruisers and smaller
ft. Later in the year the Fourth
ttle Squadron, which is about to leave
Gibraltar, will join up with the
diterranean Fleet, thus bringing, for
ime, the total number of armoured ships
the Mediterranean to eleven. The
engthening policy is also to be applied
the flotilla by the 30-knot destroyers
ing relieved by the Basilisk group.

HE FLAG IN DISTANT SEAS.

Coincident with this restoration of Bri-
sh naval strength in the Mediterranean,
e British flag will again be established
n the western shores of the Atlantic by the
rrival of the Fourth Cruiser Squadron at
Bermuda. It is matter for regret that this
olicy of diffusion of naval force should
e accompanied by the withdrawal
of the Kent and Monmouth from the China
tation without substitutes being found
therefor. Ten years ago the China Squad-
ron consisted of five battleships one ar-
moured and eight protected cruisers and
ten sloops with the withdrawal of the Kent
and Monmouth without replacement ships,
there will be left only two armoured and
two second-class protected cruisers, six
sloops and small craft. The Pacific station
also been considerably weakened in re-
cent years, and the augmentation of strength
in the West Atlantic is therefore, it
may be hoped, only the thin end of the
wedge towards the British flag being flown
in distant waters in adequate force.

NEW SOURCE OF OIL-FUEL SUPPLY.

Now that the full position in respect to
oil fuel, as it concerns our Navy, has been
disclosed by the First Lord, and the urgent
need of an all-British supply of this modern
commodity has been adequately realised, it
is satisfactory to find that considerable
enterprise is being shown by capitalists, in
all parts of the empire, in prospecting for
a larger oil supply in British dominions.
In this connection it is not impossible that
an official search for shale oil may be or-
ganised in the United Kingdom, as even a
moderate supply from this source, if "cor-
nered" by the Government, would stand
the country in good stead in time of war,
and supplement the over-sea oil which
would, with ordinary prudence, have been
previously stored in tanks around our coasts
for war purposes. An all-British over-sea
supply is only second in importance to a
helpful home supply; and it is, therefore,
satisfactory to learn that there are hopeful
signs that oil may be found in consider-
able quantities in the Australian Colony of
New Guinea. The Lieutenant-Governor,
Judge Murray, has recently declared that
the prospect of securing oil is rosy, and
bores have already been sunk to 250 feet
with promising results. The remoteness
of this very large Australasian island mat-
ters little, in these days of fast travelling
oil carriers, if the supply is only good
enough to help free us from our present de
pendence on foreigners for fuel for our Navy.

SIGHTING SHOTS.

Colonel Hopton, the well-known rifle
shot, has raised in the *Times* the question
of sighting shots. Few will deny that as
exemplified this year at Bisley these extra
rounds have become somewhat farcical.
Under the latest regulations a competitor
could have two practice shots and then a
sighting shot before he began his shoot
proper. Moreover, the sighting shot in
most cases was "convertible," that is to say,
if it hit the bull's eye it was at once
regarded as one of the competitive series;
if it hit anywhere else it was merely
designated a sighting shot. These eccentri-
cities are, of course, not introduced without
good reason, and are the results of a valiant
attempt to make conditions fair for everyone
but in the opinion of many, including
Colonel Hopton, they have failed to achieve
this result. For our part we are content to
regard the question from the broad stand-
point from which all competitions at Bisley
will have to be viewed. Artificiality of all
kinds will have to make way for modern
conception of musketry training, and we
think that the N.R.A. will be well advised
to alter before next year a regulation which
is not even generally popular among their
chief supporters.

FIELD HOWITZERS.

The second decade of this century will
in future be known to artillerists as the
"howitzer period," in view of the large
proportion of these weapons now being
added to the artillery of the great armies.
The present popularity of the howitzer is
due to the fact that it can now be made as
light and handy as a field gun, while, in
addition to its power of reaching troops
behind cover, it makes an excellent direct-
fire gun at ordinary fighting ranges, or up
to about 3,500 yards. Under the Re-Ar-
mament Bill passed this year in Germany
the divisional artillery is to consist of fifty-
four field guns and eighteen light howitzers,
besides sixteen heavy howitzers with the
army corps. Austria has an even large
proportion, namely seventy-two field guns,
forty-two light howitzers, and six heavy
howitzers, in the whole army corps. The
minor Powers are following suit. It is
satisfactory to know that since January,
1912, when Lord Haldane fulfilled his pro-
mise regarding the additional howitzer-
brigades, our own Army has a full propor-
tion of these weapons, namely, fifty-four
guns, eighteen howitzers, and four 60
pounders, per division.

AUTOMATIC SOLDIERS.

A Danish Engineer has invented an auto-
matic soldier, which he claims will do
away with most of the dangers of war for
the Army employing his invention. It
consists of a steel cylinder enclosed within
another cylinder, which is embedded in the
ground. Its fighting power is set in motion
by means of wireless telegraphy, the inner
cylinder rising to a height of about 5 ft.
above the surface of the ground. At the
same time an automatic gun fixed in the
cylinder opens fire with 400 bullets in any
required direction. The automatic soldiers
may be brought into action by an officer
at a distance of five miles from the
line of defence. Further, it is pointed
out that there is no danger of panic. It is
claimed that a few hundred of these steel
warriors would suffice to defend a position
against the most powerful Infantry attack.
To stop the murderous shower of bullets the
enemy would have to destroy the steel
cylinders one by one, which, of course, in
active warfare would be a most hazardous
proceeding.

LADIES' CORNER.

WIRED TUNICS.

It is quite certain, writes a London
lady, that our hip draperies are
getting bigger, and consequently our
beautiful slender lines are in imminent
danger of disappearing. We have already
had several pleated basques that but slight-
ly enlarged the hips and did not detract
much from the slim effect, but the newest
arrivals are short tunics wired at the hem
so that they will stand well out. I cannot
pretend I am pleased with the fashion; it
is too reminiscent of a lampshade to look
artistic. However, it is certainly a coming
fashion, and, if I mistake not, a most im-
portant one. One of the wired tunics I
saw on a pretty afternoon frock of white
ninon patterned with small mauve flowers.
Over this dress came a hip-length tunic of
mauve accordion-pleated tulle, with a thin,
flexible wire run through the hem. Pleats
of the mauve tulle edged with small frills
trimmed the corsage, and over that came
picturesque braces of the figured ninon.

BEAUTIFUL IN SPITE OF IT.

Another wired tunic was a simple even-
ing frock of sulphur-yellow charmeuse and
lace. The skirt was of the satin and was
quite plain except for a little drapery at the
feet. Over this came a corsage and tunic of
ivory lace, the tunic, finishing some way
above the knees, was cut into vandykes at
the edge and trimmed with a tiny ruching
of black tulle. The simple corsage was of
Magyar cut, with tulle-edge elbow sleeves
and a big butterfly bow of tulle appeared in
front. There was a certain picturesque
quaintness about this dress that could not
be denied, nevertheless, I would rather see
the tunic hang in the straight soft folds that
we have learnt to like so well.

BROCADED TULLE MANTLES.

For holiday wear at the fashionable Con-
tinental Plages some very quaint little
mantles are being worn over afternoon frocks
of ninon, tulle, or lace. One of them has
a most old-world appearance, and is a little
suggestive of the once loved dolman. It
has baggy elbow sleeves that are put in
with the deep armhole and a short, slight-
ly-gathered skirt. The favourite material
for this kind of coat is tulle or chiffon bro-
caded in velvet in one or more rather vivid
colours. When deep purple or magenta is
used the old-fashioned suggestion is parti-
cularly marked.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY THE HON. COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, C.I.E. V.D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 11th September, 1913.

843. Signalling Class.—The Signalling Class will parade every Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 a.m. on the Maidan in front of Head-Quarters.

Dress.—Multi.

844. Miniature Range.—The Miniature Range at Old Head-Quarters, Carnac Road, will be open for practice every Tuesdays and Fridays at 7 a.m.

845. Machine Gun.—The 2nd Machine Gun Section of "G" Company will parade under Sergt. A. E. S. Hayne, at Head-Quarters, on Tuesday the 9th instant, at 6-45 p.m.

846. Parade.—"G" Company will parade on Monday the 15th instant, and "G" Company Recruits on Wednesday the 17th instant, at 7-30 a.m. at the Bombay Gymkhana.

Dress—Mufti.

Arms and Accoutrements will be issued on the parade ground.

II. All Recruits of the current season will parade at the Old Head-Quarters, Carnac Road, every Fridays at 6-30 p.m.

847.—Arms. Every Volunteer who draws a Rifle from Head Quarters will, immediately on the completion of his Standard Test return his Rifle to Head-Quarters for 10 days to be properly cleaned.

848. Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is reserved for "F" Company Class Firing on Sundays the 14th and 21st instant.

849. Enrolment—The undernamed having been re-enrolled is taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to "E" Company:—

No 6795 Cyclist W M Humphrey.

(Sd.) H. B. MURRAY, Lieut.
Actg. Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.
SQUADRON ORDERS BY CAPTAIN STANLEY REED, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 11th Septembr, 1913.

1. Riding School for Recruits and members of the Corps daily from 7-15 a.m.

Dress.—Mufti.

CORPS SHOOTING CLUB.

2. The British Infantry Range at Colaba will be available on Saturday afternoon the 13th instant.

A competition will be held commencing from 4-30 p.m. (weather permitting).

3. Mr John Graham having joined is taken on the strength and posted to "C" Troop

(Sd.) D. W. WILSON, Lieut.
Actg. Adjutant, Bombay Light Horse.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cause. MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

"Baby has been so troublesome to-day!"

—says many a worried and anxious mother—but never if her baby is fed on Albulactin with diluted animal milk.

Such babies are never troublesome—never have any difficulty with the bottle—never give a moment's worry or anxiety. From the first day of life till weaning is well over, they thrive and grow as *perfectly* as if they had been "nursed" by their mothers.

Here is a real "human document" about a baby who used to be always "troublesome."

"A Wonderful Change."

A lady residing at Hayle, Cornwall, writes:—"Baby was very cross, slept little, and spent hours a day crying with flatulence. Several of my friends did not think she would live. I tried many foods, but the child seemed to be getting from bad to worse until my doctor recommended Albulactin. *I never should have believed there could be such a wonderful and immediate change in a baby.* After I gave her Albulactin, instead of waking up crying, she always woke with a smile and did not seem to know what pain was, and is now the best-tempered child ever known. She seems to spend her life sleeping and laughing. She has gained from half-a-pound to a pound a week, and is now heavier and several inches taller than the average child of her age. Everyone says of her: 'What a lovely, happy, healthy baby.'"

Albulactin

OF ALL CHEMISTS AND BAZAARS, IN BOTTLES OF TWO SIZES.

From the moment that you begin to use Albulactin you will say good-bye to all the worries and anxieties of artificial feeding. Baby will never again be troublesome or fretful, but will rejoice everyone by his liveliness, happiness and contentment.

Write to-day for a Free Booklet on Infant Rearing, which will be sent gratis, and post free, to all mentioning this paper, on application to A. Wulfing & Co., Box 226, G.P.O., Bombay.

Albulactin is prepared by the manufacturers of Sanatogen and Formamint, who *guarantee* that it forms the nearest known equivalent to maternal milk.

BURGOYNE

LOSS OF NERVE POWER

is a very common condition in these modern times. The symptoms are various, such as a sense of weariness, tiredness, not wholly relieved by repose, want of power to fix the attention on any subject, incapacity for mental work, and worst of all, the sleeplessness which is so common during the Indian hot summer nights. It cannot be too generally known that

BURGOYNE'S

IXIDAMA

The Celebrated Nerve Tonic, is the ideal remedy for all complaints arising from the breakdown of the nervous system to which all are more or less subject.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

whatever the cause, should be remedied quickly if the more serious after effects are to be avoided, and no Household should be without

IXIDAMA

which is the finest known Tonic for increasing the supply of Nerve Power.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists throughout India.

BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & CO.,
LONDON.

FOR PURITY

"LUTON"

HAT DYE

With a single bottle of "Luton" Hat Dye you may renovate your old straw hat and make it equal to new. Put up in all colours that will dry at once WITHOUT GLOSS OR POLISH. WILL RESIST RAIN, and gives all the effects of new goods, dyeing the straw without an objectionable varnished appearance. One of the most useful inventions of the day.

OF ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.

Owing to spurious imitations, be sure you ask for and see the name.

Manufacturers:—

WHITAKER & CO.,
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AS EXPLAINED BY PETER.

BY RUBY M. AYRES.

CHAPTER XX.

Peters's monocle fell from his eye with an agitated click against his coat button. For a moment he stood staring blankly at Lena Adair. He had more than half expected a scene, but nothing like this.

There was no doubt as to the genuineness of her tears. There was something so heart-broken and lonely in her sobbing, that in spite of himself Peter felt an uncomfortable lump rise in his throat.

"Oh, I say!" he protested at length. "Oh I say, don't cry! Whatever is the matter?"

But he did not touch her; though he stood quite close to her, some instinct kept him from even taking her hand.

She looked up at him, dangerously beautiful, with the tears wet on her flushed cheeks.

"I thought you were never coming again," she sobbed, breathlessly.

"I thought you were so angry with me about the other afternoon that you would never come any more."

"The other afternoon!" Peter echoed. He had forgotten the little tiff of their parting. To him it had been but a small thing.

"Good Lord!" he said tonelessly, remembering. "I never thought about it again. I'm sorry if it's worried you. Oh, for Heaven's sake, don't go on crying; the servants will hear."

But Lena sobbed stormily.

"I don't care if they do," she said. "I wish I were dead. There's simply nothing to live for in this hateful world. I wish I could die and slip out of it."

Peter made no answer. There was a set look about his shaven lips. He walked a pace away from her, and started at some photographs on a centre table.

From behind her handkerchief Lena watched him surreptitiously. She was a shrewd woman in things that appertained to the management of a man. She began to dry her tears. She pushed back her ruffled hair.

"I'm sorry, Peter." Her voice was humble "But, oh, I am so miserable."

Peter came back. He was relieved that the tears were over. Tears only embarrass a man when they are shed by a woman in whom he is not really interested.

"What's the matter?" he asked. "Carlton been kicking over the traces again?"

"Carlton!" Lena echoed her husband's name scornfully. As if I care what he does. He went to Paris on Saturday night. Long may he stay there," she added, viciously.

Peter sat down on the edge of the couch and stared at the velvet carpet.

Lena dabbed at her eyes and gave hurried glance in the mirror.

"Where have you been all this time?" she demanded.

She did not mean to be the first to introduce Betty Dean's name; in spite of her jealousy, she was confident that Peter would tell her about it she had never known him delibrately deceive her yet.

Peter hesitated.

"All this time? he echoed, with a faint smile. "It's only three days. I—I hardly know what I have been doing with myself."

Lena's eyes flashed.

"One of my maids told me she saw you on the Embankment on Sunday evening," she challenged him. "Of course, I know the girl was mistaken, but——"

"I was on the Embankment," said Peter.

She drew a sigh of relief; he was not going to deceive her, then. She laughed more naturally.

"Were you? What queer taste! Wherever had you been, Peter?"

"I'd been to Westminister Abbey."

She stared at him; a flush crept into her cheeks.

"To church! You! Good heavens! I thought you always bragged that you never went to church unless it was to a wedding or a funeral"

"Did I? Well, then I must have reformed, because I went to the evening service."

"Alone?" came the shrill query.

"No," said Peter.

There was a painful silence. Suddenly he rose to his feet. "I think it's rather pointless my staying to-night," he said, constrainedly. We shall only quarrel—you'd better let me go, Lena. I'll come another day, when—"

"When Miss Dean no longer wants you!" she flashed at him.

Her jealousy was roused to flaming pitch now; her eyes flashed; her little jewelled hands were clenched at her sides.

"Oh, you can't deceive me!" she raved at him. I know where you've been all this time—why you've kept away from me. You've found someone younger and prettier than I am. That beast Rogers warned me, and I wouldn't believe him—I was sure it wasn't true. Then I went round to your rooms this morning, and that woman—Mrs. Gates—gave you away. She said you were on the river with Miss Dean! I don't know who she is—and I don't care; but you're not going to fool me and play a double game, Peter. You can choose between us—now and for ever."

She was panting and breathless; her very lips were white. Peter stood his ground manfully.

"You don't know what you're saying, Lena," he said, gently. I'll come and see you again when you've had time to think it over. Miss Dean does not enter into the question of my—my friendship with you. I'm sorry if you're hurt because I've stayed away—but, after all, I've a right to my own life. You've nothing to reproach me with."

'Oh, I know, I know!" She was sobbing again now; her jealous anger seemed to have fallen from her like a mantle. "Don't notice what I say. I'm just so wretched I don't know what I am saying. Oh! Peter—Peter—don't quite desert me!"

Peter went white to the lips; he covered the ground between them with a stride and took her hands in his, as if to check other wild words that might be rushing to her lips.

"You mustn't talk like this," he said urgently. "You're ill and upset. I'll see you again to-morrow—and we'll forget all about it. Of course I'm not going to desert you." He tried to force a laugh but it was not very successful. We've always been the best of friends, and I hope we always shall be.

"Friends! Friends!" she cried out, passionately. "I don't want your friendship—a fig for your friendship! You must think I'm a fool that you try and pacify me like this!"

She broke away from him and began pacing the room agitatedly. Suddenly she swung round, facing him with flashing eyes.

"You've never lied to me yet" Peter, she said, hoarsely. Tell me the truth now. This girl—this Miss Dean—does she love you."

"No" said Peter between his teeth. He laughed harshly. "She hardly knows me," he went on. "There's another man in the question she—she hopes to marry. For Heaven's sake, Lena, let us put an end to this scene. I tell you I am nothing to her—she simply looks upon me as an ordinary acquaintance. I swear it's the truth."

Her beautiful eyes searched his face; he held his breath, waiting for a question which he knew must come.

"And you, Peter—can you swear that she is nothing to you?"

For a moment Peter closed his eyes. He thought of Betty's flower-like face and the peaceful dreaminess of the day he had spent with her on the river.

Nothing to him! She was everything to him. He had never begun to live until a week ago, when he met her frightened eyes through the stillness of a summer night. Lena and the exotic beauty of the room seemed to fade away—he was on the river again with Betty, in the shade of the tree-canopy—listening to her voice, and he answered now with sudden, compelling truth, as if the words were forced from him against his will:—

"I love her with all my heart and soul!"

CHAPTER XXI.

Robert Fulton's wife found the time hang heavily on her hands during the first few days following her brief honeymoon.

The big house wich Fulton had taken would not be free of painters and decorators for another fortnight, and there was nothing to amuse herself within the hotel to which they had gone for the meantime.

Fulton spent his days and nights in very much the same manner as he had done before his marriage. Occasionally he remembered his wife's existence and took her to a theatre or out to dine, but as a rule she was left to herself.

Perhaps she tasted to the full in those days the bitterness of the Dead Sea fruits of ambition.

She had married Fulton for his position and birth. Now she could only shudder as she remembered her father's proud assertion that, although his daughter was marrying "into the gentry," she could hold her head "with the best of 'em."

Old Latrone had been disturbed at his daughter's sudden return. When he first saw her he took her face gently between his work-roughened hands and asked an anxious question,

"You're happy, my girl—he's good to you, eh?"

And with sudden tenderness for this common old man who loved her better than anyone in the world, Fulton's wife laughed and kissed him, and said that she was quite, *quite* happy—quite as happy as she had ever expected to be, an evasion which would have deceived nobody but old Latrone.

But before a week had gone by Dora was beginning to view life through the same flowerless window as many other women do, who marry for money or position, or something equally worthless.

She could see long, joyless years winding away before her—days during which she would grow older and less attractive—days which could only culminate in the grave.

Lying in bed one morning some days after her return to London, the awful finality of the step she had taken seemed to come home to her for the first time with full force.

She felt her whole body growing cold. She closed her eyes with a feeling of sudden faintness.

What had she done—what had she done?

Already she was beginning to discover petty deceits and meannesses in her husband's character. Already she was beginning to dread his step outside her door.

She was growing like Lena, she told herself bitterly—Lena, who carried the stamp of unhappiness and disillusionment in her beautiful face. Her whole being seemed to grope forward with a bitter cry searching for something, crying for something to help and comfort her.

And all her wealth could not buy it, for it was not to be bought for gold, this indefinable thing which we call happiness.

She sat up, leaning on her elbow, and looked round the room with frightened eyes.

She was in prison. Her heart and soul were in prison, their quivering nerves bound about with brutal fetters. The gold band on her slim third finger was but the insignia of her servitude.

And he cared nothing for her, this man she had married. He had singled her out for some purpose of his own, even as she had singled him. Fellow prisoners they were, each serving a life sentence.

Only last night, searching through a suit-case of her husband's for some small trinket of her own she had mislaid, she had come across the picture of another woman in a folded case.

A woman! Little more than a girl she had seemed, with her innocent flower-like face, and scrawled across one corner of the card were the words, "With love from Betty"

Dora had dropped the pretty pictured face as if it had burnt her, and stared at her own pale reflection in the glass.

She, only the bride of a week, and already her husband was so careless as to her feelings that he had not troubled to hide away another woman's picture.

Tears rushed to her aching eyes as she lay back on the pillows. Mortification seared her heart. Robert Fulton found nothing attractive in her. Unconsciously she had hoped for happiness in this marriage; it had been a vain hope.

The maid tapped discreetly at the door and entered.

She carried a note on a tray.

"The lady waits for an answer."

Dora dashed the tears from her eyes and opened it.

"Can you see me for a few minutes? Lena.'

The note was scrawled on hotel paper.

"Ask Mrs. Adair to come upstairs."

The door shut noiselessly.

Dora brushed the tears from her eyes and twisted her long fair hair into a plait.

Something must be urgently the matter, she knew, to bring Lena out so early—Lena who loved her bed, and declared she could never get up until the sun had properly warmed the earth for her.

Lena followed close upon the delivery of her note. She was severely dressed for her. She looked as if she had not troubled at all about her appearance.

"I suppose you think I'm mad to come out at such an early hour,' she began almost before she closed the door. "I think I am mad. I haven't closed my eyes all night."

She threw her veil back and stared at her face in the mirror. I look like a scarecrow," she said, mirthlessly.

She came back to the bedside and stooping kissed Dora carelessly. You "don't look well either," she said. I guess we're just two miserable creatures together.

She sat down on the bedside and pulled off her gloves with restless fingers.

Dora watched her silently. She knew that there could only be one thing the matter with Lena—Peter!

Peter, whom they both loved—careless happy-go-lucky Peter, who cared for neither of them.

Lena twisted her gloves into a ball and screwed them into the palm of her hand feverishly.

"It seems like a hundred years since last night," she broke out, hoarsely. "I wonder my hair isn't white—it ought to be. I thought I was unhappy before, but I didn't know when I was well off." She started to her feet and began pacing the room.

"It's Peter," she said jarringly. 'I saw him last night—oh it's no use pretending you don't know! You knew when I met you in the dark yesterday that something was wrong. I hadn't seen him for three days; so I went round to his rooms, and the woman there let out that he had gone on the river with some girl—a Miss Dean. I was in misery all day. I love Peter. I don't care who knows it! Why shouldn't I love him? There's no wrong in it, and he's the only soul in the world who's ever been kind to me. He's saved me from desperation over and over again—I should have died years ago if it hadn't been for Peter. I waited about outside his rooms till he came home—the girl was with him! Oh, I suppose I haven't any pride left, because I stood there in the shadows while he said good night to her at the gate. I had to see her! I had to see for myself what sort of woman had supplanted me! She was quite young and pretty,—very pretty I suppose you would say—but she was badly dressed—quite commonclothes. They only shook hands—I think if Peter had kissed her I should have killed him. Then I went back home and phoned to him at the hotel where he is staying—he's given up his rooms to this girl. Rodgers told me about it and I didn't believe him. That man's a sleuth-hound, I don't know how he ferrets everything out. Peter came round to see me; I don't believe he wanted to, he was so strange, so distant, and I made a fool of myself. I cried, and men hate a woman to cry when they don't love her. Peter never loved me—I'm not such a fool as to imagine he did—but I didn't mind as long as he was content to be with me. I made a scene, and I raved about the girl. He was so kind; he never once lost his temper. Then I asked him if he loved her, and he said—he said,—'I love her with all my heart and soul.' I thought it would have killed me!"

Lena broke down into bitter sobbing.

"I don't know what I said after that, I think I went mad. I believe I went on my knees to him. She laughed shrilly. It's always the way—a man never cares for the woman he can walk over if he wants to. This girl—Betty, he called her—keeps him at arm's length; he swore that she cared nothing for him, and I know it's the truth—Peter never tells lies. She is cleverer than I am, she knows how to manage him. All his life Peter's had what he's wanted. It's novelty to be rebuffed."

She came back, and looked down at Dora with burning eyes,

"Don't laugh at me." she said, brokenly. Don't laugh at me. Oh, if you only knew how badly I want some one to be kind to me—to say they're sorry for me."

Fulton's wife raised herself suddenly from the pillows. She held out her arms to her friend.

"Oh, you poor litte thing—you poor little thing!" she said.

For a moment Lena clung to her convulsively; then, with sudden revulsion of feeling she pulled herself away.

"Don't be kind to me," she said, hoarsely. "I can't bear it after all. I want to keep my head somehow. Dora, do you know that I believe I *hate* Peter? Since last night Iv'e thought of nothing but how I can pay him out—hurt him! And yet—he's done nothing. I ought to thank God he didn't care for me, I suppose. We couldn't have got married—Carlton would have seen to that. As it is, I suppose he'll marry his Betty."

She spoke the little name with bitter contempt.

Dora's pale face changed.

"Did you say that you *saw* her?" she asked.

"Yes, I did—I meant to. But now I wish I hadn't! I can't forget her face. Oh, I hate her—hate her!"

With a sudden swift movement Dora slipped the photograph which she had found in her husband's case from beneath her pillow.

"Is—is this the girl?" she asked, tremulously.

CHAPTER XXII.

The two women bent together breathlessly over the cheap little photograph of Betty Dean.

Lena's dark hair and flushed face were a striking contrast to Dora Fulton's flaxen hair and delicate pallor. A ray of morning sunshine piercing a chink in the still-drawn blinds played upon them both with artistic effect.

From the card in Lena's hand the wild flower beauty of Betty Dean smiled serenely at them.

"That is she. Where did you get it? Do you know her?"

Lena spoke breathlessly; her words tumbled over each other in her excitement; her jealous eyes flashed in agitated suspicion from Dora to the pictured face.

Fulton's wife lay back on the pillows with a little laugh.

"I found it in Robert's suit-case," she said, ironically. There was a moment's tragic silence.

"Men are all the same!" Lena cried out, recklessly. "But he might have had the decency to destroy it before he got married. It strikes me we were both in the same boat, my dear—both tied to men who care nothing for us." She broke off; she carried Betty's portrait to the window and jerked the blind aside, letting in a flood of golden light.

"With love from Betty!" she read contemptuously. "And that's the kind of girl Peter is content to make a fool of himself over—a girl Robert Fulton flirted with!" she laughed shrilly.

"Peter doesn't know that, I'll be bound. Peter's not the sort of man to be content with second-hand affections."

"Peter probably doesn't know," said Mrs. Fulton, wearily. "I sometimes think that he and Robert were never really the friends we all imagined. Robert is so secretive, but since we've been married I've come to the conclusion that at the bottom of his heart he dosen't really like Peter."

"He's probably jealous of him," said Lena, bending again over the portrait.

"She *is* pretty," she admitted, reluctantly, with a catch in her throat. "I don't wonder that men run after her." She raised her eyes to her own haggard reflection in the mirror on the toilet table, "I was quite as pretty when Carlton married me," she said, bitterly. "How can one keep young when one is miserable? It's not fair that things should be so unequal in the world—it's not fair."

Dora made no answer; she hardly seemed to be listening.

Lena turned the photograph about critically; there was something almost repulsive at that moment in the flushed beauty of her face

"Taken at Devizes," she said "A rustic beauty, of course." She swung round suddenly with parted lips. "Why——" she began, then broke off.

"What were you going to say?" asked Dora."

But Lena only shook her head.

"Can I keep this?" she asked, a moment later.

"It's not mine to give—but take it if you wish. I don't suppose Robert will miss it, or if he does he will hardly like to ask me about it."

Lena put the photograph away in her gold-chain bag, and snapped it viciously.

"Come round and see me some day," she said. She smoothed her hair at the mirror. "You'll be glad of someone to tell your troubles too before long, my dear. I'll listen. I've plenty of my own, so we can exchange confidence."

She straightened her smart hat and took up her gloves.

"Good-bye." She bent over Dora and kissed her again carelessly.

The elder woman caught and held her hand.

"Lena, what are you going to do with that photograph? It's no use making mischief. Let them alone. Peter isn't a fool; he knows quite well what he's doing. It will all come right in the end."

Lena tried to drag her hand away.

"It will never come right," she said, in a hard voice of misery. "I can see my life—just what it will be to the end now. Nothing to hope for—nothing to live for—nothing to look forward to! If you hear that I've been found dead in bed one morning. Dora, don't be surprised—I've thought about it often." She spoke with reckless flippancy.

"Don't be so foolish, Lena."

Dora frowned a little, she had much more strength of character than her friend; she was the sort of woman who would go on unwillingly enduring to the end; trouble and disappointment might wear her out, but they would never kill her. She released Lena's hand and turned her cheek against the pillow. The door opened and closed again—Lena had gone.

She rustled downstairs, ignoring the lift-boy who was on the landing waiting for her. She held the gold chain bag tightly in her hand; there was a feeling of exultance in her heart.

She was sure now that Betty Dean was the little girl from the country whom Peter had so frowningly defended the day of Robert's wedding; the only thing that puzzled her was that he should be satisfied with another man's cast-off sweetheart.

Peter, who had so often scoffed at men whom they had both known to do similar foolish things; Peter, who had carelessly avowed many times that there was no woman in the world worth losing a night's sleep for.

As she stepped into the brougham at the door of the hotel, a man came along the pathway. Lena glanced at him and paused, frowningly. "Good morning," she said curtly. It was Robert Fulton himself.

Fulton raised his hat with eleborate defence. As usual, he was immaculately groomed; he looked as careless and debonair as ever.

"I've just been to see your wife," said Lena. She sat down and drew the light motor rug across her knee. She had made no attempt to shake hands with him. He stood now with one patent-shod foot on the step of the brougham, looking in at her smilingly.

"Really! How is she?"

"She seemed very well—haven't you seen her lately?"

There was sarcasm in Lena's sharp voice, but Fulton smiled unruffled.

"I stayed out last night. I am just going in to make my apologies."

Lena gave him a contemptuous glance.

"Anyone would think you had been married forty years," she said.

"If I were a wit, Fulton retorted, I should probably say that it feels like forty. He laughed. Where is the exemplary Peter?

Lena flushed; she answered ungraciously.

"*You* should know! I thought you were such friends."

Fulton shrugged his graceful shoulders.

"I have not seen him since my marriage. I rang up his rooms twice, but the housekeeper told me he was away."

Lena burst into shrill laughter.

"I should ring him up again," she said. "Do ring him up again! He'll be delighted to see you, I'm sure." She fastened the last button of her white glove with trembling fingers.

For a moment Fulton searched her flushed face with keen scrutiny; then he stood back from the car.

"Ah! I think I will," he said, casually. "Good-bye, Mrs. Adair."

He raised his hat, waited bareheaded till the car had glided away; then he went on and into the hotel with a frown on his handsome face.

CHAPTER XXIII.

"There's only one thing for it now," said Peter, doggedly.

He stared at his soapy face in the glass, and spoke the words aloud, the razor poised in his hand. "And that is——" He carefully removed an inch of lather from his chin. "That is to *tell her!*"

He laid the razor down on the table and sighed ponderously. He was really feeling very miserable; the dreamless sleep he had so pleasantly contemplated when he came back from the river the evening before had evolved itself into a night's tossing and restlessness; he had lain on his back and stared at the chinks in the blind longing for daylight as never before, straining his ears for the first sounds of life in the silent hotel. It seemed impossible now, with the cherry sunshine pouring into the room and the familiar rumble of traffic in the streets outside, that last night's events had not been a nightmare.

The scene with Lena—his own impulsive confession, "I love her with all my heart and soul"—his face burned as he recalled it. He cursed himself for his folly in having told Lena of all people the secret of which he himself had hardly been aware until that moment when she had taxed him with it.

Peter shivered as he thought of Lena's eyes—the shocked look of wounded love. He would have given his right hand never to have seen it.

He had not dreamed that she left more than mere friendship for him—he had never felt more for her. He was not a vain man—he hated the knowledge of her suffering.

"The Lord only knows what she can see in me!" he thought, ruefully, as he sponged the remaining lather from his face and hunted for the towel, that had got mixed up with his clothes.

The memory of Lena as he had last seen her, face downwards amongst the pillows of the wide couch, her little hands clenched at her sides, had haunted him the whole night.

He had not dared to offer her comfort; he had done the very best thing he could do, and left her alone.

But now it was morning, and pity and remorse were driven out by the fear of what she would do.

He knew her temperament through and through—he knew what depths of jealousy she was capable of; he knew, too, that a jealous woman is reckless.

Betty's fair name might easily be wrecked by Lena's sharp tongue; it remained for him to do the only safe thing and tell Betty the whole story; it was impossible to put it off any longer—he must take the risk of her hatred.

He left the hotel without any breakfast, and walked across the park to his rooms.

It was a beautiful morning, but Peter wondered wretchedly how he would feel when he walked *back* that way, after he had seen Betty.

Unconsciously he slackened his steps as he neared his rooms; his heart beat fast with nervous apprehension; a cowardly longing for flight seized him.

Then he remembered anew the scene with Lena—the way she had raved at him. He hated to remember it, but it was his only safeguard.

"You shall never marry her—you shall never marry her! she had cried, hysterically, beating her clenched fists on the silken cushions of the couch. I would rather see you dead than married to her!"

And Peter had answered with white lips:—

I never shall marry her—she wouldn't have me if I went on my knees. I tell you I'm nothing to her—nothing—she never gives me a thought! And again her bitter answer:—

"That is what you say! But you can't deceive me. I'll go and see her. How will you like that, Peter eh?"

"Oh Lord, Lord!" ground Peter, as he walked along. The memory seemed to scourage him. He took off his hat and bared his head to the morning breeze. Life had always gone so evenly with him in spite of debt and borrowed money; he was lost in this sudden whirlpool of emotions and perplexities into which he had suddenly precipitated himself. Footsteps sounded behind him—hurrying footsteps that rapidly gained upon him. The road was comparatively quiet. Peter's rooms were but a hundred yards away.

Suddenly a hand was laid on his shoulder—a voice, a familiar voice spoke his name.

"Hallos, Peter! I was just coming round to your rooms.

Peter swung round as if he had been shot, and stared with hard eyes and grim set jaw into the smiling face of Robert Fulton.

(To be continued.)

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Telegrams for Atzilla are subject to long delay and should be accepted at sender's risk (16-6-13).

Prohibition of Cipher or code language applies only to private messages destined for or transiting Bulgaria, except those telegrams exchanged between diplomatic legations (26-7-13).

Telegrams for all places in Equador except Guayqil, Santa Elena and Esmeralds should be accepted at sender's risk. Telegrams for Juan Del Sur in Nicaragua should be accepted without restrictions (31-7-13).

Greek telegraph offices are open for international traffic at Seres, Drama, Cavalla, Demirhissar, Neverokop, Pertrision, Derani in Macedonia. Traffic passes via Syra, Saloniki. Rates are same as for European countries. Telegrams should be accepted at sender's risk (1-8-13).

Albanian office opened at Scutari. Rates same as for Turkey in Europe (5-8-13).

Turkish offices opened at Adrianople, Kirk Killisse, Babuesti and Rodosto at rates applicable to Turkey in Europe (7-8-13).

Until further notice telegrams for Turkey can be accepted if written in plain English, French, Turkish or German only (5-8-13).

Censorship is exercised on all plain telegrams for Venezuela without exception (11-8-13).

Owing to interruption of Yangtse lines telegrams for China coast or countries beyond should not be accepted via Bhamo route until further orders (9-8-13).

Prohibition of cipher and code telegrams to Greece is now withdrawn (16-8-13).

Greek administration notifies that correspondence with Chio, Tenedos, Lemnos, Saloniks, Florina, Koritza, Vodena, Servia, Elassona has been opened via Eastern. (19-12-12)

Bulgarian administrations notify opening to international service Seilingrad (Mustapha Pasha), Gorna (D Joumai) Bala, Lozengadi, Kirk Kilisse, Seres, Demirhissar, Dedeaghadj and Neverokop. Charges for above-mentioned places same as for Europe (19-12-12).

Telegrams in secret language for Crete may now be accepted. This cancels a previous notification issued on 18th October (25-9 13)

From 1st September next deferred foreign telegrams at half rates may be accepted via eastern or Indo for Chili and Peru except wireless offices of latter (29-8-13).

Telegraphic correspondence in secret language with consuls at Adrianople is also prohibited (30-8-13).

Telegrams in code and cipher destined for Roumania or transit Roumania may now be accepted (5 9-13).

Bhamo route to China right (10-9-13).

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Excerpts from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, held on the 2nd Sept.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 29th August 1913.	Total from 1st April to 29th Aug. 1913	For week ending 29th August, 1912.	Total from 1st April to 29th Aug. 1912
Vessels piloted into Harbour.	20	536	23	496
Vessels piloted out of Harbour.	23	537	18	557
Vessels transported	24	549	20	348
Vessels attended to	...	49	...	47
Vessels warped...	...	5	3	28

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H.M. the King of Greece	H.R.H. the Grand Duchess of Hesse
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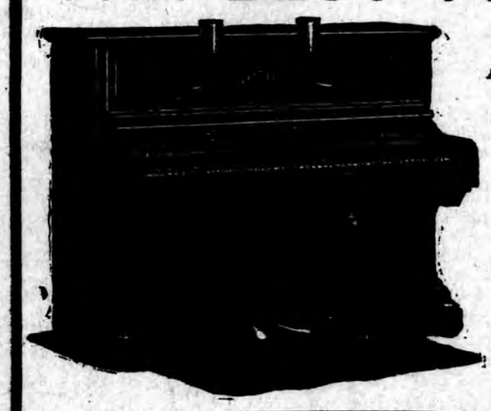

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from any such disease as ECZEMA, SCROFULA, BAD LEGS, ABSCESSES, ULCERS, GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BOILS, PIMPLES, SORES OF ANY KIND, PILES, BLOOD POISON, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, etc., don't waste your time and money on useless lotions and messy ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have to be permanently cured is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poisonous matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

THE WORLD FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER

is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome, and expel from the blood all impurities from whatever cause arising, and by rendering it clean and pure can be relied on to effect a complete and lasting cure.

Here is good proof of its efficacy :—

POISONED FOOT CURED

"Some time ago I had an accident to my left foot (ran a nail into it), it fastered, and got so bad that the doctor was called in and said I had poisoned it. For 3 years I was under different doctors and for one year of the three I only went out in a bath chair. Not only during that time did I entirely lose the little toe of my left foot, but a gaping wound came in the inside of the same foot. It was so bad that when I bathed it I fancied I could see the bones. At last I decided to try 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' and with the end of the second small bottle the discharge had stopped, and within a month I could get my foot to the ground. It is as well now as it ever was, of course, very scarred and a toe short, but I am sure I should have been a foot short had it gone on."

"WORTH £5 A DOSE"

"I also recommended it to a Surgeant's wife at Aldershot, whose husband had an open sore for seven years, the result of a sword thrust in Burma. She said she couldn't get him to try it for a long time, but at last he did, and the wound has completely healed. She told me that often after a long march he has writhed in agony and often fainted. When they were leaving to go to another station he came on purpose to say good-bye and thank me. He said he'd never forget me for being the cause of his trying it, and that it was worth £5 a dose.—Yours truly, (Mrs.) M. Cousins, 187 Twyford avenue, Portsmouth," England.

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

By reason of its wonderful Blood purifying properties

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